

# ETHEKWINI MUNICIPALITY Occupational Health & Safety Unit

# Site Specific Health and Safety Specification in terms of 2014 Construction Regulations 5.1(b)

Document Title	Site Specific Health and Safety Specification
Client	eThekwini Municipality – Water and Sanitation
Project Name	Design, supply and installation of alternative on- site sanitation technology to replace pit toilets within the eThekwini Municipal area
Contract Number	34026-5W
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Revision Number	SSHSS 462/11/2025

# PROJECT LOCALITY

N/A

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# 1. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Design, supply and installation of alternative on-site sanitation technology to replace pit toilets within the eThekwini Municipal area

# 2. LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY

The Principal Contractor shall enter into a Mandatary Agreement with the Client, as defined in Section 37(2) of the Occupational Health and Safety ACT.

The Principal Contractor shall ensure that each contractor appointed by the Principal Contractor and each sub-contractor appointed by a contractor also into a Mandatory Agreement with the Principal Contractor, as defined in Section 37(2) of the Occupational Health and Safety ACT. These agreements shall be included in the Principal Contractor's H&S File on site and be valid for the duration of the contractors' work on the construction site

# 3. PURPOSE OF THE CONSTRUCTION H&S SPECIFICATION

This document defines the minimum management requirement that is to be implemented by the Principal Contractor/Contractor for the management of Health and Safety on any eThekwini Municipality project.

The aim of this document is to present the health and safety aspects that need to be controlled and managed on the project.

This Health and Safety specification identifies and encompasses the working behaviours and safe work practices that are expected of all employees, Vendors and Contractors, Sub-Contractors and Visitors, engaged on construction site. Providing a guideline to comply with best Health & Safety practices and the Occupational Health and Safety Act85/1993 as amended, including reference to applicable legislative requirement.

# 4. PROJECT HEALTH AND SAFETY COST

The Client must ensure that potential Principal Contractor submitting tenders have made adequate provision for the cost of health and safety measures. The Principal Contractor shall allow in their cost provision for complying with the requirements of this Client Health and Safety Specification; resources for the following H&S controls shall be in place.

	H&S cost item	Description
1.	Full /Part time safety officer	Full/Part time attendance on site of a SACPCMP registered safety officer from the start of construction until the end of project handover
2.	First Aiders	First Aid training
3.	Competent inspectors (trained, certified, competent)	Statutory inspections of excavations, temporary works, fire extinguishers, lifting equipment, lifting machinery, construction vehicles and mobile plant, portable electrical equipment, Electrical Installation Controller etc.
4	Medical certificate of fitness	Medical examination of all employees and certification of fitness by an Occupational Medicine Practitioner Pre- employment and annual
5	PPE	Standards set for all employees Including community and environment
6	Dust mitigation	To reduce dust exposure to the employees and the public
7	Public protection and barricading	Barricading, shoring and notices
8	Employee facilities	Refer to the Facilities Regulations (drinking water, change facility, personal lockers, and wash facilities, eating facilities, ablution toilets)
9	Traffic management	Traffic controller's training and traffic signage
10	Signage	All construction safety signage required for the project
11	Other	

# 5. SCOPE OF WORK

The works will broadly include but not limited to:

#### **PSLD SEWERS**

# **PSLD-1 SCOPE**

This Specification shall be expanded to cover the installation of all pipes, valves and structures (manholes etc) as well as other effluent and water reticulation system works. The cleaning by jetting of existing pipelines and the provision of a new 100kl tank are also covered.

#### **PSLD-3 MATERIALS**

# PSLD-3.1 Pipes, Filling & Pipe Joints

# PSLD-3.1.5 uPVC pipes shall be heavy duty class 34 pipes

# • Add the following:

#### PSLD-3.1.8 HDPE Pipes

High density Polyethylene pipes and fittings shall be of High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) and comply with the relevant requirements of SABS ISO 4427.

All piping shall be **HDPE PE 100** of the class specified unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. The connection system between pipe lengths shall be compression fittings, butt fusion welds or electro fusion couplings meeting with the approval of the Engineer. Couplings and pipes shall be by the same manufacturer. The Contractor shall include the cost of these joints in the pipework item.

Storage and handling of the pipe shall be in accordance with the Manufacturer's recommendation. Care is to be taken that pipes are not dragged across the ground and damaged.

PE100 shall be black and shall contain the necessary density of pigmentation to provide protection against ultra violet radiation.

