

Ref: CSS 5/11/1

Enq: Mr. J Mashinini/Mr. T Mkhari Tel Number: (012) 309-3045/3011

Dear Sir / Madam

### BID NUMBER: DOT/20/2022/RT

- The Department of Transport requires the service as described per attached bid invitation and you are requested to complete the bidding documents and to submit it in accordance with the under mentioned stipulations:
  - The bid must be submitted in a sealed envelope with the name and address of the bidder with the number and closing date indicated on the envelope. The envelope must not contain documents relating to any bid other than that shown on the cover of the envelope;
  - Bids submitted per post must be sent per registered mail. The bid must still reach this office before the closing time. Couriered bid documents must be received before the closing date and time failure to do so may invalidate the bid:
  - The attached forms, if completed in detail and returned, will form part of your bid; and
  - Prices must be VAT inclusive and all other expenses/disbursements, and be valid for a period of at least **120 days** from closing date.
  - Bidders must submit one (1) original hard copy of the Technical proposal inside an envelope marked "Technical proposal" and four PDF format CD's of the technical proposal, and one (1) Original hard copy of the financial proposal inside market "Financial proposal" on the closing date. If Bidders are not sure of the two envelope separation submission requirements kindly contact the administrative contacts on SBD 3.3 to avoid being disqualified.
- 2 You are advised to acquaint yourself with the contents of the attached general conditions of contract and the checklist.
- 3 It will be expected of the successful bidder to sign a formal contract at this office within seven (7) days after receiving a letter of acceptance.

4 Kindly take note that this is a two-envelope system (Technical and Financial) proposals must be marked and put in separate envelopes). Annexure A which will be for Technical proposal and Annexure B for Financial proposal. Bids that do not comply with a two-envelope system will be disqualified.

Kind Regards

DIRECTOR GENERAL: TRANSPORT

DATE: 12/01/2022

CHECKLIST: DOT/20/2022/RT: TERMS OF REFERENCES FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF A SERVICE PROVIDER/CONSULTANT TO REVIEW MANDATES, OVERLAPING OF FUNCTIONS AND ASSESS THE EFFECTICTIVE OF ALL ROAD TRANSPORT ENTITIES LEGISLATION AND TO REVIEW AND STREAMLINE THE NATIONAL ROAD TRAFFIC ACT,1996 (ACT NO.93 OF 1996) AND THE NATIONAL ROAD TRAFFIC REGULATIONS (IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REVIEWED PROPOSALS) AND TO ADVISE ON BEST PRACTICE IN RELATION TO RATIONALISATION OF THE ROAD TRANSPORT ENTITIES

NB	SERVICE PROVIDERS MUST INDICATE WITH A TICK	YES	NO
1	Did you take note that bids submitted per mail must be sent per registered mail and reach the Department in time to be deposited in the Tender Box before the closing date and time?		
2	Are you familiar with the contents of the SBD 1 Form? Did your authorised official complete and sign the SBD 1 Form?		
3	Did you submit an <b>original and valid Tax Clearance Certificate</b> ? In bids where consortia/joint venture/sub- contractors are involved; <b>each party must submit a separate Tax Clearance Certificate</b> (paragraph 4 of the SBD 2 form)		
4	Please note that SBD 1 and 3.3 must form part of the financial proposal. (The envelope must be marked Financial proposal)		
5	Is the SBD 6.1 Form completed and signed? In bids where consortia /joint ventures sub-contractors are involved, both parties must submit one B-BBEE Status Level Verification Certificate.		
6	Have you taken note of the General Conditions of Contract and signed the bottom of each page thereof?		
7	Is your bid/proposal complete and responsive in all respects to the specifications/terms of reference?		
8	Please note that late bids will not be considered.		
9	CSD registration report is attached, and all companies forming a JV/Consortium/Subcontract submitted their CSD report?		

	ame)the above-mentioned checklist and have therein.
Signature	Date
Position	Name of Bidder

# 4 ANNEXURE

# PROPOSALS FCHNICA

### TAX CLEARANCE CERTIFICATE REQUIREMENTS

It is a condition of bld that the taxes of the successful bidder <u>must</u> be in order, or that satisfactory arrangements have been made with South African Revenue Service (SARS) to meet the bidder's tax obligations.

- In order to meet this requirement bidders are required to complete in full the attached form TCC 001 "Application for a Tax Clearance Certificate" and submit it to any SARS branch office nationally. The Tax Clearance Certificate Requirements are also applicable to foreign bidders / individuals who wish to submit bids.
- SARS will then furnish the bidder with a Tax Clearance Certificate that will be valid for a period of 1 (one) year from the date of approval.
- The original Tax Clearance Certificate must be submitted together with the bid. Failure to submit the original and valid Tax Clearance Certificate will result in the invalidation of the bid. Certified copies of the Tax Clearance Certificate will not be acceptable.
- In bids where Consortia / Joint Ventures / Sub-contractors are involved, each party must submit a separate Tax Clearance Certificate.
- Copies of the TCC 001 "Application for a Tax Clearance Certificate" form are available from any SARS branch office nationally or on the website <a href="https://www.sars.cov.za">www.sars.cov.za</a>.
- Applications for the Tax Clearance Certificates may also be made via eFiling. In order to use this provision, taxpayers will need to register with SARS as eFilers through the website www.sars\_ov.za

Jeyrel: Wdk416-SBD2 tax crearance

### **DECLARATION OF INTEREST**

- 1. Any legal person, including persons employed by the state¹, or persons having a kinship with persons employed by the state, including a blood relationship, may make an offer or offers in terms of this invitation to bid (includes a price quotation, advertised competitive bid, limited bid or proposal). In view of possible allegations of favouritism, should the resulting bid, or part thereof, be awarded to persons employed by the state, or to persons connected with or related to them, it is required that the bidder or his/her authorised representative declare his/her position in relation to the evaluating/adjudicating authority where-
  - the bidder is employed by the state; and/or
  - the legal person on whose behalf the bidding document is signed, has a relationship with persons/a person who are/is involved in the evaluation and or adjudication of the bid(s), or where it is known that such a relationship exists between the person or persons for or on whose behalf the declarant acts and persons who are involved with the evaluation and or adjudication of the bid.

2.	In order to give effect to the above, the following questionnaire must be completed and submitted with the bid.
2.1	Full Name of bidder or his or her representative:
2.2	Identity Number:
2.3	Position occupied in the Company (director, trustee, shareholder²):
2.4	Company Registration Number:
2.5	Tax Reference Number:
2.6	VAT Registration Number:
2.6.1	The names of all directors / trustees / shareholders / members, their individual identity numbers, tax reference numbers and, if applicable, employee / persal numbers must be indicated in paragraph 3

1"State" means -

- (a) any national or provincial department, national or provincial public entity or constitutional institution within the meaning of the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999);
- (b) any municipality or municipal entity;
- (c) provincial legislature;
- (d) national Assembly or the national Council of provinces; or
- (e) Parliament.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>"Shareholder" means a person who owns shares in the company and is actively involved in the management of the enterprise or business and exercises control over the enterprise.

2.7	Are you or any person connected with the bidder presently employed by the state?	YES / NO
2.7.1	If so, furnish the following particulars:	
	Name of person / director / trustee / shareholder/ member: Name of state institution at which you or the person connected to the bidder is employed: Position occupied in the state institution:	
	Any other particulars:	
2.7.2	If you are presently employed by the state, did you obtain the appropriate authority to undertake remunerative work outside employment in the public sector?	YES / NO
2.7.2.1	If yes, did you attached proof of such authority to the bid document?	YES / NO
	(Note: Failure to submit proof of such authority, where applicable, may result in the disqualification of the bid.	
2.7.2.2	If no, furnish reasons for non-submission of such proof:	
2.8	Did you or your spouse, or any of the company's directors / trustees / shareholders / members or their spouses conduct business with the state in the previous twelve months?	YES / NO
2.8.1	If so, furnish particulars:	
2.9	Do you, or any person connected with the bidder, have any relationship (family, friend, other) with a person employed by the state and who may be involved with the evaluation and or adjudication of this bid?	YES / NO

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2	.9.1lf so, furnish particulars.					
	<b>\$</b>		••••			
*	g		••••			
			••••			
2.10	Are you, or any person conne aware of any relationship (fam any other bidder and any perso who may be involved with the of this bid?	nily, friend, other) between the second of t	tate	YES/NO	)	
2.10.1	If so, furnish particulars.					
			• • • •			
of w	o you or any of the directors / tru the company have any interest hether or not they are bidding fo so, furnish particulars:	in any other related o		NO		
2.11.33	oo, rarmon particulare.					
•••		·				
		·				
3 Ful	I details of directors / trustees	s / members / sharel	nolders.			
F	ull Name	Identity	Personal	Tax	State	Emp
		Number	Reference	Number	Number Number	/ F

Full Name	Identity Number	Personal Tax Reference Number	State Employee Number / Persal Number
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**DECLARATION** 

May 2011

# PREFERENCE POINTS CLAIM FORM IN TERMS OF THE PREFERENTIAL PROCUREMENT REGULATIONS 2017

This preference form must form part of all bids invited. It contains general information and serves as a claim form for preference points for Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment (B-BBEE) Status Level of Contribution

NB: BEFORE COMPLETING THIS FORM, BIDDERS MUST STUDY THE GENERAL CONDITIONS, DEFINITIONS AND DIRECTIVES APPLICABLE IN RESPECT OF B-BBEE, AS PRESCRIBED IN THE PREFERENTIAL PROCUREMENT REGULATIONS, 2017.

### 1. GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1.1 The following preference point systems are applicable to all bids:
  - the 80/20 system for requirements with a Rand value of up to R50 000 000 (all applicable taxes included); and
  - the 90/10 system for requirements with a Rand value above R50 000 000 (all applicable taxes included).

1.2

- a) The value of this bid is estimated to exceed/not exceed R50 000 000 (all applicable taxes included) and therefore the preference point system shall be applicable; or
- b) Either the 80/20 or 90/10 preference point system will be applicable to this tender (delete whichever is not applicable for this tender).
- 1.3 Points for this bid shall be awarded for:
  - (a) Price; and
  - (b) B-BBEE Status Level of Contributor.
- 1.4 The maximum points for this bid are allocated as follows:

The second second	POINTS
PRICE	
B-BBEE STATUS LEVEL OF CONTRIBUTOR	
Total points for Price and B-BBEE must not exceed	100

- 1.5 Failure on the part of a bidder to submit proof of B-BBEE Status level of contributor together with the bid, will be interpreted to mean that preference points for B-BBEE status level of contribution are not claimed.
- 1.6 The purchaser reserves the right to require of a bidder, either before a bid is adjudicated or at any time subsequently, to substantiate any claim in regard to preferences, in any manner required by the purchaser.

### 2. **DEFINITIONS**

- (a) **"B-BBEE"** means broad-based black economic empowerment as defined in section 1 of the Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act;
- (b) "B-BBEE status level of contributor" means the B-BBEE status of an entity in terms of a code of good practice on black economic empowerment, issued in terms of section 9(1) of the Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act;
- (c) "bid" means a written offer in a prescribed or stipulated form in response to an invitation by an organ of state for the provision of goods or services, through price quotations, advertised competitive bidding processes or proposals;
- (d) "Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act" means the Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act, 2003 (Act No. 53 of 2003);
- (e) "EME" means an Exempted Micro Enterprise in terms of a code of good practice on black economic empowerment issued in terms of section 9 (1) of the Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act;
- (f) "functionality" means the ability of a tenderer to provide goods or services in accordance with specifications as set out in the tender documents.
- (g) "prices" includes all applicable taxes less all unconditional discounts;
- (h) "proof of B-BBEE status level of contributor" means:
  - 1) B-BBEE Status level certificate issued by an authorized body or person;
  - 2) A sworn affidavit as prescribed by the B-BBEE Codes of Good Practice;
  - 3) Any other requirement prescribed in terms of the B-BBEE Act;
- "QSE" means a qualifying small business enterprise in terms of a code of good practice on black economic empowerment issued in terms of section 9 (1) of the Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act;
- (j) "rand value" means the total estimated value of a contract in Rand, calculated at the time of bid invitation, and includes all applicable taxes;

### 3. POINTS AWARDED FOR PRICE

# 3.1 THE 80/20 OR 90/10 PREFERENCE POINT SYSTEMS

A maximum of 80 or 90 points is allocated for price on the following basis: 80/20 or 90/10

$$Ps = 80 \left( 1 - \frac{Pt - P\min}{P\min} \right)$$
 or

$$Ps = 90 \left( 1 - \frac{Pt - P\min}{P\min} \right)$$

Where

Ps = Points scored for price of bid under consideration

Pt = Price of bid under consideration
Pmin = Price of lowest acceptable bid

### 4. POINTS AWARDED FOR B-BBEE STATUS LEVEL OF CONTRIBUTOR

4.1 In terms of Regulation 6 (2) and 7 (2) of the Preferential Procurement Regulations, preference points must be awarded to a bidder for attaining the B-BBEE status level of contribution in accordance with the table below:

BBEE Status Level of Contributor	Number of points (90/10 system)	Number of points (80/20 system)		
1	10	20		
2	9	18		
3	6	14		
4	5	12		
5	4	8		
6	3	6		
7	2	4		
8	1	2		
Non-compliant contributor	0	0		

5. BID DECLARATION	<b>BID DECLARAT</b>	TION
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5.1	Bidders	who	claim	points	in	respect	of	B-BBEE	Status	Level	of	Contribution	must
	complete												

0.	PARAGRAPHS 1.4 AND 4.1	-ONTRIBUTO	DR CLAIMED	IN	IERMS	OF
6.1	B-BBEE Status Level of Contributor:	. =	(maximun	n of 1	0 or 20 pc	ints)

(Points claimed in respect of paragraph 7.1 must be in accordance with the table reflected in paragraph 4.1 and must be substantiated by relevant proof of B-BBEE status level of contributor.

