



an agency of the
Department of Sport, Arts and Culture

REQUEST FOR TENDER FOR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

RFT	NM 003/23
ISSUE DATE	14 NOVEMBER 2023
CLOSING DATE	13 DECEMBER 2023
CLOSING TIME	12H00

BRIEFING SESSION DATE	17 NOVEMBER 2023
BRIEFING SESSION TIME	12H00
BRIEFING SESSION VENUE	OLIEWENHUIS ART MUSEUM 16 HARRY SMITH STREET BLOEMFONTEIN 9301
CONTACTPERSON	<u>scm@nasmus.co.za</u>

REQUEST FOR TENDER FOR REPAIR AND REFURBISHMENT OF OLIEWENHUIS ART MUSEUM ROOF

1. INTRODUCTION

The National Museum - a natural history, cultural history and art museum was established in 1877 and is a declared cultural institution, which resorts under the Department of Sports, Arts and Culture and is governed by a council. The mission of the National Museum is to provide heritage resources and an enjoyable experience to all people through quality research, conservation, education and exhibitions. More information about the organisation can be found at www.nasmus.co.za

2. PURPOSE

The museum is looking for a construction company for the repair and refurbishment of the Oliewenhuis Art Museum roof. Reference should be made to the bill of quantities and scope of work contained in this tender document.

3. DURATION AND CONDITIONS OF THE TENDER

3.1 Duration:

- (a) The duration of the contract will be for a once-off repair and refurbishment of the roof as determined by the project manager.
- (b) The successful tenderer shall be obliged to sign a Service Level Agreement (SLA) immediately after the tender is awarded.

4. CONDITIONS

4.1 Tenderers shall provide the National Museum with the following information:

- (a) Their regional and headquarters,
- (b) Names, addresses and telephone numbers of their banks or other financial institutions that manage their finances and the names of contact persons at each financial institution;
- (c) The names, identity numbers and street addresses of all partners and shareholders of their companies;
- (d) A list of references with company letterhead; at least three (3) written contactable references for similar work done not older than five (5) years.

4.2 Prospective tenderer shall visit the site in order to ascertain the extent of the repairs and refurbishment required to be rendered. A compulsory site meeting will be held on the **17th of November 2023, at 12h00** at the National Museum; Oliewenhuis Art Museum, No. 16 Harrismith Street, Bloemfontein.

5. SCOPE OF WORK

5.1 Description of the works

Broken or missing slate tiles should be replaced by new roof tiles to match the existing. Size 405x205mm to be re-checked on site (conventional slate method). Underlying waterproofing membrane is to be inspected and repaired where applicable (by a slate roof specialist). All valleys and ridges are to be inspected and repaired where applicable (by a slate roof specialist). Wooden support battens are to be inspected for rot and replaced/repaired where applicable. Roof- and gable-mounted lightning protection system to be assessed and repaired and a new CoC issued by qualified installers. All exposed truss-ends are to be sanded, sealed and repainted. All barge-boards are to be replaced with new ones to match existing.

5.2 Existing premises will be in use and occupied

The successful contractor must provide the project manager with a construction programme before any work is commenced

5.3 Drawings

Refer to Annexure A - Drawings

6. Construction

6.1 Works specification

The Model Preambles for Trades (2008 edition) as published by the Association of South African Quantity Surveyors shall be deemed to be incorporated in these bills of quantities and no claims arising from brevity of descriptions of items fully described in the said Model Preambles will be entertained.

6.2 Applicable SANS 2001 standards

The following parts of SANS 2001 Construction works standards and associated specifications are applicable to the works.

6.3 Applicable national and international standards

All applicable National and International standards for construction work applicable to general buildings shall be applicable.

6.4 Particular / generic specifications

Any particular/generic specification applicable to a specific item/element will be addressed as a supplementary preamble in front of each bill/trade.

6.5 Plant and materials supplied by the employer

N/A

6.6 Existing services

N/A

6.6.1 Known services

N/A

6.7 Temporary services

6.7.1 Water

The employer does not warrant that the water supply that may exist is adequate for the proper execution of the works. Where such supply is inadequate, the contractor shall provide an adequate supply at his own expense. Water for the works shall be provided by:

Option A

The contractor including necessary temporary plumbing - No

Option B

The employer to the contractor (free of charge). The contractor shall connect to the existing water supply at approved points and execute any necessary temporary plumbing - Yes

Option C

The employer to the contractor. The contractor shall make connections to the existing water supply at approved points, supply and install meters and execute any necessary temporary work. The employer shall meter the consumption for which the contractor shall be responsible – No

6.7.2 Electricity

The Employer does not warrant that any electricity supply that may exist is adequate for the proper execution of the works. Where such supply is inadequate, the contractor shall provide an adequate supply at his own expense. Electricity and lighting for the works shall be provided by:

Option A

The contractor including necessary temporary installation work - No

Option B

The employer to the contractor (free of charge). The contractor shall connect to the existing electricity supply at approved points and execute any necessary temporary installation - Yes

Option C

The employer to the contractor. The contractor shall make connections to the existing electricity supply at approved points, supply and install meters and execute any necessary temporary work. The employer shall meter the consumption for which the contractor shall be responsible – No

6.7.3 Telecommunication facilities

The contractor shall provide the following telecommunication facilities and shall be entitled to recover usage costs from the users thereof;

Telephone - Yes

Facsimile - Yes

E-mail – Yes

6.7.4 Ablution facilities

Ablution facilities shall be provided for the use of all persons on the site by:

Option A

The contractor shall maintain such facilities in a thoroughly clean and tidy condition – Yes. Does this mean the contractor will install porta-loos? It would be a better option for them to share the garden contractor's ablution facilities.

Option B

The employer who shall permit the use of existing facilities. The contractor shall maintain such facilities in a thoroughly clean and tidy condition and make good any damage thereto at his own expense – No

6.8 Facilities provided by the contractor

The contractor shall provide, maintain and remove on completion: All plant, equipment, scaffolding, tools and the like required by the contractor for the due and proper fulfilment of the works.

6.8.1 Office accommodation for meetings

Sufficient office accommodation for meetings held on site which shall be kept clean and fit for use at all times. We don't have space- they'll have to rent a container if office space is needed.

6.8.2 Advertising rights

All advertising rights on the site and the hoarding are reserved exclusively for the employer.

6.8.3 Notice boards

Not Applicable

6.8.4 Enclosure of the works

The contractor shall erect, maintain and remove on completion, hoardings with gantries, fans, safety screens, barriers, access gates, covered gangways and the like as necessary for the enclosure of the works and elements thereof, all for the protection of the public and others.

7. Management

7.1.1 Management of the work

7.1.2 Applicable SANS 1921 standards

All site pegs, boundary beacons and datum levels shall be identified and all values of these items shall be provided to the contractor at the access dates.

7.1.3 Protection of the works

7.1.4 Protection of existing trees and shrubs

Protection of existing trees and shrubs is required. Where "yes" the specific requirements are described below or detailed in the contract documents. Trees and plants that are to be removed will be pointed out by the Principal Agent (removal elsewhere included in these Bills of Quantities).

7.1.5 Disturbance

7.1.6 Environmental disturbance

Extreme care must be taken not to disturb the direct environment, natural or otherwise.

7.1.7 Other contractors on site

N/A

7.1.8 Annexures

Annexure B

Occupational health and safety specification for construction works contracts

1. Scope

This health and safety specification with respect to an engineering and construction works contract:

- a) provides the overarching framework within which the Contractor is required to demonstrate compliance with certain requirements for occupational health and safety established by the Occupational Health and Safety Act of 1993;
- b) establishes the manner in which the Contractor is to manage the risk of health and safety incidents in the execution of the contract; and
- c) establishes the manner in which the Employer's health and safety agent will interact with the Contractor.

Note:

1) This specification establishes general requirements to enable the Employer and the Contractor to satisfy the Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (Act No. 85 of 1993) and the Construction Regulations, 2003.

2) The Construction Regulations, 2003, require an Employer to stop any Contractor from executing construction work which is not in accordance with the Contractor's health and safety plan for the site or which poses to be a threat to the health and safety of persons.

3) This specification establishes generic health and safety requirements Site specific requirements for health and safety are stated in the scope of work associated with a contract.

2. Definitions

Act: the Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (Act No. 85 of 1993)

Competent person: any person having the knowledge, training and experience specific to the work or task being performed

Employer's Health and Safety Agent: the person appointed as agent by the Employer in terms of Regulation 4(5) of the Construction regulations and named in the contract data as the being the employer's agent responsible for health and safety matters

ergonomics: the application of scientific information concerning humans to the design of objects, systems and the environment for human use in order to optimize human well-being and overall system performance

Hazard: a source of or exposure to danger

Hazard identification: the identification and documenting of existing or expected hazards to the health and safety of persons, which are normally associated with the type of construction work being executed or to be executed

Health and safety plan: a documented plan which addresses hazards identified and includes safe work procedures to mitigate, reduce or control the hazards identified.

