

ACSA Baseline Hazard identification risk assessment (HIRA)

Baseline Risk Assessment	
Project Name	THE SUPPLY, FABRICATION AND INSTALLATION OF STRUCTURAL STEEL MASTS, BRACKETS AND ALL RELATED ANCILLARY WORKS AT CAPE TOWN INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT.
Document Number: HIRA 1	Revision Number: 001

1. Risk assessment of the Project

Risk Severity Definition	Description : Consequences (can lead to)...	Examples of what to look out for...
Category A Catastrophic	One or more multiple deaths and complete loss or destruction of equipment	A major accident
Category B Hazardous	Serious injuries or minor equipment damage	Large reduction in safety margins, a reduction in the ability of the operators cannot be relied upon to perform their tasks accurately or completely
Category C Major	Minor injuries or minor equipment damage	A significant reduction in safety margins, a reduction in the ability of the operators to cope with adverse operating conditions as a result of conditions impairing their efficiency.
Category D Minor	Incidents	Operating limitations are breached. Procedures are not used correctly.
Category E Negligible	Negligible or inconvenience	Few consequences, No safety consequences. Nuisance

2. Generic Hazard Assessment of the Project

Likelihood Probability	Description	Examples of what to look out for...
Category 1	Extremely Improbable (Rare)	Almost inconceivable that the event shall occur
Category 2	Improbable (Seldom)	Very unlikely that the event shall occur. It is not known that it has ever occurred before
Category 3	Remote (Unlikely)	Unlikely but could possibly occur. Has occurred rarely.
Category 4	Occasional	Likely to occur sometimes. Has occurred infrequently.
Category 5	Frequent	Likely to occur many times or regularly. Has occurred frequently or regularly

		Catas-trophic	Hazardous	Major	Minor	Negligible
		A	B	C	D	E
Frequent	5	5A	5B	5C	5D	5E
Occasional	4	4A	4B	4C	4D	4E
Remote	3	3A	3B	3C	3D	3E
Improbable	2	2A	2B	2C	2D	2E
Extremely Improbable	1	1A	1B	1C	1D	1E

Required to Complete a Generic Hazard Assessment of the Project

Generic Hazard	Specific component of Hazard	Hazard related consequence	Existing defences to control risk	Safety Risk Index
Site establishment	Delivering of containers and materials; increased vehicle movements and location of services	Operational disruptions, incidents and service disruptions	Site plan location requires prior approval, services to be identified by ACSA representatives and drivers to be competent and vigilant of other road users. Vehicle inspections are to be conducted daily	2D
Site Access	Access is to be controlled and movement of vehicles and staff are to be monitored to reduce impact on operations	Injuries to Airport users, traffic build up, operational delays, vehicle incidents	Site is to be access controlled. All visitors to site are to report to the site office. Entrance to site camp is to be kept clean, swept after truck deliveries to minimize impact to operations.	2D
Persons on airside	Accidents and injuries	Injury to persons/Fatality	All staff wishing to work on the Airside are to go for Airside induction training. These staff members are to have valid Permits with them at all times. Personal protective equipment required for Airside includes but is not limited to high visibility jackets (as per the procedure, hearing protection, safety shoes & hard hats (if required). An airside safety plan must be submitted before commencement of work.	3A

Vehicles on airside	Accidents and injuries	Damage to aircraft/vehicles/property/persons	All vehicles operating on the Airside are to be fitted with a strobe light, appropriate signage in the form of a prefix, have the necessary vehicle permit in place, to be fitted with a fire extinguisher and is to be serviceable. Vehicles are to be checked by Airside Safety prior to be granted Airside access	4A
Driving on airside	Incidents	Damage to aircraft/ vehicles/property/ persons	Airside induction is required for all persons entering the Airside. For persons wishing to drive on the Airside Service Road an AVOP 2 permit is required. Where work is to be conducted on the Airfield, then contractors are required to be under escorts or have undergone Radio Licence training and be in the possession of an AVOP 3 permit. The speed limit on the Apron Service Roads is 30km/h, 15km/h at the back of stand and 60km/h on the Perimeter Road. During period of Low Visibility (LVP) will be effected and no vehicular movements are allowed on the Airfield. Low visibility procedures will be in place	4A
Driving on runways and taxiways without permission	Incursion (include definition)	Collision with aircraft/property damage or fatality/ies	Runway and taxiway markings are indicated as per ICAO Annex 14. Permission is required from Air Traffic Control when crossing runways and taxiways. Signage indicating movement areas are painted on the ground or by means of illuminated signage boxes. Only persons in possession of a valid Airside Vehicle Operators Permit with the necessary radio licence (Partac training) will be permitted to drive in restricted areas. Vehicles under escort must follow at reasonable distance.	3A