# 7. SUB-CONTRACTING

7.1 Will any portion of the contract be sub-contracted? (*Tick applicable box*)

The state of the s	2107	
YES	NO	1

7.1	1	If yes	indicate:
1 . 1		II VES.	HICH CARE

I)	vvnat	percentage	of	the	contract	will	be
	subcontra	cted		%			
		of the sub-contract					
iii)	The B-BB	EE status level of t	he sub-co	ntractor	*******************************		
		he sub-contractor i					

v) Whether the sub-contractor is an EME or (Tick applicable box)

YES NO

v) Specify, by ticking the appropriate box, if subcontracting with an enterprise in terms of Preferential Procurement Regulations,2017:

Designated Group: An EME or QSE which is at last 51% owned by:	EME √	QSE √
Black people		
Black people who are youth		
Black people who are women		
Black people with disabilities		
Black people living in rural or underdeveloped areas or townships		

Cooperative owned by black people	
Black people who are military veterans	
OR	
Any EME	
Any QSE	

8.	DECLARATION WITH REGARD TO COMPANY/FIRM
8.1	Name
	company/firm:
8.2	VAT registration
	number:
8.3	Company registration
	number:
8.4	TYPE OF COMPANY/ FIRM
	Partnership/Joint Venture / Consortium
	One person business/sole propriety
	<ul><li>Close corporation</li><li>Company</li></ul>
	(Pty) Limited
	[TICK APPLICABLE BOX]
8.5	DESCRIBE PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES
8.6	COMPANY CLASSIFICATION
	Manufacturer
	Supplier
	<ul> <li>Professional service provider</li> <li>Other service providers, e.g. transporter, etc.</li> </ul>
	[TICK APPLICABLE BOX]
8.7	Total number of years the company/firm has been in business:
8.8	I/we, the undersigned, who is / are duly authorised to do so on behalf of the company/firm, certify that the points claimed, based on the B-BBE status level of contributor indicated in paragraphs 1.4 and 6.1 of the foregoing certificate, qualifies the company/ firm for the preference(s) shown and I / we acknowledge that:
	i) The information furnished is true and correct;
	ii) The preference points claimed are in accordance with the General Conditions as

iii) In the event of a contract being awarded as a result of points claimed as shown in paragraphs 1.4 and 6.1, the contractor may be required to furnish documentary

proof to the satisfaction of the purchaser that the claims are correct;

indicated in paragraph 1 of this form;

- iv) If the B-BBEE status level of contributor has been claimed or obtained on a fraudulent basis or any of the conditions of contract have not been fulfilled, the purchaser may, in addition to any other remedy it may have
  - (a) disqualify the person from the bidding process;
  - recover costs, losses or damages it has incurred or suffered as a result of that person's conduct;
  - (c) cancel the contract and claim any damages which it has suffered as a result of having to make less favourable arrangements due to such cancellation:
  - (d) recommend that the bidder or contractor, its shareholders and directors, or only the shareholders and directors who acted on a fraudulent basis, be restricted by the National Treasury from obtaining business from any organ of state for a period not exceeding 10 years, after the audi alteram partem (hear the other side) rule has been applied; and
  - (e) forward the matter for criminal prosecution.

WITNESSES	
	SIGNATURE(S) OF BIDDERS(S)
	DATE: ADDRESS





TERMS OF REFERENCES FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF A SERVICE PROVIDER/CONSULTANT TO REVIEW MANDATES, OVERLAPING OF FUNCTIONS AND ASSESS THE EFFECTICTIVE OF ALL ROAD TRANSPORT ENTITIES LEGISLATION AND TO REVIEW AND STREAMLINE THE NATIONAL ROAD TRAFFIC ACT,1996 (ACT NO.93 OF 1996) AND THE NATIONAL ROAD TRAFFIC REGULATIONS (IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REVIEWED PROPOSALS) AND TO ADVISE ON BEST PRACTICE IN RELATION TO RATIONALISATION OF THE ROAD TRANSPORT ENTITIES

# DOT/20/2022/RT

# **CONTACT DETAILS**

Administrative Contact	Technical Contact
Bidding Office	Project Managers
Name: Tyron Mkhari Directorate: Supply Chain Management	Name: Mr John Motsatsing Directorate: Road Traffic Legislation & Standards.
Tell:012 309 3011	Tell:012 309 3114/3574
E-mail: mkharit@dot.gov.za	E-mail: MotsatsJ@dot.gov.za

CO	NTE		
2		BACKGROUND	
	2.1	SCOPE OF WORK	
	2.2	GOAL	
	2.3	OBJECTIVES (SCOPE OF WORK)	
3	3	DELIVERABLES	
	3.1	STAGE 1: MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS	
	.2	STAGE 2: FUNCTIONAL EVALUATION CRITERIA	
	.3	STAGE 3: EVALUATION IN TERMS OF 80/20 PREFERENCE POINTS SYSTEM	
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TERMS OF REFERENCE FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF A SERVICE PROVIDER/CONSULTANT TO REVIEW MANDATES, OVERLAPPING OF FUNCTIONS AND ASSESS THE EFFECTIVENESS OF ALL ROAD TRANSPORT ENTITIES LEGISLATION AND TO REVIEW AND STREAMLINE THE NATIONAL ROAD TRAFFIC ACT, 1996 (ACT NO. 93 OF 1996) AND THE NATIONAL ROAD TRAFFIC REGULATIONS (IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REVIEWED PROPOSALS) AND TO ADVISE ON BEST PRACTICE IN RELATION TO RATIONALISATION OF THE ROAD TRANSPORT ENTITIES.

### 1 BACKGROUND

- 1.1 The Road Transport Regulation Chief Directorate within the Department of Transport (DOT) is responsible for the regulation of road traffic regulation and management across the entire Republic. The key function of the Chief Directorate is to develop road traffic legislation and matters connected thereto. To set standards for drivers and motor vehicle to ensure the security and safety of all road users that utilises public roads.
- 1.2 Its work is towards effectively arresting the carnage on our roads that continues to be hamstrung by a fragmented road traffic management system, characterised by inefficiencies and corruption. The Driving Licence Testing Centres are the manifestation of these inefficiencies and a seedbed of corrupt practices. The seamless integration of the vehicle licencing processes underpinned by service standards that place the citizen at the centre, is an urgent task we must be seized with without delay. This is further compounded by poor co-ordination of our road traffic enforcement effort, which includes the testing and licencing of drivers.
- 1.3 It is in this context the Department through the Chief Directorate have decided to move with neck-breaking speed in expediting the rationalisation of our road traffic entities based on a new service delivery model. The integration of the Driving Licence Card Account into the Road Traffic Management Corporation will proceed in earnest, in order to give effect to maximisation of the operations of the testing and licencing of drivers mandate in a seamless manner.
- 1.4 In advancing the task to rationalise our road traffic entities in order to maximise efficiencies, we have set in motion a process to expedite the institutional re-alignment of the Road Traffic Management Corporation (RTMC), Road Traffic Infringement Agency (RTIA) and the Driving Licence Card Account (DLCA).

1.5 The Road Transport branch has six Entities namely: the Cross-Border Road Transport Agency, the Road Accident Fund, the Road Traffic Infringement Agency, the Road Traffic Management Corporation, the South African Roads Agency Limited and the functioning of the Driving Licence Card Account as a separate entity established in terms Regulation 19(2) of the Treasury Regulations.

# 1.6 PROBLEM STATEMENT

The review of all Road Entities legislation commenced upon the period where government made an announcement that that there are many SOE's within government and that they should be reduced. All Entities have their respective mandates. During the development and establishment of the Entities there was an oversight which resulted in duplication of functions. Furthermore, the need to align the National Road Traffic Act, 1996 (Act No. 93 of 1996) (the NRTA Act) with some of those provisions that are contained in various Entities legislation. This resulted in mandate overlaps and some of the Entities have difficulties in executing their respective mandates as there is duplication of the functions that they undertake.

# 1.6.1 National Road Traffic Act, 1996

- 1.6.1.1 The National Road Traffic Act, 1996 (Act No. 93 of 1996) (the NRTA Act provides for road traffic matters which shall apply uniformly throughout the Republic and for matters connected therewith. Furthermore, provides for the regulation of various road traffic issues such as vehicle fitness, driver fitness, minimum requirements, registration and licensing of motor vehicles, registration of manufacturers, builders, importers and manufacturers of number plates, operator fitness, right of appeal, road safety, dangerous goods, road traffic signs and general speed limit, accidents and accident reports, reckless or negligent driving, inconsiderate driving, driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs and miscellaneous offences, presumptions and legal procedure, regulations and general provisions.
- 1.6.1.2 The NRTA is amended continuously, and some of the factors leading to its amendment are newly developed and incorporated vehicle safety standards, dangerous goods standards, improved vehicular technology, inculcation of good ethos and driver behaviour, and the need to reduce fatal crashes, production of safe and reliable vehicle drivers, or in other instances to address a gap in the law emanating from general practices of vehicle operators or road users in general and court decisions.
- 1.6.1.3 As the main Act on the management and regulation of road traffic matters in the country and thus paving way for other related legislation for synchronisation, alignment and efficient and seamless implementation, the NRTA is also a legislation of concurrent functionality in terms

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- of National and Provincial legislative competence as provided for in terms of Schedule 4 of the Constitution.
- 1.6.1.4 Furthermore, the Act was promulgated before the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, which implies that some of the powers and functions of the Province, Local Authorities and Municipalities might be misaligned.
- 1.6.1.5 As a result there will be a need for the NRTA Act and the National Road Traffic Regulations to be reviewed and streamlined in accordance with the reviewed proposals because of the reviewing of mandates, overlapping of functions and assessing the effectiveness of all Road Transport Entities.

# 1.6.2 Road Traffic Management Corporation

- 1.6.2.1 The Road Traffic Management Corporation is one of the Entity's of DoT responsible for amongst others road traffic and law enforcement issues. The nature of its functions is amongst others that of co-ordination of law enforcement strategies in the country as a whole as seen from the long title and provisions of the Road Traffic Management Corporation Act, 1999 (Act No. 20 of 1999) (the RTMC Act). The RTMC Act seeks to provide for the co-operative, and co-ordinated strategic planning, regulation, facilitation and law enforcement in respect of road traffic matters by the National, Provincial and Local spheres of government amongst others. Its preamble recognises the need to define and strengthen co-operation and co-ordination between the National, Provincial and Local spheres of government in support of their respective road traffic strategic planning, regulation, facilitation and enforcement. The RTMC Act provides for the establishment of the Road Traffic Management Corporation which must perform its functions in an independent and impartial manner without undue influence from any person. The objectives of the RTMC Act include the strengthening of national and provincial government collective capacity to govern road traffic through partnerships with local government bodies and the private sector.
- 1.6.2.2 The RTMC Act further takes cognisance of the need for effecting the pooling of road traffic powers of the Minister and every MEC and the resources of national and provincial spheres of government responsible for road traffic management, in support of enhanced co-operative and co-ordinated road traffic strategic planning, regulation, facilitation and law enforcement.
- 1.6.2.3 As a way to support both the long title and preamble as mentioned above, section 6 of the RTMC Act, provides for the establishment of the Shareholders Committee which comprises of the Minister (National), MEC's (all Provinces) and two representatives nominated by the national organisation recognised in terms of section 2 (a) of the Organised Local Government Act, 1997 (Act No. 52 of 1997). The Shareholders Committee is a forum through which the National, Provincial and Local spheres of government co-operate with each other and with

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other persons or bodies concerned with road traffic matters. This is aimed at synchronisation of road traffic regulation and related matters and enforcement as alluded to in paragraph 1.6.1.3 above.