Unless stated otherwise on the drawings, all pipe flanges, including black finish hexagon bolted polyethylene flanges shall be protected by Denso paste, Denso mastic or Denso tape, or equivalent, or shall be stainless steel.

No metal whatsoever shall be used below ground without the Engineer's specific approval.

# PSLD-8 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

# **PSLD 8.2.1** Supply, Lay and Bed Pipes Complete with Couplings

In addition to the requirements of Clause LD.8.2.1 the rate tendered shall include for any joints, welding, bends and special fittings (excluding valves) required and their jointing and bedding.

An allowance is to be included in the rate tendered for each billed item of pipework to supply and install the pipework system, as required by the Engineer. Fittings in excess of those specified would be paid for separately.

Connection into any existing pipework is to be included in the rate.

# PSLD.8.2.14 Cleaning of existing sewers by pressure jetting

The rate tendered shall include for all plant, labour and materials to clean existing sewer (leachate and sewage) piping of between 110mm to 305mm nominal diameter inclusive, primarily using approved pressure jetting equipment or other approved means, including emptying / de silting etc at the manholes. The rate shall include for all removed material to be disposed of on the landfill as indicated.

# 6. COMPENSATION FOR OCCUPATIONAL INJURIES AND DISEASES ACT

The Principal Contractor, each contractor and each sub-contractor shall submit proof of Good Standing with COIDA Commissioner or a Mutual Association licensed in terms of Section 30 of COIDA, prior to starting any work on site.

A copy of the Letter of Good Standing with COIDA Commissioner must be included in the H&S Plan of each contractor working on the site and must remain updated for the duration of the construction work.

# 7. APPLICATION FOR CONSTRUCTION WORK PERMIT

The Principal Contractor shall assist the Client in compiling the evidence required by the Department of Labour for the issuing of the Construction Work Permit.

The Principal Contractor shall ensure that the H&S Plan presented for approvals includes:

- Evidence that the Principal Contractor made adequate provision for the cost of H&S measures
- Evidence that the Principal Contractor has the necessary competencies and resources to carry out the construction work safely.
- A copy of the Letter of appointment of the Construction Manager in terms of CR 8(1) + proof of his qualification, competence and registration where applicable.
- Proof of the registration of the Principal Contractors Health & Safety officer with the SACPCMP.

The Principal Contractor shall display the work permit number at the main site entrance. This display must be conspicuous to the satisfaction of the Department of Labor. The permit must be noticeable.

The construction works can only commence once the construction work permit is issued by the Department of Labor.

#### 8. MANAGEMENT AND SUPERVISION OF CONSTRUCTION WORK

# 8.1 Construction Manager

The Principal Contractor shall appoint a full-time competent person as the construction manager with the duty of managing all construction on the site including the duty of ensuring occupational health and safety compliance.

The Construction Manager must demonstrate competency in relation to work being performed and the ability to manage construction work which may include making all statutory appointments in terms of health and safety.

# 8.2 Construction Health and Safety Officer

The Principal Contractor shall appoint a full-time competent Construction health and Safety Officer for the construction work. The Construction Safety Officer shall be full on the construction site for this project.

The Safety Officer shall be registered with the South African Council for the Projects and Construction Management Professions. Proof of competence and registration of the appointed Construction Safety Officer must be included in the H&S Plan.

# 8.3 Construction Supervisor

A Construction Manager must in writing appoint construction supervisors responsible for construction activities and ensuring occupational health and safety compliance on the construction site. A contractor must, upon having considered the size of the project, in writing appoint one or more competent employees for different sections thereof to assist the construction supervisor contemplated in sub regulation (7), and every such employee has, to the extent clearly defined by the contractor in the letter of appointment, the same duties as the construction supervisor: Provided that the designation of any such employee does not relieve the construction supervisor of any personal accountability for failing in his or her supervisory duties in terms of this regulation.