Healthy: free from illness or injury attributable to occupational cause

incident: an event or occurrence occurring at work or arising out of or in connection with the activities of persons at work, or in connection with the use of plant or machinery, in which, or in consequence of which:

- a) any person dies, becomes unconscious, suffers the loss of a limb or part of a limb or is otherwise injured or becomes ill to such a degree that he is likely either to die or to suffer a permanent physical defect or likely to be unable for a period of at least 14 days either to work or to continue with the activity for which he was employed or is usually employed
- b) a major incident occurred; or
- c) the health or safety of any person was endangered and where: i) a dangerous substance was spilled; ii) the uncontrolled release of any substance under pressure took place; iii) machinery or any part thereof fractured or failed resulting in flying, falling or uncontrolled moving objects; or machinery ran out of control

Inspector: a person designated as such under section 28 the Act

Major incident: an occurrence of catastrophic proportions, resulting from the use of plant or machinery, or from activities at a workplace

- a) the severity and scope of the hazard or risk concerned;
- b) the state of knowledge reasonably available concerning that hazard or risk and of any means of removing or mitigating that hazard or risk;

- c) the availability and suitability of means to remove or mitigate that hazard or risk;
and
- d) The cost of removing or mitigating that hazard or risk in relation to the benefits deriving therefrom;

Registered person: a person registered in terms of the Electrical Installation Regulations

Risk: the probability that injury or damage will occur

Safe: free from any hazard

Scaffold: any temporary elevated platform and supporting structure used for providing access to and supporting workmen or materials or both

Structure

- a) any building, steel or reinforced concrete structure (not being a building), railway line or siding, bridge, waterworks, reservoir, pipe or pipeline, cable, sewer, sewage works, fixed vessels, road, drainage works, earthworks, dam, wall, mast, tower, tower crane, batching plants, pylon, surface and underground tanks, earth retaining structure or any structure designed to preserve or alter any natural feature, and any other similar structure;
- b) any formwork, false work, scaffold or other structure designed or used to provide support or means of access during construction work; or
- c) any fixed plant in respect of work which includes the installation, commissioning, decommissioning or dismantling and where any such work involves a risk of a person falling two meters or more

Substance: any solid, liquid, vapor, gas or aerosol, or combination thereof

Suitable: capable of fulfilling or having fulfilled the intended function or fit for its intended purpose

Workplace: any premises or place where a person performs work in the course of his employment

3. Interpretation

3.1 The Act and its associated regulations shall have precedence in the interpretation of any ambiguity or inconsistency between it and this specification.

3.2 Compliance with the requirements of this specification does not necessarily result in compliance with the provisions of the Act

4. Requirements

4.1 General requirement

The Contractor shall:

- a) Create and maintain a safe and healthy work environment,
- b) Execute the works in a manner that complies with all the requirements of the Act and all its associated regulations, and in so doing, minimize the risk of incidents occurring; and
- c) Respond to the notices issued by the Employer's Health and Safety Agent as follows:
 - 1) **Improvement Notice:** improve health and safety performance over time so that repeat notices are not issued;
 - 2) **Contravention Notice:** rectify contravention as soon as possible;
 - 3) **Prohibition Notice:** terminate affected activities with immediate effect and only

4.2 Administration

4.2.1 Notification of intention to commence construction work

4.2.1.1 The Contractor shall notify the Provincial Director of the Department of Employment & Labor in writing using a form similar to that contained in Annexure A of the Construction Regulations issued in terms of the Act before construction work commences and retain a copy of such notification in the health and safety file where such work;

- a) involves the demolition of a structure exceeding a height of 3m;
- b) involves the use of explosives to perform construction work;
- c) involves the dismantling of fixed plant at a height greater than 3m;
- d) exceeds 30 days or will involve more than 300 person day of construction work; and includes:
 - i) excavation work deeper than 1m; or
 - ii) Working at a height greater than 3 m above ground or a landing.

4.2.1.2 The Contractor shall ensure that no work commences on an electrical installation which requires a new supply or an increase in electricity supply before the person who supplies or contracts or agrees to supply electricity to that electrical installation has been notified of such work.

4.2.1.3 The Contractor shall ensure that no asbestos work is carried out before the Provincial Director of the Department of Employment & Labor has been notified in writing.

4.2.2 Copy of the Act

The Contractor shall ensure that a copy of the Act and relevant regulations is available on site for inspection by any person engaged in any activity on the site.

4.2.3 Good standing with the compensation fund or a licensed compensation insurer

The Contractor shall before commencing with any works on the site provide the Employer's Health and Safety Representative with proof of good standing with the compensation fund or with a licensed compensation insurer

4.2.4 Emergency procedures

4.2.4.1 The Contractor shall submit for acceptance to Employer's Health and Safety Agent an emergency procedure which include but not limited to fire, spills, accidents to employees, exposure to hazardous substances, which:

- a) identifies the key personnel who are to be notified of any emergency;
- b) sets out details including contact particulars of available emergency services; and
- c) the actions or steps which are to be taken during an emergency

4.2.4.2 The Contractor shall within 24 hours of an emergency taking place notify the Employer's Health and Safety Agent in writing of the emergency and briefly outline what happened and how it was dealt with:

4.2.5 Health and safety file

a) Documents required prior to commencing with physical construction activities;

1) The Contractor's health and safety policy, signed by the chief executive officer, which outlines the Contractor's objectives and how they will be achieved and implemented by the Contractor;

2) The notification made to the Provincial Director of Employment & Labor, and if relevant, the notification of the person who supplies or contracts or agrees to supply electricity to that electrical installation;

3) The letters of appointment, as relevant, of the construction supervisor for the site in respect of construction works covered by the Construction Regulations and the registered person responsible for the electrical installation covered by the Electrical Installations Regulations;

4) A copy of the certificate of registration of the registered person responsible for the electrical installation covered by the Electrical Installations Regulations;

5) The approval of the design of the part of an electrical installation which has a voltage in excess of 1 kV by a person deemed competent in terms of the Electrical Installations Regulations;

6) Proof of registration of the electrical contractor who undertakes the electrical installation in terms of the Electrical Installations Regulations;

7) The preliminary hazard identification undertaken by a competent person;

- 8) The organogram which outlines the roles and responsibilities of the construction supervisor's assistants and safety officers; and
 - 9) The contractor's health and safety plan;
 - 10) The emergency procedures;
 - 11) The procedure for the replacement of lost, stolen, worn or damaged personal protective clothing and
 - 12) Proof that the contractor is registered and in good standing with the compensation fund or with a licensed compensation insurer;
- b) Documents required after construction activities have commenced
 - 1) The letters of appointments, if relevant, of:
 - i) Persons who are required to assist the construction supervisor;
 - ii) Safety officers;
 - iii) Health and safety representatives
 - iv) Replacement construction supervisor, and
 - v) Assistants of construction supervisor.
 - 2) Any revisions to the organogram which outlines the roles and responsibilities of the construction supervisor's assistants and safety officers;
 - 3) Each and every subcontract agreement
 - 4) Proof that every subcontractor is registered and in good standing with the compensation fund or with a licensed compensation insurer;
 - 5) Proof of all subcontractor's induction training whenever it is conducted;
 - 6) Copies of the minutes of the Contractor's subcontractors health and safety meetings;
 - 7) Copies of each of the Contractor's subcontractors' health and safety policy, signed by the Chief Executive Officer, which outlines the Contractor's objectives and how they will be achieved and implemented by the Contractor;
 - 8) The health and safety plans of all the Contractor's subcontractors who are required to provide such plans
 - 9) A comprehensive and updated list of all the subcontractors employed on site by the contractor, including the type of work being performed by such sub-contractors;
 - 10) The outcomes of the monthly audits for compliance with the approved health and safety plan of each and every sub-contractor working on the site;
 - 11) Any report made to an inspector by the health and safety committee;

- 12) The minutes of all health and safety meetings and any recommendations made to the Contractor by the health and safety committee;
- 13) The findings of all audit reports made regarding the implementation of the Contractor's or a subcontractor's health and safety plan;
- 14) The inputs of the safety officer, if any, into the health and safety plan;
- 15) Details of induction training conducted whenever it is conducted including the list of attendees;
- 16) Proof of the following where suspended platforms are used:
 - i) A certificate of system design issued by a professional engineer, professional certificated engineer or a professional engineering technologist;
 - ii) Proof of competency of erectors;
 - iii) Proof of compliance of operational design calculations with requirements of the system design certificate;
 - iv) Proof of performance test results;
 - v) Sketches indicating the completed system with the operational loading capacity of the platform;
 - vi) Procedures for and records of inspections having been carried out;
 - iii) procedures for and records of maintenance work having been carried out;
 - iv) proof that the prescribed documentation has been forwarded to the provincial director;
- 17) Letters of appointments for competent persons to supervise the activities which law requires to be so supervised;
- 18) A copy of risk assessments made by competent persons
- 19) Records of the register of inspections made by a competent person immediately before and during the placement of concrete or any other load on formwork;
- 20) The names of the first aiders on site and copies of the first aid certificates of competency;
- 21) The names of the persons the persons who are in possession of valid certificate of competency in first aid and copies of such certificates;
- 22) Details of all incidents together with the Contractor's report on such incident; and
- 23) The record of inspections carried out by the designers of structures to ensure compliance with designs.