- 1.6.2.4 The other issue of importance that necessitates the review of these Acts is the need to look at the proportionality of powers between the Minister, Chief Executive Officer and the MEC, as the powers will be best exercised at provincial level rather than national level due to the fact that the Minister may not be privy to valuable information to assist in seamless implementation of the NRTA Act.
- 1.6.2.5 In terms of Section 18 (1) the Shareholders Committee may in addition to the above functional units also establish functional units to ensure effective management of all other functional areas coincidental with its mandate. Section 18(1) provides for the establishment of as many functional units, as part of the organisational structure of the RTMC, to ensure the effective management of the following functional areas -
  - (a) road traffic law enforcement;
  - (b) training of traffic personnel;
  - (c) vehicle registration and licensing;
  - (d) vehicle and roadworthiness testing;
  - (e) testing and licensing of drivers;
  - (f) road traffic information:
  - (g) accident investigations and recording thereof;
  - (h) communication and education;
  - (i) infrastructure safety audits; and
  - (j) administrative adjudication of road traffic offences.
- 1.6.2.6 Although the RTMC Act is clear on the general mandate of the Corporation, it fails to provide clarity on the mandate of the functional units in relation to the day-to-day functions to be performed. Furthermore, some of the functional units that are mentioned in paragraph 1.6.2.5 are not functional.

# 1.6.3 Road Traffic Infringement Agency

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- 1.6.3.1 The Administrative Adjudication of Road Traffic Offences Act, 1998 (Act No. 46 of 1998) (the AARTO Act) serves to promote road traffic quality by providing for a scheme to discourage road traffic contraventions, facilitate the adjudication of road traffic infringements, support the prosecution of offences in terms of the National and Provincial laws relating to road traffic, implement a points demerit system, provide for the establishment of an agency to administer the scheme, provide for the establishment of a board to represent the agency and provide for matters connected therewith.
- 1.6.3.2 The AARTO Act also deals with functions that are contained in other legislation such as the South African National Roads Agency Limited and National Roads Act, 1998 (Act No. 7 of 1998) (the SANRAL Act) and Cross-Border Road Transport Act, 1998 (Act No. 4 of 1998) (the C-BRTA Act). In terms of the Agency, RTIA's mission is to encourage compliance with road traffic laws in South Africa through amongst others effective administration and management of the suspension and cancellation of driving licences and operator cards. The main objective is to significantly reduce road fatalities, improve road safety and increase the payment of penalties and ensuring an improved compliance with road traffic legislation. The AARTO Act is an Act intended for national implementation across the country.
- 1.6.3.3 Although the AARTO Act functionality currently resides under RTIA, there is a current Constitutional Court challenge by Organization Undoing Tax Abuse (OUTA) for the confirmation of the constitutional validity order of the North Gauteng High Court which has put doubt the mandate in its current form. The matter is set down and will be argued on 15 November 2022 in the Constitutional Court.
- 1.6.3.4 The Department has taken a strategic decision that the Entity needs to be incorporated within the Road Traffic Management Corporation, therefore there is a need to re-look at some of its legislative provisions to align and incorporate some of them with the Corporation.

# 1.6.4 Cross-Border Road Transport Agency

- 1.6.4.1 The Cross-Border Road Transport Act, 1998 (Act No. 4 of 1998) (the C-BRT Act) main objectives are to provide for co-operative and co-ordinated provision of advice, regulation, facilitation and law enforcement in respect of cross-border road transport by the public and private sectors. The C-BRT Act also provides for the establishment of the Cross-Border Road Transport Agency (C-BRTA). The C-BRTA is established to conduct and facilitate cross-border road transport law enforcement in respect of cross-border road transport by the public and private sectors.
- 1.6.4.2 The C-BRTA Act also deals with functions that are contained in other legislation such as the SANRAL Act, RTMC Act and AARTO Act. For example, the C-BRTA further has law enforcement as a key performance activity in terms of improving compliance with road

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transport legislation with a key performance indicator being developed and operationalized smart law enforcement strategy. There are almost similarities in terms of the mandate of the RTIA, RTMC and the C-BRTA in terms of law enforcement. Based on these similarities there is a need to investigate or probe the possibility of collapsing the mandates of these agencies in order to have a more consolidated road traffic law enforcement in the Republic.

- 1.6.4.3 Section 3 of the C-BRTA Act provides that the Entity "may perform all such acts and do such things as are reasonably necessary for or ancillary, incidental or supplementary to the performance of its advisory, regulatory, facilitatory and law enforcement functions as contemplated in this Act". It is clear from the reading of this provision that C-BRTA is authorized or empowered to conduct law enforcement functions similar to those performed by the RTIA and the RTMC.
- 1.6.4.4 As recent as 2016, the Cross-Border Road Transport Agency's road traffic inspectorate migrated to the Road Traffic Management Corporation to perform their functions under the ambit of the RTMC, however, there is still a need to do legislative amendment in order to provide for the migration.
- 1.6.4.5 Therefore, there is a need to review the functions that are remaining with the C-BRTA against the functions that are currently encompassed within the Department in order to ascertain whether there is a need for the C-BRTA to continue operations with those remaining functions or some of the functions can be absorbed within the Department in various branches.

# 1.6.5 South African National Roads Agency Limited

- 1.6.5.1 The South African National Roads Agency Limited and National Roads Act, 1998 (Act No. 7 of 1998) (the SANRAL Act) establishes the South African National Roads Agency Limited (SANRAL), a public company wholly owned by the State. The SANRAL Act provides for a national roads agency for the Republic to manage and control the Republic's national roads system and take charge, amongst others, of the development, maintenance and rehabilitation of national roads within the framework of government policy.
- 1.6.5.2 In terms of SANRAL's strategic document 2020/2021 2024/2025 the Agency's plan is to deliver on the Horizon 2030 which is aligned to the medium term and various pillars such as roads, road safety, mobility and stakeholder engagement, priorities and strategic objectives. The founding legislation of SANRAL also deals with functions that are contained in other legislation such as the C-BRTA Act, RTMC Act and AARTO Act. As a road agency, SANRAL has also factored road safety related functions in their strategic documents with an aim to fortify their involvement in that area going forward. SANRAL performs law enforcement functions in terms of ensuring compliance with the e-tolls in Gauteng since the implementation of the Gauteng Freeway Improvement Project (GFIP).

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### 1.6.6 Road Accident Fund

- 1.6.6.1 The Road Accident Fund Act, 1996 (Act No. 56 of 1996) (the RAF Act) establishes the Road Accident Fund (the Fund) in terms of section 2. The RAF Act provides for compensation including lodging of claims for compensation and the process to be followed in prosecution of claims. The Fund is established to ensure just and equitable compensation for damages which of injuries and/or death resulting from the driving of motor vehicles on South African roads, this is in keeping with the provisions of section 27(1) (c) which provides for the right to have access to social security which includes social assistance if one is unable to support themselves.
- 1.6.6.2 The current RAF dispensation resulted in our courts being clogged with RAF matters delaying access to justice for many. The unintended consequences of a fault-based system have for decades seen many benefitting unfairly through abusing the system to receive millions of Rands from the RAF, whilst those deserving of cover obtained limited compensation. The Department of Transport (DoT) and the RAF have together fought many legal battles, some in the constitutional courts to, inter alia, close loopholes in the current legislation.
- 1.6.6.3 A Commission of Inquiry under the chairmanship of Justice Satchwell was appointed to inquire into and make recommendations regarding a reasonable, equitable, affordable and sustainable system for the payment by the Road Accident Fund of compensation or benefits, or a combination of compensation and benefits, in the event of the injury or death of persons in road accidents in the Republic."
- 1.6.6.4 The Commission, *inter alia*, recommended a "no-fault" system that provides benefits in the form of periodic payments governed by an approved tariff, subject to thresholds and monetary caps and paid directly to claimants.
- 1.6.6.5 In this regard the Road Accident Fund is in the process of drafting newly proposed amendments that will deal with the current system.
- 1.6.6.6 The RAF will no longer be the only primary insurer for claims arising from the negligent driving of motor vehicles on South African Roads.
- 1.6.6.7 Liability of the RAF will only arise in motor vehicle accidents which occurred in public roads. "It should be recalled that the Act currently says that anywhere within the Republic".
- 1.6.6.8 The third important change is "the removal of general damages as part of the heads of damages and that only special damages will be considered".
  - a. "the removal of general damages and emotional shock as part of the head of damages.
     This means that under the new dispensation only the following heads of damages can

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be claimed against the RAF – Past Medical Expenses. Future medical Expenses, Past Loss of Income/Support, Future Loss of Income/Support and Funeral Expenses";

- b. Claims which are not comparable against the RAF will lie against the common law wrongdoer;
- c. The introduction of mandatory/compulsory payments in instalments for all Loss of Income or Support; and
- d. The introduction of mandatory pre-authorization for use of undertaking for future medical expenses as provided for in terms of section 17(4)(a).
- 1.6.6.9 However, there will still be a need for the alignment of the current Road Accident Fund Legislation with the proposed Road Transport General Laws Amendment.

### 2 SCOPE OF WORK

### 2.1 GOAL

To review mandates, overlapping of functions and assess the effectiveness of all road transport entities and to review and streamline the National Road Traffic Act, 1996 (Act No. 93 of 1996) and the National Road Traffic Regulations (in accordance with the reviewed proposals) and to advise on best practice in relation to rationalisation of the Driving Licence Card Account and the Road Traffic Infringement Agency within the Road Traffic Management Corporation.

# 2.2 OBJECTIVES (SCOPE OF WORK)

- 2.2.1 To conduct a mandate review of all Roads Branch Entities, namely the Road Traffic Infringement Agency, the Cross-Border Road Transport Agency, the Road Accident Fund, the South African National Roads Agency Limited, and the Road Traffic Management Corporation with the view to identify and resolve overlapping functional mandates (if any) and to the functioning of the Driving Licence Card Account within the Road Traffic Management Corporation.
- 2.2.2 Assess the National Road Traffic Act in order to streamline it with the other provisions of the Administrative Adjudication of Road Traffic Offences Act, 1998 (Act No. 46 of 1998), the Cross-Border Road Transport Act, 1998 (Act No. 4 of 1998), the Road Accident Fund Act, 1996 (Act No. 56 of 1996), the Road Traffic Management Corporation Act, 1999 (Act No. 20 of 1999), the South African National Roads Agency Limited Act, 1998 (Act No. 7 of 1999) and the rationalisation of the functions of the Driving Licence Card Account established in terms of

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Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999) (Treasury Regulations and Practice Note) and Road Traffic Infringement Agency within the Road Traffic Management Corporation.

- 2.2.3 Assess the provisions of the Administrative Adjudication of Road Traffic Offences Act, 1998 (Act No. 46 of 1998), the Cross-Border Road Transport Act, 1998 (Act No. 4 of 1998), the Road Accident Fund Act, 1996 (Act No. 56 of 1996), the Road Traffic Management Corporation Act, 1999 (Act No. 20 of 1999), and the South African National Roads Agency Limited Act, 1998 (Act No. 7 of 1999) against each other in order to streamline individual legislations and mandates and the incorporation of the Driving Licence Card Account established in terms of Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999) (Treasury Regulations and Practice Note) within the Road Traffic Management Corporation.
- 2.2.4 Assess the effectiveness of Entities.
- 2.2.5 Rationalise the Driving Licence Card Account and the Road Traffic Infringement Agency within the Road Traffic Management Corporation.
- 2.2.6 Ensure the alignment of the Road Accident Fund with all other Road Traffic related legislation.
- 2.2.7 Recommend whether Entities should be merged, reduced, retained or whether their mandates and legislations should be amended.

### 2.3 PROJECT DELIVERABLES

- 2.3.1 At the conclusion of the assigned function under this project, the service provider must furnish the Department with a final detailed report with recommendations and draft legislation comprising the work covered and completed for discussion. The service provider should also avail his or her services throughout the project and all the stages of legislation development up to promulgation by providing support services.
- 2.3.2 Proposed timeframes per deliverable must be indicated in the proposal.
- 2.3.3 Costing must be done in line with paragraph 6.7.2 and all deliverables must be costed.

Reminder: No prices in technical proposal.

2.3.4 The final project plan will be agreed to during inception of the project.

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PD No.	Deliverable Name	Description
	Tech	nical Deliverables
2.3.1.1	Inception Report	Provide an Inception Report with recommendations for the Review of the Mandates and Legislation of the 6 Roads Branch Entities.
2.3.1.2	Stakeholder consultation	Provide stakeholder consultation plan and report.
2.3.1.3	Best practice model	Provide a best practice model on the streamlining of the functions and of the Entities.
2.3.1.4	Review of all Road Transport Entities	Review Mandate, Legislation and Scope of all Road Transport Entities.
2.3.1.5	Due diligence report	Provide the Department with a due diligence report on all the 6 Roads Branch Entities.
2.3.1.6	Rationalization: Best Practice on rationalization	Make a recommendation on the Best Practice on rationalization (Driving Licence Card Account and the Road Traffic Infringement Agency within the Road Traffic Management Corporation).
2.3.1.7	Consolidated report	Provide a detailed consolidated report with recommendations comprising the work covered and a finalized proposed draft legislation encompassing the proposed amendments to create various legislation amendments and completed for discussion.