# 9. PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR'S HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

The Principal Contractor shall submit a suitable, sufficiently documented and coherent specific health and safety plan based on the Client documented Health and Safety Specification. The health and safety plan shall include but not limited to the following

- Objectives
- Scope of work
- Management of construction and supervision
- Monitoring and review plan
- Sub-contractor management
- Risk Assessment & Written Safe Working Procedures
- Roof work planning/ methodology
- Incident Management & First Aid
- Emergency procedures/ plan
- Fire Prevention & Protection
- Public Health and Safety
- PPE Provision
- Health & Safety Signage
- Excavations
- Structures
- Site establishment
- Soil poisoning
- Existing services
- Construction Vehicles and Mobile Plants

- Hand & Electrical Tool Management
- Construction Employees Facilities
- Health & Safety Policies
- Health and Safety Training & Competencies
- Housekeeping
- Hazardous Chemicals
- Inductions
- Medicals
- Site Security
- Stacking and Storage
- Internal and external Audit
- Inspection Registers
- Toolbox Talks
- Site Establishment

# 10. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION AND RISK ASSESSMENT

The Principal Contractor shall before commencement of any construction and during such construction works have risk assessments performed by appointed competent person in writing which forms part of the health and safety plan to be applied.

The provisions of Regulation 9 of the Construction Regulations shall be followed in every detail.

# 11. HEALTH AND SAFETY FILE

The Client must discuss and negotiate with a Principal Contractor the content of the Health and Safety Plan and thereafter finally approve the Health and Safety plan for implementation. The recommended Health and Safety file shall include the following:

- Client Health & Safety Specification
- Principal Contractor Health & Safety Plan
- Letter of good standing
- Section 37.2 Mandatory Agreement
- Contractor appointment letter in terms of CR 5.1(k)
- Legal appointments and competencies (Site manager, Site supervisor, Safety officer, Risk assessor, Incident investigator, Fall protection planner, Temporary work designer, Temporary work supervisor, Electrical installation supervisor)
- Risk Assessments as per scope of work
- Written Safe Working Procedures as per risk assessment
- Incident/Accident Management Procedures
- Award letter from SCM

- Organogram as per appointments
- Copy of OHS Act and COID Act
- Environmental Management Procedures (Dumpsite, Water provision, Ablution, Waste management, Concrete works, Refuelling and spillage management, Hazardous chemicals storage and disposal, Environmental awareness training, No Go Areas, Protection of animals, Site demarcation etc.)
- Health and Safety Induction programme
- Emergency Procedures/ Plan
- Medical Fitness Certificate (Safety Officer, Site manager and Supervisor)
- Toolbox Talks Programme/ Plan
- SHE Policy
- Corona Virus

# 12. HEALTH AND SAFETY REPRESENTATIVES AND COMMITTEE

# Health and Safety Representatives

- The Principal Contractor shall ensure that Health and Safety Representatives are appointed in writing and exercise their functions as defined in OHSA.
- The Principal Contractor shall elect and appoint a health and safety representative regardless of the number of employees on the site.
- The H&S representative shall at all times be on site and report to the Health and Safety Officer and Construction Manager.

# Health and Safety Committee

- The Principal Contractor shall ensure that the H&S committee meets on a monthly basis
- The Principal Contractor's management and each contractor shall be represented at the H&S committee meeting; contractors with more than 20 employees shall have an H&S representative at each committee meeting and each contractor shall have a management member attending each H&S committee meeting.

#### 13. CLOSE- OUT CONSOLIDATED HEALTH AND SAFETY FILE

The Principal Contractor shall compile a consolidated H&S file and hand over to the Water and Sanitation Unit – Prior Road. OHS Unit will conduct a project close out using the appropriate checklist before the completion of the project.

#### 14. HEALTH AND SAFETY TRAINING

The Principal Contractor shall ensure that employees are trained on health and safety measures this shall include but not limited to:

- Written Safe Working Procedures
- Risk Assessments
- Health and Safety Plan
- Emergency Management Plan
- Induction
- Toolbox Talks
- MSDS

#### 15. INCIDENTS MANAGEMENT & FIRST AID

All incidents and accidents as per Section of the Act must be reported, recorded and investigated as per General Administration Regulation 8 & 9

Where a fatality or permanent disabling injury or incident occurs on the Construction site, the Client must ensure that the Principal Contractor provides the Provincial Director with a report contemplated in Section 24 of the Act and the report includes the measures that the Principal Contractor intends to implement to ensure a safe construction site.

# 16. HEALTH AND SAFETY AUDITS

The Client must ensure that periodic health and safety audits are conducted at intervals mutually agreed upon between the Principal Contractor and the Client at least every 30 days, the copy of the health and safety audit report must be provided to the Principal Contractor within seven days after the audit.

#### 17. FIRE PRECAUTIONS ON CONSTRUCTION SITE

The Principal Contractor shall provide suitable fire extinguishers which shall be serviced regularly in accordance with the manufacture's recommendations.