4.2.5.2 The health and safety file shall be made available for inspection by any inspector, subcontractor, the Project Manager, the Employer's Health and Safety Agent or employee of the Contractor upon the request of such persons.

4.2.5.3 The Contractor shall hand over the health and safety file to the Employer's Health and Safety Agent upon completion of the contract and if relevant, a certificate of compliance accompanied by a test report for the electrical installation in accordance with the provisions of the Electrical Installation Regulations.

4.2.6 Health and safety committee

4.2.6.1 The Contractor shall convene health and safety meetings whenever more than two health and safety representatives have been appointed for the site. These meetings shall be attended by all health and safety representatives and persons nominated by the Contractor. Such meetings shall be convened at least once every month to:

- a) Make recommendations to the Contractor regarding any matter affecting the health or safety of persons on the site; and
- b) Discuss any incident on the site in which or in consequence of which any person was injured, became ill or died.

4.2.6.2 The Contractor shall consult with the health and safety committee on the development, monitoring and review of the risk assessment.

4.2.6.3 The Contractor shall ensure that minutes of the health and safety committee meetings are kept.

4.2.6.4 The Employer's Health and Safety Agent shall be invited to attend such meetings as an observer.

4.2.7 Inspections, formal enquires and incidents

4.2.7.1 The Contractor shall inform the relevant safety representative:

- a) beforehand of inspections, investigations or formal inquiries of which he has been notified by an inspector; and
- b) as soon as reasonably practicable of the occurrence of an incident on the site.

4.2.7.2 The Contractor shall record all incidents and notify the Employer's Health and Safety Agent of any incident, except in the case of a traffic accident on a public road, as soon as possible after it has occurred and report such incidence to an inspector.

4.2.7.3 The Contractor shall investigate all incidents and issue the Employer's Health and Safety Agent with copies of such investigations.

4.2.8 Personal protective equipment and clothing

The Contractor shall ensure that:

- a) all workers are issued with the necessary personal protective clothing;
- b) all workers are identifiable at all times by having the company for which they work for printed on the back or front of their overalls; and
- c) clear procedures are in place for the replacement of lost, stolen, worn or damaged personal and protective clothing.

4.3 Appointments

4.3.1 Health and safety representatives

4.3.1.1 The Contractor shall appoint in writing one health and safety representative for every 50 employees working on the site, whenever there are more than 20 employees on the site, to:

- a) review the effectiveness of health and safety measures;
- b) identify potential hazards and potential major incidents;
- c) in collaboration with his employer, examine the causes of incidents;

- d) investigate complaints by any employee of the Contractor relating to that employee's health or safety on the site;
- e) make representations to the Contractor on matters arising from a), b), c) or d) or on general matters affecting the health or safety of the employees at the workplace;
- g) inspect the site with a view to, the health and safety of employees, at regular intervals;
- h) participate in consultations with inspectors at the workplace and accompany inspectors on inspections of the workplace; and
- i) participate in any internal health or safety audit.

4.3.1.2 The Contractor shall provide the health and safety representatives with the necessary assistance, facilities and training to carry out the functions established in 4.3.1.1.

4.3.2 Appointment of construction supervisor and safety officers

4.3.2.1 The Contractor shall, prior to commencing the work, appoint a full-time competent employee in writing as the construction supervisor for the site, with the duty of supervising the performance of the work falling within the scope of the contract and may appoint one or more competent employees to assist the appointed construction supervisor.

4.3.2.2 The Contractor may, having considered the size of the project, the degree of dangers likely to be encountered or the accumulation of hazards or risks on the site, appoint a full-time or part-time construction safety officer in writing, who has in the Contractor's opinion the necessary competencies and resources, to assist the Contractor in the control of all safety related aspects on the site.

4.3.2.3 The Contractor shall compile and maintain an organogram which outlines the roles and responsibilities of the construction supervisor's assistants and safety officers.

4.3.3 Competent persons

4.3.3.1 The Contractor shall appoint in writing competent persons to supervise or inspect, as relevant, any of the following:

- a) formwork and support work operations;
- b) excavation work;
- c) demolition work;
- d) scaffolding work operations;
- e) suspended platform work operations;
- f) material hoists;
- g) operation of batch plants;
- h) explosive power tools;
- i) vehicles and mobile equipment;
- j) fire equipment; and
- k) the stacking and storage of articles on the site.

4.3.3.2 The Contractor shall appoint in writing competent persons to:

- a) Induct employees in health and safety; and
- b) Prepare a fall protection plan.

4.4 Employer's health and safety agent

4.4.1 The Employer's Health and Safety Agent shall;

- a) audit the Contractor's compliance with the requirements of this specification prior to the commencement of any physical construction activities on the site;
- b) accept or reject all safety plans, giving reasons for rejecting such plans;
- c) monitor the effective implementation of all safety plans;
- d) conduct periodic and random audits on the health and safety file to establish compliance with the requirements of this specification;
- e) visit the site at regular intervals to conduct site inspections, and based upon such visits issue, wherever necessary, Improvement Notices, Contravention Notices and Prohibition Notices, to the Contractor or any of the Contractor's subcontractors with a copy to the Project Manager and, where relevant, to the Contractor.

4.4.2 The Contractor shall invite the Employer's Health and Safety Agent to audit compliance with the requirements of this specification before commencing with any physical construction activity on the site.

4.5 Creating and maintaining a safe and healthy work environment

4.5.1 General

4.5.1.1 The Contractor shall with respect to the site and the construction works that are contemplated;

- a) cause a preliminary hazard identification to be performed by a competent person before commencing any physical construction activity;
- b) evaluate the risks associated with such work constituting a hazard to the health and safety of such employees and the steps that need to be taken to comply with the Act; and
- c) as far as is reasonably practicable, prevent the exposure of such employees to the hazards concerned or, where prevention is not reasonably practicable, minimize such exposure.

4.5.1.2 The Contractor shall ensure that:

- a) all reasonably practicable steps are taken to prevent the uncontrolled collapse of any new or existing structure or any part thereof, which may become unstable or is in a temporary state of weakness or instability due to the carrying out of construction work;
- b) no structure or part of a structure is loaded in a manner which would render it unsafe; and
- c) account of information, if any, provided by the designer of the structure is taken into account in the risk assessment;

Note: The information provided by the designer should outline known or anticipated dangers or hazards relating to the works and make available all information required for the safe execution of the work. It should provide as relevant, geotechnical information (or make reference to reports provided in the site information), the loading the structure is designed to withstand, the methods and sequence of construction.

4.5.1.3 The Contractor shall carry out regular inspections and audits to ensure that the works are being performed in accordance with the requirements of this specification

4.5.2 Risk assessment

4.5.2.1 The Contractor shall before the commencement of any work on site and during construction work, cause a risk assessment to be performed by a competent person appointed in writing. Such an assessment shall as a minimum:

- a) Identify the risks and hazards to which persons may be exposed to;
- b) Analyze and evaluate the identified risks and hazards;
- c) Document a plan of safe work procedures, including the use of any personal protective equipment or clothing and the undertaking of periodic “toolbox talks” or inductions before undertaking hazardous work, to mitigate, reduce or control the risks and hazards that have been identified;
- d) Provide a monitoring plan; and
- e) Provide a review plan.

Note: A risk assessment is an important step in protecting workers as well as complying with the law. It helps to focus on the risks that really matter in a particular workplace – the ones with the potential to cause real harm. Workers and others have a right to be protected from harm caused by a failure to take reasonable control measures. The following four steps are recommended:

- 1) **Identify the hazards** by looking at what could reasonably be expected to cause harm, ask employees or their representatives what they think, obtain advice from trade associations or publications on health and safety, check manufacturer’s instructions or data sheets for chemicals and equipment as they can be very helpful in spelling out the hazards and putting them in their true perspective, review accident and ill-health records, think about long-term hazards to health (e.g. high levels of noise or exposure to harmful substances) as well as safety hazards etc.
- 2) **Identify who may be harmed and how** by identifying how groups of people might be harmed i.e. what type of injury or ill health might occur.
- 3) **Evaluate the risks and decide on precautions** by doing everything ‘reasonably practicable’ to protect people from harm i.e. by looking at how things are done, what controls are in place and how the work is organized and comparing this against good practice to see if more can be done to bring practices up to standard. Consider if the hazard can be got rid of all together, and if not how can the risks be controlled so that harm is unlikely, e.g. try a less risky option (e.g. switch to using a less hazardous chemical); prevent access to the hazard (e.g. by guarding); organize work to reduce exposure to the hazard (e.g. put barriers between pedestrians and traffic); issue personal protective equipment (e.g. clothing, footwear, goggles etc); and provide welfare facilities (e.g. first aid and washing facilities for removal of contamination).
- 4) **Record the findings** by writing down the findings of the risk assessment.

4.5.2.2 The Contractor shall ensure that as far as is reasonably practicable, ergonomic related hazards are analysed, evaluated and addressed in the risk assessment.