PD No.	Deliverable Name	Description
	Tech	nical Deliverables
2.3.1.8	DoT staff member(s)	Work closely with DoT staff member(s) – within the Road Traffic Legislation and Standards Directorate – who will manage the project on behalf of the Department, but without limiting on-

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2240	Mantinga	going project consultations with other relevant DoT line functions and DoT Roads Entities.
2.3.1.9	Meetings:  Road Transport  Branch Entities	Engagement meetings with all the Roads Transport Branch Entities will be arranged.
2.3.1.10	Monthly feedback	Provide monthly feedback to the project manager throughout the duration of the project. The successful Bidder (service provider) shall provide the Department with detailed documentation and reports both electronic format and hard copy. Reports shall contain accurate information so as to enable the Department to monitor and manage the service provider's performance. All documentation and reports shall be in English.
2.3.1.11	Concerns/comments/inputs	Address concerns/comments/inputs accruing from the consultations so as to finalize the project report.
2.3.1.12	Data resources	All data resources used in the framework should clearly be referenced and submitted to the Department.

# 3 EVALUATION

### 3.1 STAGE 1: MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS

- 3.1.1 Bidders must comply with the requirements and submit all required document(s) indicated hereunder with the bid documents at the closing date and time of bid. This phase is not scored and bidders who fail to comply with all the mandatory criteria will be disqualified.
- 3.1.2 Bidders are required to be registered on the Central Supplier Database and the Department of Transport shall verify the bidder's tax compliance status through the Central Supplier Database.
- 3.1.3 Where Consortia/Joint Ventures/Sub-contractors are involved, each party must be registered on the Central Supplier Database and their tax compliance status will be verified through the Central Supplier Database.

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### 3.2 STAGE 2: FUNCTIONAL EVALUATION CRITERIA

- 3.2.1 Only bidders who have complied with mandatory requirements will be evaluated for functionality. Bidders must, as part of their bid documents, submit supportive documentation for all functional requirements as indicated hereunder. The Bid Evaluation Committee (BEC) responsible for scoring the respective bids will evaluate and score all bids based on their submissions and the information provided.
- 3.2.2 The value scored for each criterion will be multiplied with the specified weighting for the relevant criterion to obtain the marks scored for each criterion. These marks will be added and expressed as a fraction of the best possible score for all criteria.
- 3.2.3 Functionality will be evaluated on the basis of the supporting documentation supplied by the bidders in accordance with the below functionality criteria and values.
- 3.2.4 The evaluation of the functionality will be evaluated individually by Members of Bid Evaluation Committee in accordance with the below functionality criteria and values.
- 3.2.5 The applicable values that will be utilized when scoring each criteria ranges from: 1 being Poor, 2 = Average 3 = Good, 4 = Very Good & 5 = Excellent
- 3.2.6 The Bids that fail to achieve a minimum of **65** points out of **100** points for functionality will be disqualified. This means that such bids will not be evaluated on the Preference Points System stage.

EVALUATION CRITERIA	GUIDELINES FOR CRITERIA APPLICATION	WEIGHT
The second secon	Company experience: The number of years dealing with drafting of legislation and organizational restructuring.  Company profile.	30
n	<ul> <li>Previous reference letters of appointments pertaining to the same type of work under the client-company letter head with contactable details that confirms that the company has previously managed projects must be attached.</li> </ul>	
	<b>NB</b> The reference letter must state the duration and if the project was completed successfully.	



	Knowledge and experience: due diligence, legal review	
	analysis, and number of years dealing with drafting of	40
	legislation and organizational and restructuring:	
	Curriculum vitae	
	Testimonials	
	<b>NB</b> References from three contactable sources attesting to experience on projects of similar nature.	
	Training, skills transfer plan and development plan on the	
	following:	15
	Training, management and implementation of the key	
	project deliverables;	
	Training in legislative research methodology;	
	♣ Interpretation of statutes;	
	♣ Legislative drafting:	
	The service provider will be required to provide skills	
	transfer tentatively to three (3) personnel at the	
	Department.	
	The training will be on-job training (on-going).	
METHODOLOGY	Bidders to attach detailed execution plan that covers the	
	entire proposed scope of work, proposed work schedule/ duty	
	sheet/ work plan with clear deliverables and timeframes for each task to be completed.	
TOTAL POINTS ON FUNCTIONALITY MUST ADD TO 100		



	1	2	3	4	5
Scoring Criterion	Poor	Average	Good	Very Good	Excellent
Company experience: number of years dealing with drafting of legislation and organisational restructuring.  • Company profile.  Previous letters of appointments pertaining to .e same type of work.	0 to 3 years of similar knowledge and experience	4 to 6 years of similar knowledge and experience	7 to 9 years of similar knowledge and experience	Over 10 to 12 years of similar knowledge and experience	Over 13 years of similar knowledge and experience
Knowledge and experience: due diligence, legal review analysis, and number of years dealing with drafting of legislation and organizational and restructuring: • Personnel CVs with skill(s)/experience/qualific ation(s). • Testimonials • References from three contactable sources attesting to experience on projects of similar nature.	0 to 3 years of similar knowledge and experience	4 to 6 years of similar knowledge and experience	7 to 9 years of similar knowledge and experience	Over 10 to 12 years of similar knowledge and experience	Over 13 years of similar knowledge and experience
Training, skills transfer and development plan	No plan or irrelevant plan	Training and skills development plan covering only one aspect	Training and skills development plan covering only two aspects (managemen t and implementati on of key deliverables, and legislative	Training and skills development plan covering only three aspect (management and implementatio n of key deliverables, legislative research	Training and skills development plan covering all aspects management and implementatio n of key deliverables, legislative

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			research methodology)	methodology, and interpretation of statues)	research methodology, interpretation of statues Legislative drafting: The service provider will be required to provide skills transfer tentatively to three (3) personnel at the Department. The training
					will be on-job training (on- going).
Detailed proposed methodology of how the project will be executed that covers the proposed scope of work, proposed work schedule, proposed systems be used, proposed lesources and proposed time frames.	No plan or irrelevant plan	Plan that only addresses the scope of work with no time frames	Plan indicating scope of work, proposed work schedule with time frames	Plan indicating scope of work, proposed work schedule with clear deliverables and time frames.	Detailed Plan indicating scope of work, proposed work schedule with clear deliverables, time frames, due diligence and Legislative framework.

# 3.3 STAGE 3: EVALUATION IN TERMS OF 80/20 PREFERENCE POINTS SYSTEM

- 3.3.1 Only bids that achieve the minimum qualifying score for functionality will be evaluated further in accordance with the 80/20 preference points system.
- 3.3.2 <u>Price:</u> The following schedule must be utilised for submission of pricing proposals. TO BE DEVELOPED DURING SPEC MEETING IN LINE WITH DELIVERABLES.

# 3.3.3 Calculating of points for B-BBEE status level of contribution

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Points will be awarded to a bidder for attaining the B-BBEE status level of contribution in accordance with the table below:

B-BBEE Status Level of Contributor	Number of Points
1	20
2	18
3	14
4	12
5	8
6	6
7	4
8	2
Non-compliant contributor	0

- 3.3.4 Bidders are required to complete the preference claim form (SBD 6.1), and submit their original and valid B-BBEE status level verification certificate or a certified copy thereof or a sworn affidavit at the closing date and time of the bid in order to claim the B-BBEE status level point. The points scored by a bidder in respect of the level of B-BBEE contribution will be added to the points scored for price.
- 3.3.5 Only bidders who have completed and signed the declaration part of the preference claim form and who have submitted a B-BBEE Verification Certificate from a Verification Agency accredited by the South African Accreditation System (SANAS), or a Registered Auditor approved by the Independent Regulatory Board of Auditors (IRBA) or a sworn affidavit confirming annual turnover and level of black ownership in case of an EME and QSE together with the bid will be considered for preference points. A trust, consortium or joint venture (including unincorporated consortia and joint ventures) must submit a consolidated B-BBEE Status Level Verification Certificate for every separate tender.
- 3.3.6 Failure on the part of the bidder to comply with paragraphs 3.3.4 and 3.3.5 above will be deemed that preference points for B-BBEE status level of contribution are not claimed and will therefore be allocated a zero (0).
- 3.3.7 The Department of Transport may, before a bid is adjudicated or at any time, require a bidder to substantiate claims it has made with regard to preference.
- 3.3.8 The points scored will be rounded off to the nearest 2 decimals.

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- 3.3.9 In the event that two or more bids have scored equal total points, the contract will be awarded to the bidder scoring the highest number of preference points for B-BBEE.
- 3.3.10 However, when functionality is part of the evaluation process and two or more bidders have scored equal points including equal preference points for B-BBEE, the contract will be awarded to the bidder scoring the highest for functionality.
- 3.3.11 Should two or more bids be equal in all respects; the award shall be decided by the drawing of lots.
- 3.3.12 A contract may, on reasonable and justifiable grounds, be awarded to a bid that did not score the highest number of points.

### 4 RULES OF BIDDING

### 4.1 INFORMATION SESSION

- 4.1.1 There shall be no briefing session.
- 4.1.2 Firms may ask for clarification on this TOR or any of its Annexures up to close of business forty-eight (48) hours before the deadline for the submission of bids. Any request for clarification must be submitted by email to the Bid Office.

### 4.2 FORMAT AND SUBMISSION OF BIDS

- 4.2.1 Bidders must submit their bids on the stipulated closing date and time. Late bids will not be considered. All late bids must be collected within seven (7) days failing which the DOT will discard of such late proposals.
- 4.2.2 Bids must be submitted in two (2) envelopes, one (1) with the technical proposal and the other pricing. Supporting documents required for compliance including all the SDB documents except for SBD 1 and SBD 3.3, must be submitted together with the technical proposal.
- 4.2.3 Format of submission of proposals:
  - a. Envelopes must be clearly marked with Company name, DOT Nr and whether it is the technical or financial response;
  - b. Proposals must be submitted as one (1) original and four protected soft copies. Soft copies must be exact copies of the original document, and should be labelled properly.
- 4.2.4 In order to evaluate and adjudicate bids effectively, it is imperative that bidders submit responsive bids. To ensure a bid will be regarded as responsive it is essential to comply with all conditions pertaining to mandatory requirements.
- 4.2.5 Each bidder must attach all applicable documents in support of its bid in accordance with the requirements set out in this bid as well as any other relevant materials, photographs and/or attachments.

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- 4.2.6 Each bid, once submitted, constitutes a binding and irrevocable offer to provide the Services on the terms set out in the bid, which offer cannot be amended after its date of submission.
- 4.2.7 Department of Transport (DOT) reserves the right to accept or consider any bid in full or in part or any responses or submissions in relation thereto.
- 4.2.8 DOT reserves the right to appoint more than one bidder whose bid most successfully conforms to the Criteria and the Requirements in accordance with the terms and conditions described in the TOR.
- 4.2.9 DOT reserves the right to request any additional information that it may require or deem necessary. All such requests shall be in writing.
- 4.2.10 After careful consideration and thorough examination of the proposals, DOT shall select the successful Bidder whose proposal most closely satisfies the criteria and the requirements. The lowest price (management fee where applicable) offered will not necessarily be a decisive factor in choosing between Proposals.
- 4.2.11 The Department published the results of the outcome of a tender process, including the details of the successful bidder in the same media that was used to advertise the bid.

# 4.3 SUB-CONTRACTING, PARTNERSHIP/CONSORTIUM/JOINT VENTURE AND COMPANY REQUIREMENTS

- 4.3.1 A proposal submitted by a company, close corporation or other legal person must be accompanied by a resolution or agreement of the directors or members and be signed by a duly authorized person.
- 4.3.2 A proposal submitted by a partnership must be accompanied by a written partnership agreement
- 4.3.3 A proposal submitted by a consortium or joint venture of two or more parties must be accompanied by a signed memorandum of understanding between the parties to such consortium indicating:
  - a. the conditions under which the consortium will function;
  - b. its period of duration;
  - c. the persons authorized to represent it;
  - d. the participation of the several parties forming the consortium;
  - e. the benefits that will accrue to each party;
  - f. any other information necessary to permit a full appraisal of its functioning.