Safety signage shall be prominently displayed in all areas where fire extinguishers are located. The Principal Contractor shall arrange for training of the relevant personnel, in the use of fire extinguishers.

The provisions of Regulation 29 of the Construction Regulations as well as Regulation 9 of Environmental Regulation for Workplaces shall be followed in every detail.

#### 18. ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS AND MACHINERY ON CONSTRUCTION SITE.

The Principal Contractor shall designate a competent electrician in writing who shall control all electrical installations.

All temporary electrical installations used by the contractor are inspected at least once a week by a competent person and the inspection findings are recorded in a register kept on the construction site.

All Electrical machinery is inspected by the authorized operator or user on daily basis using a relevant checklist prior to use and the inspection findings are recorded in a register kept on the construction site.

The provisions of Regulation 5, 6 & 9 of the Electrical Installation Regulations shall be followed in every detail.

# 19. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

The Principal Contractor shall ensure that every employee is issued with, and wears SANS-approved P.P.E. as per the conducted risk assessment.

Failure to use protective equipment as per the risk assessment shall require disciplinary intervention and this process shall be documented in the induction.

No employer shall in respect of anything which he is in terms of this Act required to provide or to do in the interest of health or safety of an employee make any deductions from any employee's remuneration or require or permit any employee to make any payment to him or to any other person.

The provisions of Regulation 2 of the General Safety Regulations shall be followed in every detail.

# 20. OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY SIGNAGE

The Principal Contractor shall erect and maintain quality safety signage

The signage shall include but is not limited to:

- The construction work permit number displayed at the entrance
- Access restrictions

- A sign indicating that all visitors must report to the site office and must be accompanied by the Principal Contractor when accessing the site
- The name and telephone number of the responsible person(s)
- Emergency telephone number(s)
- PPE to be worn at the particular site
- When falling objects may occur, relevant barricading and warning signs must be erected
- Excavations, heights structures, temporary structures and all risk areas must be indicated as per the specific methods defined in the H&S Plan.

# 21. DUTIES OF PRINCIPAL CONTRACTORS AND CONTRACTORS

Contractors and sub-contractors must be given a copy of the H&S specification and any additional specification issued by the Client and shall comply with these specifications integrally. All employers working on the site shall conform to the standard in the CHSS. All the duties of the Principal Contractor in this CHSS equally apply, in full, to contractors of such Principal Contractor and to sub-contractors of such contractors.

The Principal Contractor shall ensure that the comprehensive and updated list of all the contractors and sub-contractors on site includes:

- A reference to the agreements between the parties, including all contractors Section 37(2) agreements with the Principal Contractor
- The type of work being done
- The date of the approval of the H&S Plan
- The date of expiry of the COIDA certificate of good standing
- The date of the last monthly audit

The provisions of Regulation 7 of the Construction Regulations shall be followed in every detail.

#### 22. FALL PROTECTION AND WORKING IN FALL RISK POSITIONS

The Principal Contractor shall ensure that the fall protection plan include a risk assessment for all work carried out from the fall risk position and the safe work procedures.

All employees working from fall risk position are subject to medical examination. The Training Programme must be in place for employees working from a fall risk position. The procedures addressing the inspection, testing and maintenance of all fall risk protection equipment. The rescue plan detailing procedure, personnel and suitable equipment to be used to rescue a person. The Principal Contractor must that a

competent person is designated to be responsible for the preparation of the fall protection plan.

The provisions of Regulation 10 of the Construction Regulations shall be followed in every detail.

# 23. EXCAVATION

The Principal Contractor must ensure that all excavation work is carried out under the supervision of a competent person who has been appointed in writing for that purpose.

The Principal Contractor shall take cognizance of the geotechnical study pertaining to the conditions of the construction site and must plan all excavation work in accordance with the recommendations of the professional engineer.

The Principal Contractor must ensure that every excavation, including all bracing and shoring, is inspected daily, prior to the commencement of each shift and that no person enters the excavation or works in a risk zone until the excavation is assessed and declared safe.

All excavations must be left open for the minimum of time required and those that are left open on the site must be protected by a barrier or a fence of at least one meter in height as close to the excavation as is practicable. The protective barrier or fence must adequately prevent persons from falling into the excavation and barrier taping is not sufficient for this purpose

Excavation shoring and bracing, if required shall be designed by a designer appointed in writing who shall inspect and approve the installed shoring and bracing

Where persons work, inspect or test excavations, warning signs must be in place next to an excavation

The provisions of Regulation 13 of the Construction Regulations shall be followed in every detail.