4.5.2.3 Notwithstanding the provisions of the fall protection plan, the Contractor shall ensure that:

- a) all unprotected openings in floors, edges, slabs, hatchways and stairways are adequately guarded, fenced or barricaded or that similar means are used to safeguard any person from falling through such openings;
- b) No person works in an elevated position, unless such work is performed safely as if working from a scaffold or ladder;
- c. notices are conspicuously placed at all openings where the possibility exists that a person might fall through such openings;
- d. fall prevention and fall arrest equipment is:
 - i) suitable and of sufficient strength for the purpose or purposes for which it is being used having regard to the work being carried out and the load, including any person, it is intended to bear; and
 - ii) securely attached to a structure or plant and the structure or plant and the means of attachment thereto is suitable and of sufficient strength and stability for the purpose of safely supporting the equipment and any person who is liable to fall;
- e) Fall arrest equipment is only used where it is not reasonably practicable to use fall prevention equipment; and
- f) Suitable and sufficient steps are taken to ensure, as far as is reasonably practicable, that in the event of a fall by any person, the fall arrest equipment or the surrounding environment does not cause injury to the person.

4.5.2.4 Where roof work is being performed on a construction site, the Contractor shall ensure that it is indicated in the fall protection plan that:

- a) The roof work has been properly planned;
- b) The roof erectors are competent to carry out the work;
- c) No employees are permitted to work on roofs during inclement weather conditions or if weather conditions are a hazard to the health and safety of the employees;
- d) Prominent warning notices are to be placed where all covers to openings are not of sufficient strength to withstand any imposed loads and where fragile material exists; e) the areas mentioned in paragraph (d) are to be barricaded off to prevent persons from entering;
- f) Suitable and sufficient platforms, coverings or other similar means of support have been provided to be used in such a way that the weight of any person passing across or working on or from fragile material is supported; and
- g) There is suitable and sufficient guard-rails or barriers and toe-boards or other similar means of protection to prevent, so far as is reasonably practicable, the fall of any person, material or equipment.

4.5.3 Health and safety plan

4.5.3.1 The Contractor shall prior to commencing the works to which this specification applies, submit to the Employer's Health and Safety Agent for approval, a suitable and sufficiently documented health and safety plan, based on the above-mentioned specification and the risk assessment that was conducted.

4.5.3.2 The health and safety plan shall as a minimum provide:

- a) the information contained in Table 1 in respect of each of the hazards associated with work falling within the scope of the contract (see Figure 1); and

Table 1: Example of the format of a health and safety plan

What are the hazards relating to work tasks?	Who might be harmed and how?	What are the safe work procedures for the site?	What further action is necessary (monitoring and review?)	Action by whom	Action by when

b) an outline of the manner in which the Contractor intends complying with the requirements of this specification.

4.5.3.3 The Contractor shall discuss the submitted health and safety plan with the Employer’s Health and Safety Agent, modify such plan in the light of the discussions and resubmit the modified plan for approval.

4.5.3.4 The Contractor shall apply the approved health and safety plan from the date of its commencement and for the duration of the works to which this specification applies.

4.5.3.5 The Contractor shall conduct periodic audits for compliance with the approved health and safety plan at intervals agreed upon with the Employer’s Health and Safety Agent, but at least once every month.

4.5.3.5 The Contractor shall update the health and safety plan whenever changes to the works are brought about.

4.5.4 Fall protection plan

4.5.4.1 The Contractor shall require a competent person to prepare a fall protection plan in compliance with the requirements of the Construction Regulations.

4.5.4.2 The Contractor shall ensure that the construction supervisor is in possession of the most recently updated version of the fall protection plan.

4.5.5 Responsibilities towards employees and visitors

4.5.5.1 The Contractor shall as far as is reasonably practicable, cause every employee to be made conversant with the hazards to his health and safety attached to any work which he has to perform, any article or substance which he has to produce, process, use, handle, store or transport and any plant or machinery which he is required or permitted to use, as well as with the precautionary measures which should be taken and observed with respect to those hazards or safe work procedures.

4.5.5.2 The Contractor shall ensure that all employees under his or her control are:

a) informed, instructed and trained by a competent person regarding any hazard and the related work procedures before any work commences, and thereafter at such times as may be determined in the risk assessment; and

b) Issued with proof of health and safety induction training issued by a competent person and carry proof of such induction when working on site.

4.5.5.3 The Contractor shall cause a record of training to be kept which indicates the names, identity numbers and job description of all those who attended such training.

4.5.5.4 The Contractor shall not allow or permit any employee to enter the site, unless such person has undergone health and safety induction training pertaining to the hazards prevalent on the site at the time of entry.

4.5.5.5 The Contractor shall ensure that each visitor to a construction site, save where such visitor only visits the site office and is not in direct contact with the construction work activities: a) undergoes health and safety instruction pertaining to the hazards prevalent on the site; and b) is provided with the necessary personal protective equipment.

4.5.5.6 The Contractor shall provide suitable on-site signage to alert workers and visitors to health and safety requirements. Such signage shall include but not be limited to:

- a) Unauthorized entrance prohibited;
- b) Signage to indicate what personal protective equipment is to be worn; and
- c) Activity related signs.

4.5.5.7 The Contractor shall not permit any person who is or who appears to be under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, to enter or remain at a workplace.

4.5.6 Subcontractors

4.5.6.1 The Contractor may only subcontract work in terms of a written subcontract and shall only appoint a subcontractor should he be reasonably satisfied that such a subcontractor has the necessary competencies and resources to safely perform the work falling within the scope of the contract. Such a subcontract shall require that the subcontractor to:

- a) Co-operate with the Contractor as far as is necessary to enable both the Contractor and sub-contractor to comply with the provisions of the Act; and
- b) as far as is reasonably practicable, promptly provide the Contractor with any information which might affect the health and safety of any person at work carrying out work or any person who might be affected by the work of such a person at work or which might justify a review of the health and safety plan.

4.5.6.2 The Contractor shall provide any sub-contractor who is submitting a tender or appointed to perform a sub-contract falling within the scope of the contract, with the relevant sections of this specification and any work specific information which might be pertinent to the sub-contract.

4.5.6.3 The Contractor shall take reasonable steps as are necessary to ensure:

- a) co-operation between all sub-contractors to enable each of those sub-contractors to comply with the requirements of the Act and associated regulations; and
- b) that each sub-contractor's health and safety plan is implemented

4.5.6.4 The Contractor shall conduct periodic audits for compliance with the approved health and safety plan of each and every sub-contractor working on the site at intervals agreed upon with such subcontractors, but at least once per month.

4.5.6.5 The Contractor shall stop any subcontractor from executing construction work which is not in accordance with the Contractor's or subcontractor's health and safety plan for the site or which poses a threat to the health and safety of persons.

4.5.6.6 The Contractor shall ensure that where changes to the works occur, sufficient health and safety information and appropriate resources are made available to subcontractor to execute the work safely.

4.5.6.7 The Contractor shall ensure that:

a) Every subcontractor is registered and in good standing with the compensation fund or with a licensed compensation insurer prior to work commencing on site;

b) Potential subcontractors submitting tenders have made provision for the cost of health and safety measures during the construction process; and

c) Every subcontractor has in place a documented health and safety plan prior to commencing any work on site which falls within the scope of the contract.

4.5.6.8 The contractor shall receive, discuss and approve health and safety plans submitted by subcontractors.

4.5.6.9 The contractor shall ensure that all subcontractors are informed regarding any hazard as stipulated in the risk assessment before any work commences, and thereafter at such times as may be determined in the risk assessment.

4.5.6.10 The contractor shall reasonably satisfy himself that all employees of subcontractors are informed, instructed and trained by a competent person regarding any hazard and the related work procedures before any work commences, and thereafter at such times as may be determined in the risk assessment.

4.5.6.11 The Contractor shall satisfy himself that ensure that all subcontractor employees deployed in the site are:

a) informed, instructed and trained by a competent person regarding any hazard and the related work procedures before any work commences, and thereafter at such times as may be determined in the risk assessment; and

b) issued with proof of health and safety induction training issued by a competent person and carry proof such induction when working on site.

4.5.7 First aid, emergency equipment and procedures

4.5.7.1 The Contractor shall where more than five employees are employed at a workplace, provide a first aid box or boxes at or near the workplace which shall be available and accessible for the treatment of injured persons at that workplace. Such first aid boxes shall contain suitable first aid equipment.

4.5.7.2 The Contractor shall ensure that where there are more than 10 employees employed on the site that for every group of up to 50 employees at that workplace, at least one person is Occupational Health and Safety Specification for Construction Works Contracts 16 readily available during normal working hours, who is in possession of a valid certificate of competency in first aid.

4.5.8 Facilities for workers

4.5.8.1 The Contractor shall provide and keep clean and fit for use at or within reasonable access of the site:

- a) At least one shower facility for every 15 workers;
- b) At least one sanitary facility for every 30 workers;
- c) Changing facilities for each sex; and
- d) Sheltered eating areas.