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### 5 CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION & INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

### 5.1 CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

- 5.1.1 **Confidentiality obligation**. Each Party ("the receiving Party") must treat and hold as confidential all information which they may receive from the other Party ("the disclosing Party") or which becomes known to them concerning the disclosing Party during the duration of this Contract.
- 5.1.2 **Nature of the confidential information.** The confidential information of the disclosing Party shall, without limitation, include:
  - a. all software and associated material and Documentation, including information contained therein:
  - b. all information relating to:
  - i. the disclosing Party's past, present and future research and development;
  - ii. the disclosing Party's business activities, products, services, customers and clients, as well as its technical knowledge and trade secrets;
  - iii. the terms and conditions of this Contract; and
  - iv. the Department's data.
- 5.1.3 The Parties shall, except as permitted by the Contract, not disclose or publish any confidential information in any manner, for any reason or purpose whatsoever without the prior written consent of the disclosing Party and in the event of the confidential information relating to a third party, it shall also be incumbent on the receiving Party to obtain the consent of such third party.
- 5.1.4 Receiving Party's obligations with regard to confidential information. The receiving Party agrees that in order to protect the proprietary interests of the disclosing Party in its confidential information:
  - a. it will only make the confidential information available to those of its Personnel who are actively involved in the execution of this Contract;
  - it will initiate internal security procedures reasonably acceptable to the disclosing Party to prevent unauthorised disclosure and will take all practical steps to impress upon those Personnel who need to be given access to confidential information, the confidential nature thereof;
  - c. subject to the right to make the confidential information available to their Personnel under clause 5.1.4. (a) above, they will not at any time, whether during this Contract or thereafter, either use any confidential information of the disclosing Party or directly or indirectly disclose any confidential information of the disclosing Party to third parties;
  - d. all written instructions, drawings, notes, memoranda and records of whatever nature relating to the confidential information of the disclosing Party which have or will come into the possession of the receiving Party and its Personnel, will be, and will at all times remain, the sole and absolute property of such Party and shall be promptly handed over to such Party when no longer required for the purposes of this Contract.
- 5.1.5 **Obligations in respect of confidential information upon termination.** Upon termination or expiry of this Contract, the receiving Party will deliver to the disclosing Party or at the

e M- ) disclosing Party's option, destroy all originals and copies of the disclosing Party's confidential information in its possession.

- 5.1.6 The aforementioned obligations shall not apply to any information which:
  - a. is lawfully in the public domain at the time of disclosure;
  - subsequently and lawfully becomes part of the public domain by publication or otherwise:
  - c. subsequently becomes available to the receiving Party from a source other than the disclosing Party, which source is lawfully entitled without any restriction on disclosure to disclose such confidential information; or
  - d. is disclosed pursuant to a requirement or request by operation of law, regulation or court order.
- 5.1.7 **Disclosure to professional advisors**. Nothing in this clause shall preclude the Parties from disclosing the confidential information to their professional advisors in the *bona fide* course of seeking business and professional advice.
- 5.1.8 **Severability.** The provisions of this clause 5 are severable from the rest of the provisions of this Contract and shall survive its termination and continue to be of full force and effect for a period of ten (10) years after the date of termination.

### 5.2 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

- 5.2.1 Ownership in Services vests in Department. All rights of ownership and copyright in the Services to be provided by the Contractor to the Department shall vest solely with the Department, and the Contractor will not make such information available to any other party without the written consent of the Department on such terms and conditions as may be stipulated by the Department at that time.
- 5.2.2 No aspect of the Services to infringe 3<sup>rd</sup> Party intellectual property rights. The Contractor warrants that no aspect of the Services provided in terms hereof will infringe any patent, design, copyright, trade secret or other proprietary right of any third party ("third party proprietary rights"), and the Contractor shall, at its own cost, defend the Department against any claim that the Services infringe any such third party proprietary rights, provided that the Department gives prompt notice to the Contractor of such claim and the Contractor controls the defence thereof.
- 5.2.3 The Contractor further indemnifies the Department against, and undertakes that it will pay all costs, damages and attorney fees, if any, finally awarded against the Department in any action which is attributable to such claim and will reimburse the Department with all costs reasonably incurred by the Department in connection with any such action.
- 5.2.4 **Process in the event of a claim**. Should any person make any claim against the Department in terms of clause 6.5.3, the Department shall give the Contractor notice thereof within ten (10) days of becoming aware of such claim to enable the Contractor to take steps to contest it.

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- 5.2.5 **Infringement of 3<sup>rd</sup> Party rights**. Should any third party succeed in its claim for the infringement of any third party proprietary rights, the Contractor shall, at its discretion and within thirty (30) days of the Services having been found to infringe:
  - a. obtain for the Department the right to continue using the subject of infringement or the parts thereof which constitute the infringement; or
  - b. replace the subject of infringement or the parts thereof which constitute the infringement with another product or service which does not infringe and which is materially similar to the subject of infringement; or
  - alter the subject of infringement in such a way as to render it non-infringing while still in all respects operating in substantially the same manner as the subject of infringement;
     or
  - d. withdraw the subject of infringement.
- 5.2.6 **Ownership.** Ownership of all Departmental data, whether under its control or not, shall continue to vest in the Department and the Contractor shall not obtain any proprietary rights of such data.
- 5.2.7 Data may only be used in performance of the Services. The Department's data in the possession of the Contractor, or to which the Contractor may have access during the currency of this Contract, may not be used by the Contractor for any purposes whatsoever other than as may be specifically required to enable the Contractor to comply with its obligations in terms of this Contract.
- 5.2.8 **Preservation of integrity of data**. Both Parties shall take reasonable precautions (having regard to the nature of their obligations in terms of this Contract), to preserve the integrity of the Department's data and to prevent any unauthorised access, corruption, or loss of such data.

# 6 TERMS AND CONDITIONS

# 6.1 GENERAL

- 6.1.1 The Department reserves the right to amend, modify or withdraw this Terms of Reference (TOR) document or amend, modify or terminate any of the procedures or requirements set out herein at any time and from time to time, without prior notice except where required by law, and without liability to compensate or reimburse any Service Provider.
- 6.1.2 Neither the Department, nor any of its respective, officers, or employees may make any representation or warranty, expressed or implied in this TOR document, and nothing contained herein is, or shall be relied upon as, a promise or representation, whether as to the past or the future.
- 6.1.3 The costs of preparing proposals and of negotiating the Contract will not be reimbursed.
- 6.1.4 The Department also reserves the right to call interviews with short-listed Service Providers before final selection, and to negotiate price with the Preferred Service Providers.

- 6.1.5 Firms may not contact the Department on any matter pertaining to their bid from the time when bids are submitted to the time the Contract is awarded. Any effort by a Service Provider to influence bid evaluation, bid comparisons or award decisions in any manner, may result in rejection of the bid concerned.
- 6.1.6 Bid submission requirements must be completed in sections and appendices provided in the bid document.
- 6.1.7 ALL BIDDERS MUST BE REGISTERED ON THE CENTRAL SUPPLIER DATABASE AT NATIONAL TREASURY. More information in this regards is available on <a href="https://www.ocpo.treasury.gov.za">www.ocpo.treasury.gov.za</a>. Proof of registration must be submitted together with the technical proposal.
- 6.1.8 Bidders may provide any additional information deemed important for the DOT to consider.
- 6.1.9 Prospective Bidders must at all times comply with the Department's Supply Chain rules and processes with regard to all projects and payments.

# 6.2 ORDER OF PRECEDENCE

- 6.2.1 In the event of any conflict between any provisions of the SCC, GCC, Proposal and any other document accompanying the Bid, the following order of precedence shall prevail
  - a. Standard Bidding Documents;
  - b. SCC:
  - c. GCC:
  - d. TOR;
  - e. SLA; and
  - f. Proposal.

# 6.3 DURATION

- 6.3.1 The project is expected to be for a period of 36 months/years.
- 6.3.2 The Contract shall commence on the Effective Date and, subject to the rights of termination stipulated herein, terminate on the Completion Date as specified in the Contract.

# 6.4 CONTRACT AMENDMENTS

6.4.1 No addition to, or variation, consensual cancellation, or novation of the Contract, and no waiver of any rights arising from the Contract, including this clause, shall be of any force or effect unless reduced to writing and signed by the duly authorised representatives of each of the Parties.

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# 6.5 SUBCONTRACTS

- 6.5.1 The Contractor shall notify the Department in writing of all sub-contracts awarded under the Contract, before the commencement of the Contract, as well as at any time during the Contract.
- 6.5.2 **The right to sub-contract.** The Contractor may, with the prior written consent of the Department, sub-contract any of its obligations in terms of this Contract, or any part thereof, to a third party, provided that:
  - a. such sub-contracting shall not absolve the Contractor from any responsibility for complying
    with its obligations in terms of this Contract and the Contractor hereby indemnifies and holds
    the Department harmless against any loss, harm or damage which the Department may
    suffer as a result of such sub-contracting;
  - b. the Contractor shall at all times remain the sole point of contact for the Department in respect of the Services by the Contractor.
- 6.5.3 **Department may withdraw consent.** The Department shall have the right at any time, and upon such good cause shown to withdraw such consent for a sub-contractor on thirty (30) days notice to the Contractor and in that event no claim against the Department by the Contractor or any other person on the grounds of the granting of such consent or the withdrawal thereof shall be entertained, and the Contractor indemnifies the Department against any such claims and costs so incurred."

# 6.6 CONTRACTOR'S PERSONNEL

- 6.6.1 **Project Team.** The Contractor shall make available the skills and expertise of the Project Team referred to in the Bid who shall be involved in the Contract or the Services, unless otherwise agreed to by the Department, which agreement shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- 6.6.2 **Exceptions**. Notwithstanding the provisions of clause 6.6.1, where, due to circumstances beyond the control of the Contractor, a member of the Project Team cannot act in accordance with the provisions of this clause due to their dismissal, resignation or incapacity, the Contractor shall, to the extent possible, implement an appropriate succession plan to minimise the effect of the unavailability of such member.
- 6.6.3 **Suitably qualified Personnel.** The Contractor shall employ suitably qualified, experienced and trained Personnel to provide the Services, provided that the Contractor shall be entitled in its discretion, to allocate Personnel resources in accordance with the technical or other skills and knowledge required, which discretion shall not have a negative impact on the provision of the Services.

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- 6.6.4 The Contractor's Personnel providing the Services may be absent for short periods of time for reasons including annual leave and training. The Contractor undertakes to avoid any disruption of the Services due to such circumstances.
- 6.6.5 Contractor to adhere to security procedures of the Department. The Contractor's Personnel including the Project Team shall at all times when on the Department's premises, adhere to the standard health, safety and security procedures and guidelines applicable to the Department's Personnel, as varied and conveyed by the Department to the Contractor from time to time.
- 6.6.6 Should the Department at any time have reason to believe that any of the Contractor's Personnel is failing to comply with such standard health, safety and security procedures and guidelines, the Department may deny such person access to any or all of the Department's premises or systems and require the Contractor to replace such person without delay.

# 6.7 PAYMENT

# 6.7.1 Invoice

The Contractor's Project Manager shall at the end of each deliverable submit a consolidated invoice, certified as correct by the Contractor's Project Manager, showing the actual work performed, hours worked, and manpower inputs for the task and associated costs accompanied by all supporting documents.

# 6.7.2 **Detailed Pricing.**

Service Providers must complete the required SBD Pricing documents and ensure that Prices are:

- a. Firm and inclusive of all costs, including disbursements. Firm prices mandate that any escalations/estimated escalations be included in the final ceiling amount.
- b. Inclusive of VAT, if applicable;
- c. Correctly calculated and identical to the financial proposal.
- d. A detailed pricing schedule should be attached to the SBD documents providing a proper cost breakdown, in line with deliverables, and indicating the proposed time frames.
- e. The Department uses a two-envelope system. NO PRICES MUST REFLECT IN THE TECHNICAL PROPOSAL.

### 6.7.3 Fees

Domestic hotel accommodation may not exceed R1440, inclusive of VAT per night per person. (incl. dinner, breakfast and parking), air travel must be restricted to economy class,

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and travel claims per kilometre may not exceed the rates approved by the Automobile Association of South Africa.

## 6.7.4 Rates

According to the 23 October 2013 Cabinet Resolution as defined in the National Treasury Instruction 01 of 2013/14: Cost Containment Measures sub-paragraph 4.2; the Consultants (or Service Provider) will only be remunerated on the following rates regime:

- The "Guidelines for fees" issued by the South African Institute of Chartered Accountants (SAICA);
- b. The "Guide on Hourly Fee Rates for Consultants", by the Department of Public Service and Administration (DPSA); or
- c. Based on the body regulating the profession of the Consultant.

# 6.7.5 Payment information

- a. An invoice only becomes due and payable:
  - i. When the Project Manager signs-off on the specific deliverable and submits the invoice for payment;
  - ii. When the invoice is correct with regards to calculations, information contained, banking details and supporting documents.
- b. It is important to ensure that invoices are correctly submitted and reference the project name, DOT number and Order Number.
- c. Non-compliance will delay the payment process.

# 6.7.6 Total Contract Price.

The Contract Price payable to the Contractor for the Services **shall not** exceed the ceiling price as set out in the Contract.

### 6.7.7 Price all-inclusive.

All prices are inclusive of any Value Added Tax, import, and all other duties.

### 6.8 DELIVERY AND DOCUMENTS

- 6.8.1 **Reports**. The Contractor shall provide the Department with detailed Documentation and Reports as set out in the Contract and Project Plan or when required in writing by the Department in both electronic format and hard copy.
- 6.8.2 Reports shall contain accurate information as to enable the Department to monitor and manage the Contractor's performance in terms of this Contract.
- 6.8.3 All Documentation and Reports shall be in English.