Noise	Health Risks	Noise induced hearing loss	Baseline and annual audiograms are to be conducted. Contractors are to implement a hearing conservation programme and issue staff with hearing protection and provide the necessary training in this regard. Contractors to identify noisy operations in passenger areas and are to conduct noise generating operations at off peak times were possible or if unavoidable with ACSA's Project Leaders written permission.	3B
Jet blast	Potential injuries and property	Damage to vehicles/property/persons	Signage warning against jetblast is installed at high-risk areas. Risks associated with jetblast are covered during Airside Induction Training. Caution to be taken around aircraft when the anti-collision lights are activated in the Apron bays. 75 meter clearance behind aircraft to be observed to prevent jetblast. Contractors to be aware of aircraft movements	4C
Perimeter fence breach	Security risk	National Key Point Violation	Access and egress points are strictly enforced. Contractors are only to use the entry points as provided by the ACSA Project Leader. No materials are to be stored within 3meter of the perimeter fence.	3B
Crane operations	Height of crane	Flight path obstruction/collision with aircraft	30 meter height restriction procedure – refer to Airfield Operation Department for further information	2A
Weather	Adverse weather conditions	Damage to aircraft/vehicles/equipment	Weather warnings are issued by the Airside Safety Department as and when required. All equipment on the Airside is to be secured	4A

Construction works	Foreign Object Debris (FOD)	Ingestion into aircraft engine	Airside induction is required for all staff working on the Airside, FOD bins are to be used for any FOD found lying on the ground. All waste to be secured to prevent it from becoming airborne (refer to Environmental Terms and Conditions)	4B
Construction works	Working at Height	Injury /fatality	Fall protection plan to be devised by the contractors in line with the Construction Regulations 2014. Rescue plans are to be included	3A
Construction works	Storage of hazardous chemicals substances	Contamination/fire/ injury to persons/ environmental impact	ACSA's Environmental terms and conditions are to be adhered to. All relevant legislation and bylaws are to be adhered to. All necessary permits are to be applied for by the contractor such as transport permits, possession permits and flammable certificates. ACSA Environment and Fire and Rescue to be notified where a spill occurs.	4B
Construction works	Waste	Attracts rodents and birds which leads to bird strikes and adds to FOD	Waste management to be implemented in line with ACSA's Environmental Terms and Conditions	4B
Construction works	Spillages (fuels/oils/hydraulics/chemicals/human waste)	Contamination/ Pollution/injury to persons/adverse health effects	ACSA's Environmental terms and conditions and applicable legislative controls are to be adhered to. ACSA Environment and Fire and Rescue to be notified where a spill occurs	4B
Construction works	Dust	Damage to aircraft//injury to persons/adverse health effects/	Dust suppression measures are to be implemented and PPE used where required	4A

Construction works/ Trenching	Damage to underground services. Interruption of critical services	Electrocution, loss of critical services, damage to property, major injuries, aircraft diversions	Consult as-built plans. Scan area before trenching. Trenching to be done under competent supervision.	4A
Delivery of materials	Falling materials or stones or sand	Vehicle/pedestrian accidents	Materials are to be delivered within specified time frames, flagman to be utilised during deliveries, load limitations to be observed, netting is to be used, contractors to clean road after deliveries	4E
Lack of signage – warning signs	Injuries and accidents	Injuries and accidents	Contractors to install sufficient demarcations around construction sites along with the necessary warning signs and beacon lights (refer to Construction Regulations and Traffic Act) No signs are to be removed without prior permission and notification. Temporary way finding signage is required if signage has been disturbed	2D
Road crossing Central Boulevard	Not using the tunnel for crossing	Vehicle and pedestrian accidents	Contractor staff are to cross the Boulevard via the North or South tunnels	4B
Waste management	Environmental impact	Illegal dumping	Temporary laydown areas to be identified and no illegal dumping is permitted.	3C
Trolleys	Damaging trolleys through misuse	Injuries and property damage	Contractors to provide their own trolleys. ACSA's trolleys are for passenger use only	5D
Golf carts	Misuse of golf carts	Injuries and property damage	Contractor staff to be aware of golf cart movements on the Landside. Golf cart use for airport users only and not for contractor use for transporting materials. Golf cart operate in predetermined routes – contractors to be aware thereof	3D

Fire equipment	Use and abuse of fire equipment	Injuries and property damage	Fire equipment is only to be used during emergencies. Contractors to provide their own fire equipment. No materials to be stored in ACSA fire cabinets. Emergency exits are to be kept clear at all times	2B
Unattended bags	Security risk	injuries/fatality to Airport users/stakeholders/ACSA employees. Bomb threat- damage to property, vehicle. Operational disruptions	Contractors are not permitted to leave bags unattended as they will be removed and will be handed to SAPS	5C
Speed limits	Car accidents	Injuries and vehicle damage	Speed limits on the Central Boulevard and Elevated Road are 40km/h, exiting the road networks is 50km/h, Tower Road is 50km/h and Freight Road is 50km/h. Speed humps are installed along Tower Road and Freight Road to reduce speeding	3C
Deliveries	Elevated Road	Disrupt traffic flow and passenger movements	No trucks allowed, deliveries to be done via North or South Delivery Yards, delivery notes are required and delivery times are to be specified.	2C
Overhead works	Falling items	Injuries, vehicles, property damage	Fall protection plan required as per the Construction Regulations 2014.	5C
General housekeeping	Damage to escalators	Injuries, property damages	Escalators are not be used to transport heavy items in the Parkade	4C