4.5.8.2 A contractor shall provide reasonable and suitable living accommodation for the workers at construction sites which are remote from their homes and where adequate transportation between the site and their homes, or other suitable living accommodation, is not available

6. MANDATORY BID REQUIREMENTS

Each bidder will be evaluated by a panel on the basis of compliance with requirements and submission of required documents as instructed/requested in the below.

Please note that if any of the documentations are not submitted it will be a not-responsive tender and may lead to disqualification.

Order	Mandatory documents to be submitted in the order as indicated below
1	A company profile, the mission and values of your organization, proven track record and details of experience in repairs and refurbishment of the roof of heritage sites or buildings.
2	A copy of valid registration with Construction Industry Development Board (CIDB) – CIDB grading 2GB or Higher.
3	A copy of valid registration or membership of the Engineering Council of South Africa (ECSA)
4	A Copy of valid original business registration documents.
5	Authorization letter on company letterhead or certified letter from the business entity, which authorizes the signer to sign the relevant documents on behalf of the firm or company
6	All the requirements regarding the formation of the Joint Venture, consortium, partnership, sub construction and any other form of a company must be adhered to.
7	Letter of good standing from the Compensation Commissioner (COID)

8	Proof of Public Liability Insurance (R2,000,00.00)
9	Incorporated Joint Ventures to attach the Incorporated Joint Venture agreement (The agreement should stipulate Management responsibilities, Profit sharing, Partner's Liabilities/responsibilities and Management contributions) if applicable
10	Valid B-BBEE Verification Certificate from a Verification Agency accredited by the South African National Accreditation Systems (SANAS) or a Registered Auditor approved by the Independent Regulatory Board of Auditors (IRBA) or an Accounting Officer as contemplated in the Close Corporation Act (CCA) confirming micro enterprise with annual turnover less than R5 million per annum or a valid BBEE declaration.
	<i>The completion of the following enclosed documentation:</i>
11	Detailed project plan (including Health & safety plan working with heights & method statement)
12	SBD 1 - Invitation to Bid
13	SBD 2 – Supplier should be tax compliant & provide a valid SARS pin
14	SBD 3.3 - Pricing Schedule (Professional Services)
15	SBD 4 - Declaration of Interest
16	SBD 6.1 - Preference Points Claim
17	SBD 8 - Declaration of bidder's past Supply Chain Management Practices
18	SBD 9 - Certificate of Independent Bid Determination

The service provider must submit the following;

1. Proof of at least 3 years' experience in construction industry; and at least three contactable written reference letters in the letterhead of the client, where similar work was done detailing
 - i) work done
 - ii) duration of work
 - iii) the value of the work
 - iv) signature of the customer
2. Copies of detailed CV(s) and qualification(s) of a Project Manager and a Site Agent must be attached.

Please note that failure to comply with the above mandatory bid requirements may result in a bid not being considered as an acceptable bid for further evaluation.

7. EVALUATION CRITERIA

The National Museum is committed to achieving the government's transformation objectives in terms of the Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act (PPPFA).

The 80/20 evaluation system shall be applicable to this bid. The evaluation of the bids will be conducted in the following two stages:

- Functionality
- Price & preference points

NB: Functionality: Bidders must score a minimum of 70 points to be assessed on price and preference points.

FUNCTIONALITY CRITERIA	POINTS ALLOCATION
<p>1. Proof of at least 3 years' experience in construction industry; and at least three contactable written reference letters in the letterhead of the client, where similar work was done detailing</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> v) work done vi) duration of work vii) the value of the work viii) signature of the customer <p>Please attached contactable references</p> <p>Scoring Criteria 1 year = 1 2 years = 2 3 years = 3 4 years = 4 5 years = 5 or more</p>	30
<p>The Health and Safety Specialist to be engaged on the project must have at least a minimum of 3 year full-time experience as a Health and Safety Officer or specialist in construction industry in general.</p> <p>Attach CV and Qualifications of the Safety Manager, The CV must clearly indicate the number of years (experience) and the role they played in rendering similar services and professional registration (SACPCMP) is a requirements (Heritage Buildings)</p> <p>Scoring Criteria No experience indicated or CV attached = 0 1-2 years experience plus professional registration = 2</p>	20

<p>3-4 Years experience plus professional registration = 3 5-7 Years experience plus professional registration = 4 8 Or more More years of experience plus professional registration = 5</p>	
<p>The project manager to be engaged on the project must have at least a minimum of 3 year full-time experience as project manager in construction in general</p> <p>Attach CV of the Project Manager. The CV must clearly indicate the number of years (experience) and the role they played in rendering similar services and professional registration (SACPCMP) as per the requirements (Built Environment)</p> <p>Scoring Criteria</p> <p>No experience indicated or CV attached = 0 1-2 years experience plus professional registration = 2 3-4 Years experience plus professional registration = 3 5-7Years experience plus professional registration = 4 8 or More years of experience plus professional registration = 5</p>	20
<p>The Site Agent to be engaged on the project must have at least a minimum of 3 year full-time specific experience in repairs and refurbishment of buildings</p> <p>Attach CV of the Site Agent. The CV must clearly indicate the number of years (experience) and the role they played in rendering similar services and professional registration (ECSA)</p> <p>Scoring Criteria</p> <p>No experience indicated or CV attached = 0 1-2 years specific heritage site or heritage building experience plus professional registration = 2 3-4specific heritage site or heritage building experience plus professional registration = 3 5-7specific heritage site or heritage building experience plus professional registration = 4 8 or More years of experience plus professional registration = 5</p>	15
<p>Detailed project plan (including Health & safety plan working with heights & method statement)</p>	15
TOTAL	100

8. Preferential procurement

In accordance with the Preferential Procurement Regulations of 2022, NM has determined the following specific goals for which preference points will be awarded:

Goal 1: Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment

Section 10 of the B-BBEE Act enjoins every public entity to take into account and apply the B-BBEE Codes of Good Practice in determining and implementing a preferential procurement policy. NM will thus award preference points to suppliers based on their B-BBEE specific preferential goals.

Goal 2: Empowerment of Local Businesses

NM is in the Free State, a rural province on the margins of economic activity. To develop and empower local businesses based in the Free State, NM will award preference point to suppliers based in the Free State.

Goal 3: Youth Empowerment

Youth participation in the economy is crucial for the growth and development of the South African economy, but their participation has been limited by several factors. One of the main challenges for youth has been the high levels of unemployment. The unemployment rate for young people in South Africa is much higher than the national average, which makes it difficult for them to enter the labour market and participate in the economy.

In an effort to empower youth and encourage their participation in the economy, NM will award preference points to businesses which are at least 51% owned by youth.

Goal 4: Women Empowerment

Women participation in the economy is crucial for the growth and development of the South African economy, but their participation has been limited by several factors. For women, the challenge has been unequal access to economic opportunities, including education, training, and employment. Women in South Africa often face discrimination and gender-based violence, which can limit their ability to participate in the economy. Additionally, women tend to be concentrated in low-paying, informal sector jobs, which offer little security and limited opportunities for advancement.

To empower women and encourage their participation in the economy, NM will award preference points to businesses which are at least 51% owned by women.

Goal 5: Empowerment of People with Disabilities

People with disabilities face significant barriers to participating in the South African economy. According to the World Bank, about seven million South Africans have some form of disability, and they are more likely to experience poverty and unemployment compared to those without disabilities.

People with disabilities often face discrimination in the labour market and have limited access to education, training, and employment opportunities. They may also face physical and attitudinal barriers, making it difficult for them to fully participate in the economy.

In an effort to empower people with disabilities and encourage their participation in the economy, NM will award preference points to businesses which are at least 51% owned by people with disabilities.

Points awarded for each goal

Preferential points will be awarded as per below scoring:

CRITERION	80/20	90/10
B-BBEE Status	4	2
Businesses Based in the Free State	4	2
Ownership by Youth	4	2
Ownership by Women	4	2
Ownership by People with Disabilities	4	2
	20	10

B-BBEE Status Points will be awarded as per below:

B-BBEE STATUS	80/20	90/10
Level 1	4	2
Level 2	3	1.5
Level 3	2	1
Level 4 and below	1	0.5
Non-compliant	0	0

Ownership Points for Youth, Women, and People with Disabilities will be awarded as per below:

OWNERSHIP	80/20	90/10
Above 50%	4	2
Above 40%	3	1.5
Above 25%	2	1
Above 10%	1	0.5

Proof of claim

Service providers must submit valid proof of claim for any of the above criteria as stipulated in the bid documents. Failure to submit proof of claim will not disqualify a bid but will result in points not being awarded for any criterion for which proof of claim has not been submitted or is invalid.

1. Summary of general principles

- Non-compliance to compulsory requirements will lead to disqualification of bidder, except were non-compliance with tax matters which is subject to provision of grace period of at least 7 days that will be provided to the preferred service provider to resolve non-tax compliance.
- Failure by this preferred service provider to rectify its tax matters to a compliant status within the grace period provided will lead to an automatic disqualification.
- Validity period for bids or formal written quotations submitted shall be valid for a minimum period of thirty (60) days. The formal written price quotations received from the service provider/supplier will be regarded as valid for 60 days despite expiry date less than 60 days indicated on a quote.
- The lowest or only proposal received will not necessarily be accepted
- National Museum reserves the right to withdraw its decision to seek the provision of these services at any time.
- There will be no discussions with any bidder until final decision has been taken by the Bid Adjudication Committee. Any subsequent discussions shall be at the discretion of National Museum.