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# 6.9 PENALTY REGIME

- 6.9.1 Poor performance will results in penalties that include withholding of a minimum 30% of the total invoice of each affected phase / milestone until it is fixed before the final product is submitted. In the case where the performance has not been improved to the satisfaction of the Department and the final product is handed over, the original amount held back will not be paid over to the Service Provider under any circumstances. On the other hand an improved quality and/or performance, at the satisfaction of the Department, will require the outstanding part of the held back invoice to be paid to the Service Provider in full but with no additional interest.
- 6.9.2 The project milestones / phases are expected to be adhered to. Any deviation must be approved by the Department prior to any commencement of the changes. Failure to do so will result in a 5 % non-payment of that particular and/or affected phase(s).
- 6.9.3 Notwithstanding item 6.9.2 above, failure to meet the deadline as stipulated in item 1.2 and 13 will result in 30 % of the total outstanding payments for the project as whole not being paid over to the Service Provider if the poor performance is attributed to the Service Provider unless there is undisputed evidence that the fault lies with the Department."

## 6.10 TERMINATION

- 6.10.1 Should either Party fail to comply with any provision of this Contract the aggrieved Party may send a letter of demand to the defaulting Party, demanding compliance with such provision and should the defaulting Party, after a period of fourteen (14) days (or such longer periods as may under the circumstances be reasonably necessary) of the date of receipt of such written notice, remain in default, the aggrieved Party shall be entitled, without prejudice to any other rights it may have:
  - a. to claim specific performance from the defaulting Party and to claim such damages as it may have suffered; or
  - b. to discharge and execute the defaulting Party's obligations on its behalf and to recover the costs and disbursements incurred in respect thereof from that Party; or
  - c. to terminate this Contract and claim such damages as the aggrieved Party may have suffered from the defaulting Party."
- 6.10.2 The Department may, without prejudice to any other rights it may have, terminate this Contract by written notice to the Contractor, upon the occurrence of the following events, namely if:
  - a. the Contractor fails to adhere to set timeframes, service levels or service standards as determined in the TOR, SLA and/or Project Plan;
  - b. the Contractor, in the opinion of the Department, has engaged in corrupt or fraudulent practices in competing for or in executing the Contract;
  - c. judicial execution is levied on the Contractor's goods and which remains unpaid for 14 days after attachment;

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- d. there has been a material defect, error or failure by the Contractor to comply with applicable laws or rules in the Bid or in the awarding of this Contract which is incapable of rectification and that requires this Contract to be terminated;
- the Contractor, when advised that its Proposal has been accepted, has given notice of inability to sign or execute the Contract;
- f. the Contractor has abandoned its obligations in terms of this Contract;
- g. the Contractor has deliberately furnished inaccurate information in its Bid with regard to its previous experience relating to the Services, or with regard to any other material information; or
- h. the Contractor ceases to carry on business as the Contractor of the Service.
- 6.10.3 In the event that negotiations between the Department and the Preferred Service Provider/s fail with regard to the conclusion of a Contract, the Department reserves its right not to appoint the Preferred Service Provider/s without incurring any liability to compensate or reimburse the Preferred Service Provider/s.
- 6.10.4 In the event that the Contractor does not complete Services in terms of this Contract by the Completion Date, the Department may view this as a material breach of this Contract and claim specific performance, and/or damages.
- 6.10.5 The Preferred Service Provider shall be required to enter into a Service Level Agreement (SLA) prior to appointment.
- 6.10.6 The individuals proposed for professional work on the project shall remain on the project unless the Department grants prior permission to change the team composition. Such permission will not be withheld unreasonably.
- 6.10.7 The Department reserves the right to terminate the Agreement in the event that no consensus can be reached on the terms and conditions of a subsequent Service Level Agreement."

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# THE NATIONAL TREASURY

# Republic of South Africa



# GOVERNMENT PROCUREMENT: GENERAL CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

July 2010

# **GOVERNMENT PROCUREMENT**

# GENERAL CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT July 2010

# NOTES

The purpose of this document is to:

- (i) Draw special attention to certain general conditions applicable to government bids, contracts and orders; and
- (ii) To ensure that clients be familiar with regard to the rights and obligations of all parties involved in doing business with government.

In this document words in the singular also mean in the plural and vice versa and words in the masculine also mean in the feminine and neuter.

- The General Conditions of Contract will form part of all bid documents and may not be amended.
- Special Conditions of Contract (SCC) relevant to a specific bid, should be compiled separately for every bid (if (applicable) and will supplement the General Conditions of Contract. Whenever there is a conflict, the provisions in the SCC shall prevail.

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## **General Conditions of Contract**

### 1. Definitions

- 1. The following terms shall be interpreted as indicated:
- 1.1 "Closing time" means the date and hour specified in the bidding documents for the receipt of bids.
- 1.2 "Contract" means the written agreement entered into between the purchaser and the supplier, as recorded in the contract form signed by the parties, including all attachments and appendices thereto and all documents incorporated by reference therein.
- 1.3 "Contract price" means the price payable to the supplier under the contract for the full and proper performance of his contractual obligations.
- 1.4 "Corrupt practice" means the offering, giving, receiving, or soliciting of any thing of value to influence the action of a public official in the procurement process or in contract execution.
- 1.5 "Countervailing duties" are imposed in cases where an enterprise abroad is subsidized by its government and encouraged to market its products internationally.
- 1.6 "Country of origin" means the place where the goods were mined, grown or produced or from which the services are supplied. Goods are produced when, through manufacturing, processing or substantial and major assembly of components, a commercially recognized new product results that is substantially different in basic characteristics or in purpose or utility from its components.
- 1.7 "Day" means calendar day.
- 1.8 "Delivery" means delivery in compliance of the conditions of the contract or order.
- 1.9 "Delivery ex stock" means immediate delivery directly from stock actually on hand.
- 1.10 "Delivery into consignees store or to his site" means delivered and unloaded in the specified store or depot or on the specified site in compliance with the conditions of the contract or order, the supplier bearing all risks and charges involved until the supplies are so delivered and a valid receipt is obtained.
- 1.11 "Dumping" occurs when a private enterprise abroad market its goods on own initiative in the RSA at lower prices than that of the country of origin and which have the potential to harm the local industries in the

- 1.12 "Force majeure" means an event beyond the control of the supplier and not involving the supplier's fault or negligence and not foreseeable. Such events may include, but is not restricted to, acts of the purchaser in its sovereign capacity, wars or revolutions, fires, floods, epidemics, quarantine restrictions and freight embargoes.
- 1.13 "Fraudulent practice" means a misrepresentation of facts in order to influence a procurement process or the execution of a contract to the detriment of any bidder, and includes collusive practice among bidders (prior to or after bid submission) designed to establish bid prices at artificial non-competitive levels and to deprive the bidder of the benefits of free and open competition.
- 1.14 "GCC" means the General Conditions of Contract.
- 1.15 "Goods" means all of the equipment, machinery, and/or other materials that the supplier is required to supply to the purchaser under the contract.
- 1.16 "Imported content" means that portion of the bidding price represented by the cost of components, parts or materials which have been or are still to be imported (whether by the supplier or his subcontractors) and which costs are inclusive of the costs abroad, plus freight and other direct importation costs such as landing costs, dock dues, import duty, sales duty or other similar tax or duty at the South African place of entry as well as transportation and handling charges to the factory in the Republic where the supplies covered by the bid will be manufactured.
- 1.17 "Local content" means that portion of the bidding price which is not included in the imported content provided that local manufacture does take place.
- 1.18 "Manufacture" means the production of products in a factory using labour, materials, components and machinery and includes other related value-adding activities.
- 1.19 "Order" means an official written order issued for the supply of goods or works or the rendering of a service.
- 1.20 "Project site," where applicable, means the place indicated in bidding documents.
- 1.21 "Purchaser" means the organization purchasing the goods.
- 1.22 "Republic" means the Republic of South Africa.
- 1.23 "SCC" means the Special Conditions of Contract.
- 1.24 "Services" means those functional services ancillary to the supply of the goods, such as transportation and any other incidental services, such as installation, commissioning, provision of technical assistance, training, catering, gardening, security, maintenance and other such

obligations of the supplier covered under the contract.

1.25 "Written" or "in writing" means handwritten in ink or any form of electronic or mechanical writing.

### 2. Application

- 2.1 These general conditions are applicable to all bids, contracts and orders including bids for functional and professional services, sales, hiring, letting and the granting or acquiring of rights, but excluding immovable property, unless otherwise indicated in the bidding documents.
- 2.2 Where applicable, special conditions of contract are also laid down to cover specific supplies, services or works.
- 2.3 Where such special conditions of contract are in conflict with these general conditions, the special conditions shall apply.

### 3. General

- 3.1 Unless otherwise indicated in the bidding documents, the purchaser shall not be liable for any expense incurred in the preparation and submission of a bid. Where applicable a non-refundable fee for documents may be charged.
- 3.2 With certain exceptions, invitations to bid are only published in the Government Tender Bulletin. The Government Tender Bulletin may be obtained directly from the Government Printer, Private Bag X85, Pretoria 0001, or accessed electronically from <a href="https://www.treasury.gov.za">www.treasury.gov.za</a>

### 4. Standards

4.1 The goods supplied shall conform to the standards mentioned in the bidding documents and specifications.

# 5. Use of contract documents and information; inspection.

- 5.1 The supplier shall not, without the purchaser's prior written consent, disclose the contract, or any provision thereof, or any specification, plan, drawing, pattern, sample, or information furnished by or on behalf of the purchaser in connection therewith, to any person other than a person employed by the supplier in the performance of the contract. Disclosure to any such employed person shall be made in confidence and shall extend only so far as may be necessary for purposes of such performance.
- 5.2 The supplier shall not, without the purchaser's prior written consent, make use of any document or information mentioned in GCC clause 5.1 except for purposes of performing the contract.
- 5.3 Any document, other than the contract itself mentioned in GCC clause 5.1 shall remain the property of the purchaser and shall be returned (all copies) to the purchaser on completion of the supplier's performance under the contract if so required by the purchaser.
- 5.4 The supplier shall permit the purchaser to inspect the supplier's records relating to the performance of the supplier and to have them audited by auditors appointed by the purchaser, if so required by the purchaser.

### 6. Patent rights

6.1 The supplier shall indemnify the purchaser against all third-party claims of infringement of patent, trademark, or industrial design rights arising from use of the goods or any part thereof by the purchaser.

# 7. Performance security

- 7.1 Within thirty (30) days of receipt of the notification of contract award, the successful bidder shall furnish to the purchaser the performance security of the amount specified in SCC.
- 7.2 The proceeds of the performance security shall be payable to the purchaser as compensation for any loss resulting from the supplier's failure to complete his obligations under the contract.
- 7.3 The performance security shall be denominated in the currency of the contract, or in a freely convertible currency acceptable to the purchaser and shall be in one of the following forms:
  - (a) a bank guarantee or an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a reputable bank located in the purchaser's country or abroad, acceptable to the purchaser, in the form provided in the bidding documents or another form acceptable to the purchaser; or
  - (b) a cashier's or certified cheque
- 7.4 The performance security will be discharged by the purchaser and returned to the supplier not later than thirty (30) days following the date of completion of the supplier's performance obligations under the contract, including any warranty obligations, unless otherwise specified in SCC.

# 8. Inspections, tests and analyses

- 8.1 All pre-bidding testing will be for the account of the bidder.
- 8.2 If it is a bid condition that supplies to be produced or services to be rendered should at any stage during production or execution or on completion be subject to inspection, the premises of the bidder or contractor shall be open, at all reasonable hours, for inspection by a representative of the Department or an organization acting on behalf of the Department.
- 8.3 If there are no inspection requirements indicated in the bidding documents and no mention is made in the contract, but during the contract period it is decided that inspections shall be carried out, the purchaser shall itself make the necessary arrangements, including payment arrangements with the testing authority concerned.
- 8.4 If the inspections, tests and analyses referred to in clauses 8.2 and 8.3 show the supplies to be in accordance with the contract requirements, the cost of the inspections, tests and analyses shall be defrayed by the purchaser.
- 8.5 Where the supplies or services referred to in clauses 8.2 and 8.3 do not comply with the contract requirements, irrespective of whether such supplies or services are accepted or not, the cost in connection with these inspections, tests or analyses shall be defrayed by the supplier.
- 8.6 Supplies and services which are referred to in clauses 8.2 and 8.3 and which do not comply with the contract requirements may be rejected.
- 8.7 Any contract supplies may on or after delivery be inspected, tested or

analyzed and may be rejected if found not to comply with the requirements of the contract. Such rejected supplies shall be held at the cost and risk of the supplier who shall, when called upon, remove them immediately at his own cost and forthwith substitute them with supplies which do comply with the requirements of the contract. Failing such removal the rejected supplies shall be returned at the suppliers cost and risk. Should the supplier fail to provide the substitute supplies forthwith, the purchaser may, without giving the supplier further opportunity to substitute the rejected supplies, purchase such supplies as may be necessary at the expense of the supplier.

8.8 The provisions of clauses 8.4 to 8.7 shall not prejudice the right of the purchaser to cancel the contract on account of a breach of the conditions thereof, or to act in terms of Clause 23 of GCC.