# 24. PUBLIC HEALTH AND SAFETY

The site shall always be secured to prevent the unauthorized access of persons to construction risk areas.

Appropriate health and safety signage shall be posted and access control to site must be exercised via a single access point.

All members entering the site must indicate in what capacity them visiting the site.

The access point must be designed and constructed to allow for temporary parking, entry of construction vehicles, entry of personnel transport vehicles and entry of individual workers and other persons.

The principal Contractor shall ensure that each person visiting the site shall be inducted to the site and such abridged induction shall outline the hazards from on-site activities and the precautions to be observed to avoid or minimize those risks

Visitors must only enter when accompanied by a responsible person designated by the Principal Contractor.

# 25. NIGHT; WEEK –END WORK

No night or weekend work shall be performed unless authorized by the Principal Agent or Lead Engineers

Where weekend work is planned the Principal Contractor shall ensure that its construction supervisor is on site, this applies even if only contractors or sub-contractors are working on the site

Where weekend work is planned each contractor or sub-contractor shall ensure that its construction supervisor is on site, this applies even if the Principal Contractor's manager or supervisor is on the site.

# 26. CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYEES FACILITIES

The Principal Contractor shall provide at or within reasonable access of every construction site, the following clean, hygienic and maintained facilities:

- (a) Shower facilities after consultation with the employees or employees representatives, or at least one shower facility for every 15 persons;
- (b) at least one sanitary facility for each sex and for every 30 workers;
- (c) changing facilities for each sex; and
- (d) sheltered eating areas.

The provisions of Regulation 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9 of the Facilities Regulations shall be followed in every detail.

# 27. CRANES AND LIFTING OPERATIONS

The Principal Contractor must unsure the cranes used are: Are designed and erected under the supervision of a competent person; A relevant risk assessment and method statement are developed and applied; The effects of wind forces on the crane are taken into consideration and that a wind speed device is fitted that provides the operator with an audible warning when the wind speed exceeds the design engineer's specification; The bases for tracks for rail-mounted tower cranes are firm, level and secured; The tower crane operators are competent to carry out the work safely; and The tower crane operators have a medical certificate of fitness to work in such an environment, issued by an occupational health practitioner in the form of Annexure 3

# 28. STORAGE AND USE OF FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

No flammable substances must be stored on site unless these are stored in a flammable store or cabinet approved by the Municipal Chief Fire Officer, no other materials shall be stored in the flammable store or cabinet

Where required the H&S Plan shall include a method statement detailing the safe use, storage, decanting and spill controls for all flammable liquids used and stored on site.

The provisions of Regulation 25 of the Construction Regulations shall be followed in every detail.

# 29. HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL SUBSTANCE

With respect to hazardous chemical substances used, the contractor shall ensure that:

- All MSDS are included in the H&S File
- A HCS risk assessment is included in the H&S Plan
- The safe use, storage, emergency procedures and safe disposal of hazardous substances are addressed in a method statement(s) included in the H&S Plan.
- Proof of competency and signed letters of appointment of the person responsible for chemical handling is included in the H&S File.

Any hazardous chemical substance intended to be applied on site during the project (i.e. after approval of the H&S Plan) shall be subject to an issue-based risk assessment and method statement which must be presented to the Client Agent prior to the substance being introduced on site.

The provisions of Regulation 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 9A, 10, 11, 14, 15 of the Hazardous Chemical Substances Regulations shall be followed in every detail.

# 30. EXPLOSIVE FASTENING DEVICE

The principal Contractor shall submit proof of competency and the appointment letter of the person in charge of explosives actuating fastening devices and of the person in charge of the issuing and collection of cartridges and nails. This shall be placed in the H&S Plan.

The H&S Plan shall include the method statement for the safe use of explosives actuating fastening devices including the type PPE, barricading and warning notice which the Contractor intends to use and the method of accounting for cartridges and nails.

The H&S Plan shall include proof of training and competency of all operators using explosive actuating fastening devices.

A template inspection register of explosive actuating fastening device shall be included in the H&S Plan.

A template record for the issuing and collection of cartridges and nails shall be included in the H&S Plan.