2. Reasons for disqualifications

National Museum will disqualify any proposal for any one or more of the following reasons;

- A bidder submits a proposal late;
- A bidder submits a proposal via facsimile or e-mail;
- A bidder does not submit one or more mandatory documents;
- A bidder submits incomplete documentation and/or information as per the requirements; and
- A Bidder submits information which is fraudulent, factually untrue, or inaccurate

Any such disqualifications will take place without prior notice to the applicable bidder.

14. Submission Date and Closing time

Bidders must submit their bids in a single (one) hard copy proposal in a sealed envelope, reflecting the bid number marked for the attention of Supply Chain Management into the tender box located in the Reception Area at the **National Museum at 36 Aliwal Street, Bloemfontein Central, Bloemfontein, 9301.** at or before **12h00** on the **13 December 2023.**

No emailed or faxed proposals shall be accepted.

For any inquiries regarding this process, kindly send an email to: scm@nasmus.co.za

15. Acceptance of Terms and conditions

The above terms and conditions of this bid have been read, understood and accepted. For and on behalf of the Bidder:

.....

Bidder's Name & Surname

Designation

Signature of Bidder

Date

Signature of the Witness

Date

TRADING NAME: _____

CONTACT PERSON: _____

CONTACT NUMBER: _____

THE NATIONAL TREASURY

Republic of South Africa



GOVERNMENT PROCUREMENT: GENERAL CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

July 2010

GOVERNMENT PROCUREMENT
GENERAL CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT
July 2010

NOTES

The purpose of this document is to:

- (i) Draw special attention to certain general conditions applicable to government bids, contracts and orders; and
- (ii) To ensure that clients be familiar with regard to the rights and obligations of all parties involved in doing business with government.

In this document words in the singular also mean in the plural and vice versa and words in the masculine also mean in the feminine and neuter.

- The General Conditions of Contract will form part of all bid documents and may not be amended.
- Special Conditions of Contract (SCC) relevant to a specific bid, should be compiled separately for every bid (if applicable) and will supplement the General Conditions of Contract. Whenever there is a conflict, the provisions in the SCC shall prevail.

TABLE OF CLAUSES

1. Definitions
2. Application
3. General
4. Standards
5. Use of contract documents and information; inspection
6. Patent rights
7. Performance security
8. Inspections, tests and analysis
9. Packing
10. Delivery and documents
11. Insurance
12. Transportation
13. Incidental services
14. Spare parts
15. Warranty
16. Payment
17. Prices
18. Contract amendments
19. Assignment
20. Subcontracts
21. Delays in the supplier's performance
22. Penalties
23. Termination for default
24. Dumping and countervailing duties
25. Force Majeure
26. Termination for insolvency
27. Settlement of disputes
28. Limitation of liability
29. Governing language
30. Applicable law
31. Notices
32. Taxes and duties
33. National Industrial Participation Programme (NIPP)
34. Prohibition of restrictive practices

General Conditions of Contract

1. Definitions

1. The following terms shall be interpreted as indicated:
 - 1.1 “Closing time” means the date and hour specified in the bidding documents for the receipt of bids.
 - 1.2 “Contract” means the written agreement entered into between the purchaser and the supplier, as recorded in the contract form signed by the parties, including all attachments and appendices thereto and all documents incorporated by reference therein.
 - 1.3 “Contract price” means the price payable to the supplier under the contract for the full and proper performance of his contractual obligations.
 - 1.4 “Corrupt practice” means the offering, giving, receiving, or soliciting of any thing of value to influence the action of a public official in the procurement process or in contract execution.
 - 1.5 "Countervailing duties" are imposed in cases where an enterprise abroad is subsidized by its government and encouraged to market its products internationally.
 - 1.6 “Country of origin” means the place where the goods were mined, grown or produced or from which the services are supplied. Goods are produced when, through manufacturing, processing or substantial and major assembly of components, a commercially recognized new product results that is substantially different in basic characteristics or in purpose or utility from its components.
 - 1.7 “Day” means calendar day.
 - 1.8 “Delivery” means delivery in compliance of the conditions of the contract or order.
 - 1.9 “Delivery ex stock” means immediate delivery directly from stock actually on hand.
 - 1.10 “Delivery into consignees store or to his site” means delivered and unloaded in the specified store or depot or on the specified site in compliance with the conditions of the contract or order, the supplier bearing all risks and charges involved until the supplies are so delivered and a valid receipt is obtained.
 - 1.11 "Dumping" occurs when a private enterprise abroad market its goods on own initiative in the RSA at lower prices than that of the country of origin and which have the potential to harm the local industries in the

RSA.

- 1.12 "Force majeure" means an event beyond the control of the supplier and not involving the supplier's fault or negligence and not foreseeable. Such events may include, but is not restricted to, acts of the purchaser in its sovereign capacity, wars or revolutions, fires, floods, epidemics, quarantine restrictions and freight embargoes.
- 1.13 "Fraudulent practice" means a misrepresentation of facts in order to influence a procurement process or the execution of a contract to the detriment of any bidder, and includes collusive practice among bidders (prior to or after bid submission) designed to establish bid prices at artificial non-competitive levels and to deprive the bidder of the benefits of free and open competition.
- 1.14 "GCC" means the General Conditions of Contract.
- 1.15 "Goods" means all of the equipment, machinery, and/or other materials that the supplier is required to supply to the purchaser under the contract.
- 1.16 "Imported content" means that portion of the bidding price represented by the cost of components, parts or materials which have been or are still to be imported (whether by the supplier or his subcontractors) and which costs are inclusive of the costs abroad, plus freight and other direct importation costs such as landing costs, dock dues, import duty, sales duty or other similar tax or duty at the South African place of entry as well as transportation and handling charges to the factory in the Republic where the supplies covered by the bid will be manufactured.
- 1.17 "Local content" means that portion of the bidding price which is not included in the imported content provided that local manufacture does take place.
- 1.18 "Manufacture" means the production of products in a factory using labour, materials, components and machinery and includes other related value-adding activities.
- 1.19 "Order" means an official written order issued for the supply of goods or works or the rendering of a service.
- 1.20 "Project site," where applicable, means the place indicated in bidding documents.
- 1.21 "Purchaser" means the organization purchasing the goods.
- 1.22 "Republic" means the Republic of South Africa.
- 1.23 "SCC" means the Special Conditions of Contract.
- 1.24 "Services" means those functional services ancillary to the supply of the goods, such as transportation and any other incidental services, such as installation, commissioning, provision of technical assistance, training, catering, gardening, security, maintenance and other such

obligations of the supplier covered under the contract.

1.25 “Written” or “in writing” means handwritten in ink or any form of electronic or mechanical writing.

2. Application

2.1 These general conditions are applicable to all bids, contracts and orders including bids for functional and professional services, sales, hiring, letting and the granting or acquiring of rights, but excluding immovable property, unless otherwise indicated in the bidding documents.

2.2 Where applicable, special conditions of contract are also laid down to cover specific supplies, services or works.

2.3 Where such special conditions of contract are in conflict with these general conditions, the special conditions shall apply.

3. General

3.1 Unless otherwise indicated in the bidding documents, the purchaser shall not be liable for any expense incurred in the preparation and submission of a bid. Where applicable a non-refundable fee for documents may be charged.

3.2 With certain exceptions, invitations to bid are only published in the Government Tender Bulletin. The Government Tender Bulletin may be obtained directly from the Government Printer, Private Bag X85, Pretoria 0001, or accessed electronically from www.treasury.gov.za

4. Standards

4.1 The goods supplied shall conform to the standards mentioned in the bidding documents and specifications.

5. Use of contract documents and information; inspection.

5.1 The supplier shall not, without the purchaser’s prior written consent, disclose the contract, or any provision thereof, or any specification, plan, drawing, pattern, sample, or information furnished by or on behalf of the purchaser in connection therewith, to any person other than a person employed by the supplier in the performance of the contract. Disclosure to any such employed person shall be made in confidence and shall extend only so far as may be necessary for purposes of such performance.

5.2 The supplier shall not, without the purchaser’s prior written consent, make use of any document or information mentioned in GCC clause 5.1 except for purposes of performing the contract.

5.3 Any document, other than the contract itself mentioned in GCC clause 5.1 shall remain the property of the purchaser and shall be returned (all copies) to the purchaser on completion of the supplier’s performance under the contract if so required by the purchaser.

5.4 The supplier shall permit the purchaser to inspect the supplier’s records relating to the performance of the supplier and to have them audited by auditors appointed by the purchaser, if so required by the purchaser.

6. Patent rights

6.1 The supplier shall indemnify the purchaser against all third-party claims of infringement of patent, trademark, or industrial design rights arising from use of the goods or any part thereof by the purchaser.