### 9. Packing

- 9.1 The supplier shall provide such packing of the goods as is required to prevent their damage or deterioration during transit to their final destination, as indicated in the contract. The packing shall be sufficient to withstand, without limitation, rough handling during transit and exposure to extreme temperatures, salt and precipitation during transit, and open storage. Packing, case size and weights shall take into consideration, where appropriate, the remoteness of the goods' final destination and the absence of heavy handling facilities at all points in transit.
- 9.2 The packing, marking, and documentation within and outside the packages shall comply strictly with such special requirements as shall be expressly provided for in the contract, including additional requirements, if any, specified in SCC, and in any subsequent instructions ordered by the purchaser.

# 10. Delivery and documents

- 10.1 Delivery of the goods shall be made by the supplier in accordance with the terms specified in the contract. The details of shipping and/or other documents to be furnished by the supplier are specified in SCC.
- 10.2 Documents to be submitted by the supplier are specified in SCC.

### 11. Insurance

11.1 The goods supplied under the contract shall be fully insured in a freely convertible currency against loss or damage incidental to manufacture or acquisition, transportation, storage and delivery in the manner specified in the SCC.

# 12. Transportation

12.1 Should a price other than an all-inclusive delivered price be required, this shall be specified in the SCC.

# 13. Incidental services

- 13.1 The supplier may be required to provide any or all of the following services, including additional services, if any, specified in SCC:
  - (a) performance or supervision of on-site assembly and/or commissioning of the supplied goods;
  - (b) furnishing of tools required for assembly and/or maintenance of the supplied goods;
  - (c) furnishing of a detailed operations and maintenance manual for each appropriate unit of the supplied goods;

- (d) performance or supervision or maintenance and/or repair of the supplied goods, for a period of time agreed by the parties, provided that this service shall not relieve the supplier of any warranty obligations under this contract; and
- (e) training of the purchaser's personnel, at the supplier's plant and/or on-site, in assembly, start-up, operation, maintenance, and/or repair of the supplied goods.
- 13.2 Prices charged by the supplier for incidental services, if not included in the contract price for the goods, shall be agreed upon in advance by the parties and shall not exceed the prevailing rates charged to other parties by the supplier for similar services.

### 14. Spare parts

- 14.1 As specified in SCC, the supplier may be required to provide any or all of the following materials, notifications, and information pertaining to spare parts manufactured or distributed by the supplier:
  - (a) such spare parts as the purchaser may elect to purchase from the supplier, provided that this election shall not relieve the supplier of any warranty obligations under the contract; and
  - (b) in the event of termination of production of the spare parts:
    - (i) Advance notification to the purchaser of the pending termination, in sufficient time to permit the purchaser to procure needed requirements; and
    - (ii) following such termination, furnishing at no cost to the purchaser, the blueprints, drawings, and specifications of the spare parts, if requested.

### 15. Warranty

- 15.1 The supplier warrants that the goods supplied under the contract are new, unused, of the most recent or current models, and that they incorporate all recent improvements in design and materials unless provided otherwise in the contract. The supplier further warrants that all goods supplied under this contract shall have no defect, arising from design, materials, or workmanship (except when the design and/or material is required by the purchaser's specifications) or from any act or omission of the supplier, that may develop under normal use of the supplied goods in the conditions prevailing in the country of final destination.
- 15.2 This warranty shall remain valid for twelve (12) months after the goods, or any portion thereof as the case may be, have been delivered to and accepted at the final destination indicated in the contract, or for eighteen (18) months after the date of shipment from the port or place of loading in the source country, whichever period concludes earlier, unless specified otherwise in SCC.
- 15.3 The purchaser shall promptly notify the supplier in writing of any claims arising under this warranty.
- 15.4 Upon receipt of such notice, the supplier shall, within the period specified in SCC and with all reasonable speed, repair or replace the defective goods or parts thereof, without costs to the purchaser.
- 15.5 If the supplier, having been notified, fails to remedy the defect(s) within the period specified in SCC, the purchaser may proceed to take

such remedial action as may be necessary, at the supplier's risk and expense and without prejudice to any other rights which the purchaser may have against the supplier under the contract.

### 16. Payment

- 16.1 The method and conditions of payment to be made to the supplier under this contract shall be specified in SCC.
- 16.2 The supplier shall furnish the purchaser with an invoice accompanied by a copy of the delivery note and upon fulfillment of other obligations stipulated in the contract.
- 16.3 Payments shall be made promptly by the purchaser, but in no case later than thirty (30) days after submission of an invoice or claim by the supplier.
- 16.4 Payment will be made in Rand unless otherwise stipulated in SCC.

### 17. Prices

17.1 Prices charged by the supplier for goods delivered and services performed under the contract shall not vary from the prices quoted by the supplier in his bid, with the exception of any price adjustments authorized in SCC or in the purchaser's request for bid validity extension, as the case may be.

# 18. Contract amendments

18.1 No variation in or modification of the terms of the contract shall be made except by written amendment signed by the parties concerned.

### 19. Assignment

19.1 The supplier shall not assign, in whole or in part, its obligations to perform under the contract, except with the purchaser's prior written consent.

### 20. Subcontracts

20.1 The supplier shall notify the purchaser in writing of all subcontracts awarded under this contracts if not already specified in the bid. Such notification, in the original bid or later, shall not relieve the supplier from any liability or obligation under the contract.

# 21. Delays in the supplier's performance

- 21.1 Delivery of the goods and performance of services shall be made by the supplier in accordance with the time schedule prescribed by the purchaser in the contract.
- 21.2 If at any time during performance of the contract, the supplier or its subcontractor(s) should encounter conditions impeding timely delivery of the goods and performance of services, the supplier shall promptly notify the purchaser in writing of the fact of the delay, its likely duration and its cause(s). As soon as practicable after receipt of the supplier's notice, the purchaser shall evaluate the situation and may at his discretion extend the supplier's time for performance, with or without the imposition of penalties, in which case the extension shall be ratified by the parties by amendment of contract.
- 21.3 No provision in a contract shall be deemed to prohibit the obtaining of supplies or services from a national department, provincial department, or a local authority.
- 21.4 The right is reserved to procure outside of the contract small quantities or to have minor essential services executed if an emergency arises, the

supplier's point of supply is not situated at or near the place where the supplies are required, or the supplier's services are not readily available.

- 21.5 Except as provided under GCC Clause 25, a delay by the supplier in the performance of its delivery obligations shall render the supplier liable to the imposition of penalties, pursuant to GCC Clause 22, unless an extension of time is agreed upon pursuant to GCC Clause 21.2 without the application of penalties.
- 21.6 Upon any delay beyond the delivery period in the case of a supplies contract, the purchaser shall, without canceling the contract, be entitled to purchase supplies of a similar quality and up to the same quantity in substitution of the goods not supplied in conformity with the contract and to return any goods delivered later at the supplier's expense and risk, or to cancel the contract and buy such goods as may be required to complete the contract and without prejudice to his other rights, be entitled to claim damages from the supplier.

### 22. Penalties

22.1 Subject to GCC Clause 25, if the supplier fails to deliver any or all of the goods or to perform the services within the period(s) specified in the contract, the purchaser shall, without prejudice to its other remedies under the contract, deduct from the contract price, as a penalty, a sum calculated on the delivered price of the delayed goods or unperformed services using the current prime interest rate calculated for each day of the delay until actual delivery or performance. The purchaser may also consider termination of the contract pursuant to GCC Clause 23.

# 23. Termination for default

- 23.1 The purchaser, without prejudice to any other remedy for breach of contract, by written notice of default sent to the supplier, may terminate this contract in whole or in part:
  - (a) if the supplier fails to deliver any or all of the goods within the period(s) specified in the contract, or within any extension thereof granted by the purchaser pursuant to GCC Clause 21.2;
  - (b) if the Supplier fails to perform any other obligation(s) under the contract; or
  - (c) if the supplier, in the judgment of the purchaser, has engaged in corrupt or fraudulent practices in competing for or in executing the contract.
- 23.2 In the event the purchaser terminates the contract in whole or in part, the purchaser may procure, upon such terms and in such manner as it deems appropriate, goods, works or services similar to those undelivered, and the supplier shall be liable to the purchaser for any excess costs for such similar goods, works or services. However, the supplier shall continue performance of the contract to the extent not terminated.
- 23.3 Where the purchaser terminates the contract in whole or in part, the purchaser may decide to impose a restriction penalty on the supplier by prohibiting such supplier from doing business with the public sector for a period not exceeding 10 years.
- 23.4 If a purchaser intends imposing a restriction on a supplier or any

person associated with the supplier, the supplier will be allowed a time period of not more than fourteen (14) days to provide reasons why the envisaged restriction should not be imposed. Should the supplier fail to respond within the stipulated fourteen (14) days the purchaser may regard the intended penalty as not objected against and may impose it on the supplier.

- 23.5 Any restriction imposed on any person by the Accounting Officer / Authority will, at the discretion of the Accounting Officer / Authority, also be applicable to any other enterprise or any partner, manager, director or other person who wholly or partly exercises or exercised or may exercise control over the enterprise of the first-mentioned person, and with which enterprise or person the first-mentioned person, is or was in the opinion of the Accounting Officer / Authority actively associated.
- 23.6 If a restriction is imposed, the purchaser must, within five (5) working days of such imposition, furnish the National Treasury, with the following information:
  - (i) the name and address of the supplier and / or person restricted by the purchaser;
  - (ii) the date of commencement of the restriction
  - (iii) the period of restriction; and
  - (iv) the reasons for the restriction.

These details will be loaded in the National Treasury's central database of suppliers or persons prohibited from doing business with the public sector.

23.7 If a court of law convicts a person of an offence as contemplated in sections 12 or 13 of the Prevention and Combating of Corrupt Activities Act, No. 12 of 2004, the court may also rule that such person's name be endorsed on the Register for Tender Defaulters. When a person's name has been endorsed on the Register, the person will be prohibited from doing business with the public sector for a period not less than five years and not more than 10 years. The National Treasury is empowered to determine the period of restriction and each case will be dealt with on its own merits. According to section 32 of the Act the Register must be open to the public. The Register can be perused on the National Treasury website.

24. Anti-dumping and countervailing duties and rights 24.1 When, after the date of bid, provisional payments are required, or antidumping or countervailing duties are imposed, or the amount of a provisional payment or anti-dumping or countervailing right is increased in respect of any dumped or subsidized import, the State is not liable for any amount so required or imposed, or for the amount of any such increase. When, after the said date, such a provisional payment is no longer required or any such anti-dumping or countervailing right is abolished, or where the amount of such provisional payment or any such right is reduced, any such favourable difference shall on demand be paid forthwith by the contractor to the State or the State may deduct such amounts from moneys (if any) which may otherwise be due to the contractor in regard to supplies or services which he delivered or rendered, or is to deliver or render in terms of the contract or any other contract or any other amount which

may be due to him

### 25. Force Majeure

- 25.1 Notwithstanding the provisions of GCC Clauses 22 and 23, the supplier shall not be liable for forfeiture of its performance security, damages, or termination for default if and to the extent that his delay in performance or other failure to perform his obligations under the contract is the result of an event of force majeure.
- 25.2 If a force majeure situation arises, the supplier shall promptly notify the purchaser in writing of such condition and the cause thereof. Unless otherwise directed by the purchaser in writing, the supplier shall continue to perform its obligations under the contract as far as is reasonably practical, and shall seek all reasonable alternative means for performance not prevented by the force majeure event.

# 26. Termination for insolvency

26.1 The purchaser may at any time terminate the contract by giving written notice to the supplier if the supplier becomes bankrupt or otherwise insolvent. In this event, termination will be without compensation to the supplier, provided that such termination will not prejudice or affect any right of action or remedy which has accrued or will accrue thereafter to the purchaser.

# 27. Settlement of Disputes

- 27.1 If any dispute or difference of any kind whatsoever arises between the purchaser and the supplier in connection with or arising out of the contract, the parties shall make every effort to resolve amicably such dispute or difference by mutual consultation.
- 27.2 If, after thirty (30) days, the parties have failed to resolve their dispute or difference by such mutual consultation, then either the purchaser or the supplier may give notice to the other party of his intention to commence with mediation. No mediation in respect of this matter may be commenced unless such notice is given to the other party.
- 27.3 Should it not be possible to settle a dispute by means of mediation, it may be settled in a South African court of law.
- 27.4 Mediation proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the rules of procedure specified in the SCC.
- 27.5 Notwithstanding any reference to mediation and/or court proceedings herein,
  - (a) the parties shall continue to perform their respective obligations under the contract unless they otherwise agree; and
  - (b) the purchaser shall pay the supplier any monies due the supplier.

# 28. Limitation of liability

- 28.1 Except in cases of criminal negligence or willful misconduct, and in the case of infringement pursuant to Clause 6;
  - (a) the supplier shall not be liable to the purchaser, whether in contract, tort, or otherwise, for any indirect or consequential loss or damage, loss of use, loss of production, or loss of profits or interest costs, provided that this exclusion shall not apply to any obligation of the supplier to pay penalties and/or damages to the purchaser; and

(b) the aggregate liability of the supplier to the purchaser, whether under the contract, in tort or otherwise, shall not exceed the total contract price, provided that this limitation shall not apply to the cost of repairing or replacing defective equipment.