For the purpose of acquisition / transport of the cartridges the Principal Contractor is required to hold a permit in terms of the Explosive's Act. This permit for the transportation of Blank cartridges used in Power-Actuated Tools shall be placed in the H&S Plan:

- Application for registration, licenses and permits must be submitted by the Chief Inspectors Office in Pretoria.
- The Principal Contractor is required to be in possession of a continuous transport license but is not required in terms of the Explosives Act to hold a permit for the use of the blank cartridges.
- Once the cartridges are delivered to the appointed responsible person is then
  required to ensure that the Regulations governing the safe use of explosive
  powered tools in terms of the Construction Regulation 21 of the Occupational
  Health and Safety Act, Act 85 of 1993 are complied with.

The provisions of Regulation 21 of the Construction Regulations shall be followed in every detail.

# 31. HOUSEKEEPING AND GENERAL SAFEGUARDING ON CONSTRUCTION SITE

The Principal Contractor shall appoint a person responsible for general housekeeping and stacking and storage of materials and equipment on the entire site.

The provisions of Regulation 27 of the Construction Regulations shall be followed in every detail.

# 32. CONSTRUCTION MEDICALS

A Principal Contractor must ensure that all his or her employees have a valid medical certificate of fitness specific to the construction work to be performed and issued by an Occupational Health Practitioner in the form of Annexure 3.

# 33. STACKING AND STORAGE ON CONSTRUCTION SITE

A Principal Contractor must, in addition to compliance with the provisions for the stacking of articles in the General Safety Regulations, 2003, ensure that—

A competent person is appointed in writing with the duty of supervising all stacking and storage on a construction site; Adequate storage areas are provided; There are demarcated storage areas; and storage areas are kept neat and under control.

# 34. INDUCTION AND TOOLBOX PROGRAMME

No contractor may allow or permit any employee or person to enter any site, unless that employee or person has undergone health and safety induction training pertaining to the hazards prevalent on the site at the time of entry.

A contractor must ensure that all visitors to a construction site undergo health and safety

induction pertaining to the hazards prevalent on the site and must ensure that such visitors have

the necessary personal protective equipment.

A contractor must at all times keep on his or her construction site records of the health and safety induction training contemplated in sub-regulation (6) and such records must be made

available on request to an inspector, the client, the client's agent or the principal contractor. The Principal Contractor must ensure that the toolbox talks are conducted on weekly basis and the training records kept on the safety file

# 35. STRUCTURES

A contractor must ensure that all reasonably practicable steps are taken to prevent the uncontrolled collapse of any new or existing structure or any part thereof, which may become unstable or is in a temporary state of weakness or instability due to the carrying out of construction work; *No* structure or part of a structure is loaded in a manner which would render it unsafe; All drawings pertaining to the design of the relevant structure are

kept on	site and a	are availabl	e on request to	o an inspector,	, other co	ntractors,	the c	lient
and the	client's a	gent or em	oloyee.					

# DESIGNER COMMENTS ON HEALTH AND SAFETY SPECIFICATION

# Designer's Health and Safety Checklist

Name and address of Project_	
_	

Item and Legal Reference	Y/N	Comment
CR 6(1) (a)		
Has the designer familiarized himself with the		
Construction Regulations 2014 (particularly Regulation 6) and the Safety Standards incorporated into these Regulations?		
CR 6(1) (b)		
During the design stage, was the Client's Health and Safety Specifications given due consideration?		
The structural design aspects that could have an effect on the pricing of construction work?		
The geotechnical-science aspects?		
The weight which the structure is designed to safely withstand?		
CR 6(1)(d)		
Has the designer communicated all known and		
anticipated hazards and risks associated with the construction of the designed structure?		
Furthermore, has the safe method statement been developed to ensure that construction work is safely executed?		
CR 6 (1) (e)		
As far as is reasonably practicable, are the dangerous processes and materials been eliminated or replaced in the design?		

CR 6(1) (f)				
Has due consideration been taken during the design				
stage, for the safe maintenance of the structure after				
its completion?				
CR 6 (g-i)				
Is the designer aware of his/her responsibility to carry				
Is the designer aware of his/her responsibility to carry out periodic site inspections to ensure that the				
structure is constructed correctly in accordance with				
the design?				
CR 6(1) (j)				
Have all ergonomic hazards been considered for the				
lifecycle of the structure (i.e. during construction and				
after completion)?				
(Please ensure that the checklist is completed in full particularly)	ticularly t	the comments column)		
(Fieuse ensure that the encekhist is completed in run par	cicularly	the comments columny		
Name of Designer				
Designer's Title (e.g. Engineer, Architect)				
Signature				
Date				
Received by (Principal contractor):				
Signature:				
Date:				
Date:				