7. Performance security

- 7.1 Within thirty (30) days of receipt of the notification of contract award, the successful bidder shall furnish to the purchaser the performance security of the amount specified in SCC.
- 7.2 The proceeds of the performance security shall be payable to the purchaser as compensation for any loss resulting from the supplier's failure to complete his obligations under the contract.
- 7.3 The performance security shall be denominated in the currency of the contract, or in a freely convertible currency acceptable to the purchaser and shall be in one of the following forms:
 - (a) a bank guarantee or an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a reputable bank located in the purchaser's country or abroad, acceptable to the purchaser, in the form provided in the bidding documents or another form acceptable to the purchaser; or
 - (b) a cashier's or certified cheque
- 7.4 The performance security will be discharged by the purchaser and returned to the supplier not later than thirty (30) days following the date of completion of the supplier's performance obligations under the contract, including any warranty obligations, unless otherwise specified in SCC.

8. Inspections, tests and analyses

- 8.1 All pre-bidding testing will be for the account of the bidder.
- 8.2 If it is a bid condition that supplies to be produced or services to be rendered should at any stage during production or execution or on completion be subject to inspection, the premises of the bidder or contractor shall be open, at all reasonable hours, for inspection by a representative of the Department or an organization acting on behalf of the Department.
- 8.3 If there are no inspection requirements indicated in the bidding documents and no mention is made in the contract, but during the contract period it is decided that inspections shall be carried out, the purchaser shall itself make the necessary arrangements, including payment arrangements with the testing authority concerned.
- 8.4 If the inspections, tests and analyses referred to in clauses 8.2 and 8.3 show the supplies to be in accordance with the contract requirements, the cost of the inspections, tests and analyses shall be defrayed by the purchaser.
- 8.5 Where the supplies or services referred to in clauses 8.2 and 8.3 do not comply with the contract requirements, irrespective of whether such supplies or services are accepted or not, the cost in connection with these inspections, tests or analyses shall be defrayed by the supplier.
- 8.6 Supplies and services which are referred to in clauses 8.2 and 8.3 and which do not comply with the contract requirements may be rejected.
- 8.7 Any contract supplies may on or after delivery be inspected, tested or

analyzed and may be rejected if found not to comply with the requirements of the contract. Such rejected supplies shall be held at the cost and risk of the supplier who shall, when called upon, remove them immediately at his own cost and forthwith substitute them with supplies which do comply with the requirements of the contract. Failing such removal the rejected supplies shall be returned at the suppliers cost and risk. Should the supplier fail to provide the substitute supplies forthwith, the purchaser may, without giving the supplier further opportunity to substitute the rejected supplies, purchase such supplies as may be necessary at the expense of the supplier.

8.8 The provisions of clauses 8.4 to 8.7 shall not prejudice the right of the purchaser to cancel the contract on account of a breach of the conditions thereof, or to act in terms of Clause 23 of GCC.

9. Packing

9.1 The supplier shall provide such packing of the goods as is required to prevent their damage or deterioration during transit to their final destination, as indicated in the contract. The packing shall be sufficient to withstand, without limitation, rough handling during transit and exposure to extreme temperatures, salt and precipitation during transit, and open storage. Packing, case size and weights shall take into consideration, where appropriate, the remoteness of the goods' final destination and the absence of heavy handling facilities at all points in transit.

9.2 The packing, marking, and documentation within and outside the packages shall comply strictly with such special requirements as shall be expressly provided for in the contract, including additional requirements, if any, specified in SCC, and in any subsequent instructions ordered by the purchaser.

10. Delivery and documents

10.1 Delivery of the goods shall be made by the supplier in accordance with the terms specified in the contract. The details of shipping and/or other documents to be furnished by the supplier are specified in SCC.

10.2 Documents to be submitted by the supplier are specified in SCC.

11. Insurance

11.1 The goods supplied under the contract shall be fully insured in a freely convertible currency against loss or damage incidental to manufacture or acquisition, transportation, storage and delivery in the manner specified in the SCC.

12. Transportation

12.1 Should a price other than an all-inclusive delivered price be required, this shall be specified in the SCC.

13. Incidental services

13.1 The supplier may be required to provide any or all of the following services, including additional services, if any, specified in SCC:

- (a) performance or supervision of on-site assembly and/or commissioning of the supplied goods;
- (b) furnishing of tools required for assembly and/or maintenance of the supplied goods;
- (c) furnishing of a detailed operations and maintenance manual for each appropriate unit of the supplied goods;

- (d) performance or supervision or maintenance and/or repair of the supplied goods, for a period of time agreed by the parties, provided that this service shall not relieve the supplier of any warranty obligations under this contract; and
- (e) training of the purchaser's personnel, at the supplier's plant and/or on-site, in assembly, start-up, operation, maintenance, and/or repair of the supplied goods.

13.2 Prices charged by the supplier for incidental services, if not included in the contract price for the goods, shall be agreed upon in advance by the parties and shall not exceed the prevailing rates charged to other parties by the supplier for similar services.

14. Spare parts

14.1 As specified in SCC, the supplier may be required to provide any or all of the following materials, notifications, and information pertaining to spare parts manufactured or distributed by the supplier:

- (a) such spare parts as the purchaser may elect to purchase from the supplier, provided that this election shall not relieve the supplier of any warranty obligations under the contract; and
- (b) in the event of termination of production of the spare parts:
 - (i) Advance notification to the purchaser of the pending termination, in sufficient time to permit the purchaser to procure needed requirements; and
 - (ii) following such termination, furnishing at no cost to the purchaser, the blueprints, drawings, and specifications of the spare parts, if requested.

15. Warranty

15.1 The supplier warrants that the goods supplied under the contract are new, unused, of the most recent or current models, and that they incorporate all recent improvements in design and materials unless provided otherwise in the contract. The supplier further warrants that all goods supplied under this contract shall have no defect, arising from design, materials, or workmanship (except when the design and/or material is required by the purchaser's specifications) or from any act or omission of the supplier, that may develop under normal use of the supplied goods in the conditions prevailing in the country of final destination.

15.2 This warranty shall remain valid for twelve (12) months after the goods, or any portion thereof as the case may be, have been delivered to and accepted at the final destination indicated in the contract, or for eighteen (18) months after the date of shipment from the port or place of loading in the source country, whichever period concludes earlier, unless specified otherwise in SCC.

15.3 The purchaser shall promptly notify the supplier in writing of any claims arising under this warranty.

15.4 Upon receipt of such notice, the supplier shall, within the period specified in SCC and with all reasonable speed, repair or replace the defective goods or parts thereof, without costs to the purchaser.

15.5 If the supplier, having been notified, fails to remedy the defect(s) within the period specified in SCC, the purchaser may proceed to take

such remedial action as may be necessary, at the supplier's risk and expense and without prejudice to any other rights which the purchaser may have against the supplier under the contract.

- 16. Payment**
- 16.1 The method and conditions of payment to be made to the supplier under this contract shall be specified in SCC.
- 16.2 The supplier shall furnish the purchaser with an invoice accompanied by a copy of the delivery note and upon fulfillment of other obligations stipulated in the contract.
- 16.3 Payments shall be made promptly by the purchaser, but in no case later than thirty (30) days after submission of an invoice or claim by the supplier.
- 16.4 Payment will be made in Rand unless otherwise stipulated in SCC.
- 17. Prices**
- 17.1 Prices charged by the supplier for goods delivered and services performed under the contract shall not vary from the prices quoted by the supplier in his bid, with the exception of any price adjustments authorized in SCC or in the purchaser's request for bid validity extension, as the case may be.
- 18. Contract amendments**
- 18.1 No variation in or modification of the terms of the contract shall be made except by written amendment signed by the parties concerned.
- 19. Assignment**
- 19.1 The supplier shall not assign, in whole or in part, its obligations to perform under the contract, except with the purchaser's prior written consent.
- 20. Subcontracts**
- 20.1 The supplier shall notify the purchaser in writing of all subcontracts awarded under this contracts if not already specified in the bid. Such notification, in the original bid or later, shall not relieve the supplier from any liability or obligation under the contract.
- 21. Delays in the supplier's performance**
- 21.1 Delivery of the goods and performance of services shall be made by the supplier in accordance with the time schedule prescribed by the purchaser in the contract.
- 21.2 If at any time during performance of the contract, the supplier or its subcontractor(s) should encounter conditions impeding timely delivery of the goods and performance of services, the supplier shall promptly notify the purchaser in writing of the fact of the delay, its likely duration and its cause(s). As soon as practicable after receipt of the supplier's notice, the purchaser shall evaluate the situation and may at his discretion extend the supplier's time for performance, with or without the imposition of penalties, in which case the extension shall be ratified by the parties by amendment of contract.
- 21.3 No provision in a contract shall be deemed to prohibit the obtaining of supplies or services from a national department, provincial department, or a local authority.
- 21.4 The right is reserved to procure outside of the contract small quantities or to have minor essential services executed if an emergency arises, the

supplier's point of supply is not situated at or near the place where the supplies are required, or the supplier's services are not readily available.

21.5 Except as provided under GCC Clause 25, a delay by the supplier in the performance of its delivery obligations shall render the supplier liable to the imposition of penalties, pursuant to GCC Clause 22, unless an extension of time is agreed upon pursuant to GCC Clause 21.2 without the application of penalties.