# 29. Governing language

29.1 The contract shall be written in English. All correspondence and other documents pertaining to the contract that is exchanged by the parties shall also be written in English.

# 30. Applicable law

30.1 The contract shall be interpreted in accordance with South African laws, unless otherwise specified in SCC.

### 31. Notices

- 31.1 Every written acceptance of a bid shall be posted to the supplier concerned by registered or certified mail and any other notice to him shall be posted by ordinary mail to the address furnished in his bid or to the address notified later by him in writing and such posting shall be deemed to be proper service of such notice
- 31.2 The time mentioned in the contract documents for performing any act after such aforesaid notice has been given, shall be reckoned from the date of posting of such notice.

# 32. Taxes and duties

- 32.1 A foreign supplier shall be entirely responsible for all taxes, stamp duties, license fees, and other such levies imposed outside the purchaser's country.
- 32.2 A local supplier shall be entirely responsible for all taxes, duties, license fees, etc., incurred until delivery of the contracted goods to the purchaser.
- 32.3 No contract shall be concluded with any bidder whose tax matters are not in order. Prior to the award of a bid the Department must be in possession of a tax clearance certificate, submitted by the bidder. This certificate must be an original issued by the South African Revenue Services.

# 33. National 33.1 Industrial Participation (NIP) Programme

The NIP Programme administered by the Department of Trade and Industry shall be applicable to all contracts that are subject to the NIP obligation.

# 34 Prohibition of Restrictive practices

- 34.1 In terms of section 4 (1) (b) (iii) of the Competition Act No. 89 of 1998, as amended, an agreement between, or concerted practice by, firms, or a decision by an association of firms, is prohibited if it is between parties in a horizontal relationship and if a bidder (s) is / are or a contractor(s) was / were involved in collusive bidding (or bid rigging).
- 34.2 If a bidder(s) or contractor(s), based on reasonable grounds or evidence obtained by the purchaser, has / have engaged in the restrictive practice referred to above, the purchaser may refer the matter to the Competition Commission for investigation and possible imposition of administrative penalties as contemplated in the Competition Act No. 89 of 1998.

34.3 If a bidder(s) or contractor(s), has / have been found guilty by the Competition Commission of the restrictive practice referred to above, the purchaser may, in addition and without prejudice to any other remedy provided for, invalidate the bid(s) for such item(s) offered, and / or terminate the contract in whole or part, and / or restrict the bidder(s) or contractor(s) from conducting business with the public sector for a period not exceeding ten (10) years and / or claim damages from the bidder(s) or contractor(s) concerned.

Js General Conditions of Contract (revised July 2010)

# ANNEXURE

# FINANCIAL PROPOSALS

# PART A INVITATION TO BID

YOU ARE HEREE	BY INVIT	ED TO BID FOR REQU	IREMENTS OF THE (NAI	ME OF DEPAR	RTMENT/ PUBLIC			
	D.O.T.(0)	2/0000/PT	01.001110.0115		40 = 1 000		CLOSING	44.00
BID NUMBER:		)/2022/RT 48 OF BEEEDENIC	CLOSING DATE:	OINITMENI	10 February 202		TIME:	11:00
			ES, OVERLAPING (					
			RT ENTITIES LEG					
			FIC ACT, 1996 (AC					
			CORDANCE WITH					
		`	LATION TO RATIO				,	
DESCRIPTION								
BID RESPONSE DOCUMENTS MAY BE DEPOSITED IN THE BID BOX SITUATED AT (STREET ADDRESS)								
NATIONAL DEPA	ARTMEN	IT OF TRANSPORT 159	FORUM BUILDING COR	RNER BOSMA	N AND STRUBEN	STRE	ET	
PRIVATE BAG X	193							
PRETORIA 0001								
BIDDING PROCE	DURE E	NQUIRIES MAY BE DIR	RECTED TO	TECHNICAL	ENQUIRIES MAY	BE DI	RECTED TO:	
CONTACT PERS	ON	MR J Mashinini/ MR T	MKHARI	CONTACT PERSON			MR J MC	OTSATSING
TELEPHONE NUI	MBER	012 309-3045/3011		TELEPHONE NUMBER			012 309-	3114/3574
FACSIMILE NUM	BER			FACSIMILE I	NUMBER			
E-MAIL ADDRESS		Mashininij@dot.gov.z	a/Mkharit@dot.gov.za	E-MAIL ADD	RESS		Motsats.	J@dot.gov.za
SUPPLIER INFO	RMATIO	N						
NAME OF BIDDE	R .							
POSTAL ADDRES	SS							
STREET ADDRES	SS							
TELEPHONE NUI	MBER	CODE			NUMBER			
CELLPHONE NUI	MBER							
FACSIMILE NUM	BER	CODE			NUMBER			
E-MAIL ADDRESS								
VAT REGISTRANUMBER	ATION							
SUPPLIER		TAX COMPLIANCE			CENTRAL			
COMPLIANCE STATUS		SYSTEM PIN:		OR	SUPPLIER			
					DATABASE No:	MAAA	1	
B-BBEE STATUS		TICK APPLI	CABLE BOX	B-BBEE STA	TUS LEVEL SWO			LICABLE BOX]
LEVEL VERIFICATION			•	AFFIDAVIT			•	
CERTIFICATE		Yes	□No				☐Yes	□No
		163						
[A B-BBEE STATUS LEVEL VERIFICATION CERTIFICATE/SWORN AFFIDAVIT (FOR EMES & QSEs) MUST BE SUBMITTED IN ORDER								
ARE YOU THE	OR PRE	FERENCE POINTS F	OR B-BBEEJ			1		
ACCREDITED				ADEVOLA	TODEICNI BACED			
REPRESENTATIVE IN					FOREIGN BASED OR <b>THE GOODS</b>			
SOUTH AFRICA FOR THE GOODS		1 1 1 2 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		/SERVICES /WORKS OFFERED?		□Yes	□No	
/SERVICES /WORKS		[IF YES ENCLOSE PROOF]				[IF YES, ANSWER PART B:3]		
OFFERED?								
QUESTIONNAIRE TO BIDDING FOREIGN SUPPLIERS								
IS THE ENTITY A RESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA (RSA)?								
DOES THE ENTITY HAVE A BRANCH IN THE RSA?								

				SBD1		
D	OES 1	THE ENTITY HAVE A PERMANENT ESTABLISHMENT IN THE RSA?		☐ YES ☐ NO		
D	OES 1	THE ENTITY HAVE ANY SOURCE OF INCOME IN THE RSA?		☐ YES ☐ NO		
IF	THE	ENTITY LIABLE IN THE RSA FOR ANY FORM OF TAXATION? ANSWER IS "NO" TO ALL OF THE ABOVE, THEN IT IS NOT A REQUIR DE FROM THE SOUTH AFRICAN REVENUE SERVICE (SARS) AND IF	EMENT TO REGISTER FOR A TAX COM	☐ YES ☐ NO PLIANCE STATUS SYSTE		
	PART B TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR BIDDING					
	1.	BID SUBMISSION:				
	1,1.	BIDS MUST BE DELIVERED BY THE STIPULATED TIME TO THE CONSIDERATION.	DRRECT ADDRESS. LATE BIDS WILL N	OT BE ACCEPTED FOR		
	1.2.	ALL BIDS MUST BE SUBMITTED ON THE OFFICIAL FORMS PROVIDE THE BID DOCUMENT.	ED-(NOT TO BE RE-TYPED) OR IN THE MA	ANNER PRESCRIBED IN		
	1.3.	1.3. THIS BID IS SUBJECT TO THE PREFERENTIAL PROCUREMENT POLICY FRAMEWORK ACT, 2000 AND THE PREFERENTIAL PROCUREMENT REGULATIONS, 2017, THE GENERAL CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT (GCC) AND, IF APPLICABLE, ANY OTHER SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT.				
	1.4. THE SUCCESSFUL BIDDER WILL BE REQUIRED TO FILL IN AND SIGN A WRITTEN CONTRACT FORM (SBD7).					
	2.	TAX COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS				
	2.1	BIDDERS MUST ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH THEIR TAX OBLIGAT				
	2.2	2.2 BIDDERS ARE REQUIRED TO SUBMIT THEIR UNIQUE PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (PIN) ISSUED BY SARS TO ENABLE THE ORGAN OF STATE TO VERIFY THE TAXPAYER'S PROFILE AND TAX STATUS.				
	2.3	2.3 APPLICATION FOR TAX COMPLIANCE STATUS (TCS) PIN MAY BE MADE VIA E-FILING THROUGH THE SARS WEBSITE WWW.SARS.GOV.ZA.				
	2.4	BIDDERS MAY ALSO SUBMIT A PRINTED TCS CERTIFICATE TOGET	THER WITH THE BID.			
	2.5	2.5 IN BIDS WHERE CONSORTIA / JOINT VENTURES / SUB-CONTRACTORS ARE INVOLVED, EACH PARTY MUST SUBMIT A SEPARATE TCS CERTIFICATE / PIN / CSD NUMBER.				
	2.6	WHERE NO TCS IS AVAILABLE BUT THE BIDDER IS REGISTERED COMUST BE PROVIDED.	N THE CENTRAL SUPPLIER DATABASE	(CSD), A CSD NUMBER		
	2.7	NO BIDS WILL BE CONSIDERED FROM PERSONS IN THE SERVICE PERSONS IN THE SERVICE OF THE STATE, OR CLOSE CORPORD STATE."	E OF THE STATE, COMPANIES WITH I ATIONS WITH MEMBERS PERSONS IN	DIRECTORS WHO ARE THE SERVICE OF THE		
	NB:	FAILURE TO PROVIDE / OR COMPLY WITH ANY OF THE ABOVE PA	RTICULARS MAY RENDER THE BID INV	ALID.		
	SIG	NATURE OF BIDDER:		mod)		
		PACITY UNDER WHICH THIS BID IS SIGNED: of of authority must be submitted e.g. company resolution)				
	DAT	TE:				

# PRICING SCHEDULE (Professional Services)

NAME OF BIDDER:			BID NO.: DOT/20/2022/RT.				
CLOSING	CLOSING TIME 11:00			CLOSING DATE 10 February 2023			
OFFER TO	BE VA	ALID FOR 120 DAYS FROM THE CLOSING DATE OF BID.					
ITEM NO		DESCRIPTION	BID PRICE IN RSA CURRENCY **(ALL APPLICABLE TAXES INCLUDED)				
	1.	The accompanying information must be used for the formulation of proposals.					
	2.	Bidders are required to indicate a ceiling price based on the total estimated time for completion of all phases and including all expenses inclusive of all applicable taxes for the project.	R				
	3.	PERSONS WHO WILL BE INVOLVED IN THE PROJECT AND RATES APPLICABLE (CERTIFIED INVOICES MUST BE RENDERED IN TERMS HEREOF)					
	4.	PERSON AND POSITION	HOURLY RATE	DA	ILY RATE		
			R		00 00 ng 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
			R		00 007, MBB   1   2   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1		
			R				
			R				
			R		,		
	5.	PHASES ACCORDING TO WHICH THE PROJECT WILL BE COMPLETED, COST PER PHASE AND MAN-DAYS TO BE SPENT					
			R		days		
			R		days		
			R		days		
			R		days		
	5.1	Travel expenses (specify, for example rate/km and total km, class of airtravel, etc). Only actual costs are recoverable. Proof of the expenses incurred must accompany certified invoices.					
		DESCRIPTION OF EXPENSE TO BE INCURRED	RATE	QUANTITY	AMOUNT		
					R		
					R		
			2010/04/2010/04/2010/04/20	***************	R		
					R		

TOTAL: R....

<sup>\*\* &</sup>quot;all applicable taxes" includes value- added tax, pay as you earn, income tax, unemployment insurance contributions and skills development levies.

	Bid No.: DOT/20/2022/RT					
Bidd	ler:					
5.2	Other expenses, for example accommodation (specify, eg. Three star hotel, bed and breakfast, telephone cost, reproduction cost, etc.). On basis of these particulars, certified invoices will be checker for correctness. Proof of the expenses must accompany invoices.	d				
	DESCRIPTION OF EXPENSE TO BE INCURRED	RATE	QUANTITY	AMOUNT		
		TOTAL: R		R R R		
6.	Period required for commencement with project after acceptance of bid					
7.	Estimated man-days for completion of project		*******************			
8.	Are the rates quoted firm for the full period of contract?			*YES/NO		
9.	If not firm for the full period, provide details of the basis on which adjustments will be applied for, for example consumer price index.					

# \*[DELETE IF NOT APPLICABLE]

Any enquiries regarding bidding procedures may be directed to the -

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT Mr. Tyron Mkhari/ John Mashinini Supply Chain Management Tel: 012 309-3011/3045

Or for technical information -

Name of

DEPARTMRNT OF TRANSPORT Mr. John Motsatsing Tel: 012 309-3114/3574 E-mail: MotsatsJ@dot.gov.za