21.6 Upon any delay beyond the delivery period in the case of a supplies contract, the purchaser shall, without canceling the contract, be entitled to purchase supplies of a similar quality and up to the same quantity in substitution of the goods not supplied in conformity with the contract and to return any goods delivered later at the supplier's expense and risk, or to cancel the contract and buy such goods as may be required to complete the contract and without prejudice to his other rights, be entitled to claim damages from the supplier.

22. Penalties

22.1 Subject to GCC Clause 25, if the supplier fails to deliver any or all of the goods or to perform the services within the period(s) specified in the contract, the purchaser shall, without prejudice to its other remedies under the contract, deduct from the contract price, as a penalty, a sum calculated on the delivered price of the delayed goods or unperformed services using the current prime interest rate calculated for each day of the delay until actual delivery or performance. The purchaser may also consider termination of the contract pursuant to GCC Clause 23.

23. Termination for default

23.1 The purchaser, without prejudice to any other remedy for breach of contract, by written notice of default sent to the supplier, may terminate this contract in whole or in part:

- (a) if the supplier fails to deliver any or all of the goods within the period(s) specified in the contract, or within any extension thereof granted by the purchaser pursuant to GCC Clause 21.2;
- (b) if the Supplier fails to perform any other obligation(s) under the contract; or
- (c) if the supplier, in the judgment of the purchaser, has engaged in corrupt or fraudulent practices in competing for or in executing the contract.

23.2 In the event the purchaser terminates the contract in whole or in part, the purchaser may procure, upon such terms and in such manner as it deems appropriate, goods, works or services similar to those undelivered, and the supplier shall be liable to the purchaser for any excess costs for such similar goods, works or services. However, the supplier shall continue performance of the contract to the extent not terminated.

23.3 Where the purchaser terminates the contract in whole or in part, the purchaser may decide to impose a restriction penalty on the supplier by prohibiting such supplier from doing business with the public sector for a period not exceeding 10 years.

23.4 If a purchaser intends imposing a restriction on a supplier or any

person associated with the supplier, the supplier will be allowed a time period of not more than fourteen (14) days to provide reasons why the envisaged restriction should not be imposed. Should the supplier fail to respond within the stipulated fourteen (14) days the purchaser may regard the intended penalty as not objected against and may impose it on the supplier.

23.5 Any restriction imposed on any person by the Accounting Officer / Authority will, at the discretion of the Accounting Officer / Authority, also be applicable to any other enterprise or any partner, manager, director or other person who wholly or partly exercises or exercised or may exercise control over the enterprise of the first-mentioned person, and with which enterprise or person the first-mentioned person, is or was in the opinion of the Accounting Officer / Authority actively associated.

23.6 If a restriction is imposed, the purchaser must, within five (5) working days of such imposition, furnish the National Treasury, with the following information:

- (i) the name and address of the supplier and / or person restricted by the purchaser;
- (ii) the date of commencement of the restriction
- (iii) the period of restriction; and
- (iv) the reasons for the restriction.

These details will be loaded in the National Treasury's central database of suppliers or persons prohibited from doing business with the public sector.

23.7 If a court of law convicts a person of an offence as contemplated in sections 12 or 13 of the Prevention and Combating of Corrupt Activities Act, No. 12 of 2004, the court may also rule that such person's name be endorsed on the Register for Tender Defaulters. When a person's name has been endorsed on the Register, the person will be prohibited from doing business with the public sector for a period not less than five years and not more than 10 years. The National Treasury is empowered to determine the period of restriction and each case will be dealt with on its own merits. According to section 32 of the Act the Register must be open to the public. The Register can be perused on the National Treasury website.

24. Anti-dumping and countervailing duties and rights

24.1 When, after the date of bid, provisional payments are required, or anti-dumping or countervailing duties are imposed, or the amount of a provisional payment or anti-dumping or countervailing right is increased in respect of any dumped or subsidized import, the State is not liable for any amount so required or imposed, or for the amount of any such increase. When, after the said date, such a provisional payment is no longer required or any such anti-dumping or countervailing right is abolished, or where the amount of such provisional payment or any such right is reduced, any such favourable difference shall on demand be paid forthwith by the contractor to the State or the State may deduct such amounts from moneys (if any) which may otherwise be due to the contractor in regard to supplies or services which he delivered or rendered, or is to deliver or render in terms of the contract or any other contract or any other amount which

may be due to him

25. Force Majeure

- 25.1 Notwithstanding the provisions of GCC Clauses 22 and 23, the supplier shall not be liable for forfeiture of its performance security, damages, or termination for default if and to the extent that his delay in performance or other failure to perform his obligations under the contract is the result of an event of force majeure.
- 25.2 If a force majeure situation arises, the supplier shall promptly notify the purchaser in writing of such condition and the cause thereof. Unless otherwise directed by the purchaser in writing, the supplier shall continue to perform its obligations under the contract as far as is reasonably practical, and shall seek all reasonable alternative means for performance not prevented by the force majeure event.

26. Termination for insolvency

- 26.1 The purchaser may at any time terminate the contract by giving written notice to the supplier if the supplier becomes bankrupt or otherwise insolvent. In this event, termination will be without compensation to the supplier, provided that such termination will not prejudice or affect any right of action or remedy which has accrued or will accrue thereafter to the purchaser.

27. Settlement of Disputes

- 27.1 If any dispute or difference of any kind whatsoever arises between the purchaser and the supplier in connection with or arising out of the contract, the parties shall make every effort to resolve amicably such dispute or difference by mutual consultation.
- 27.2 If, after thirty (30) days, the parties have failed to resolve their dispute or difference by such mutual consultation, then either the purchaser or the supplier may give notice to the other party of his intention to commence with mediation. No mediation in respect of this matter may be commenced unless such notice is given to the other party.
- 27.3 Should it not be possible to settle a dispute by means of mediation, it may be settled in a South African court of law.
- 27.4 Mediation proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the rules of procedure specified in the SCC.
- 27.5 Notwithstanding any reference to mediation and/or court proceedings herein,
- (a) the parties shall continue to perform their respective obligations under the contract unless they otherwise agree; and
 - (b) the purchaser shall pay the supplier any monies due the supplier.

28. Limitation of liability

- 28.1 Except in cases of criminal negligence or willful misconduct, and in the case of infringement pursuant to Clause 6;
- (a) the supplier shall not be liable to the purchaser, whether in contract, tort, or otherwise, for any indirect or consequential loss or damage, loss of use, loss of production, or loss of profits or interest costs, provided that this exclusion shall not apply to any obligation of the supplier to pay penalties and/or damages to the purchaser; and

- (b) the aggregate liability of the supplier to the purchaser, whether under the contract, in tort or otherwise, shall not exceed the total contract price, provided that this limitation shall not apply to the cost of repairing or replacing defective equipment.
- 29. Governing language** 29.1 The contract shall be written in English. All correspondence and other documents pertaining to the contract that is exchanged by the parties shall also be written in English.
- 30. Applicable law** 30.1 The contract shall be interpreted in accordance with South African laws, unless otherwise specified in SCC.
- 31. Notices** 31.1 Every written acceptance of a bid shall be posted to the supplier concerned by registered or certified mail and any other notice to him shall be posted by ordinary mail to the address furnished in his bid or to the address notified later by him in writing and such posting shall be deemed to be proper service of such notice
- 31.2 The time mentioned in the contract documents for performing any act after such aforesaid notice has been given, shall be reckoned from the date of posting of such notice.
- 32. Taxes and duties** 32.1 A foreign supplier shall be entirely responsible for all taxes, stamp duties, license fees, and other such levies imposed outside the purchaser's country.
- 32.2 A local supplier shall be entirely responsible for all taxes, duties, license fees, etc., incurred until delivery of the contracted goods to the purchaser.
- 32.3 No contract shall be concluded with any bidder whose tax matters are not in order. Prior to the award of a bid the Department must be in possession of a tax clearance certificate, submitted by the bidder. This certificate must be an original issued by the South African Revenue Services.
- 33. National Industrial Participation Programme (NIP)** 33.1 The NIP Programme administered by the Department of Trade and Industry shall be applicable to all contracts that are subject to the NIP obligation.
- 34 Prohibition of Restrictive practices** 34.1 In terms of section 4 (1) (b) (iii) of the Competition Act No. 89 of 1998, as amended, an agreement between, or concerted practice by, firms, or a decision by an association of firms, is prohibited if it is between parties in a horizontal relationship and if a bidder (s) is / are or a contractor(s) was / were involved in collusive bidding (or bid rigging).
- 34.2 If a bidder(s) or contractor(s), based on reasonable grounds or evidence obtained by the purchaser, has / have engaged in the restrictive practice referred to above, the purchaser may refer the matter to the Competition Commission for investigation and possible imposition of administrative penalties as contemplated in the Competition Act No. 89 of 1998.

- 34.3 If a bidder(s) or contractor(s), has / have been found guilty by the Competition Commission of the restrictive practice referred to above, the purchaser may, in addition and without prejudice to any other remedy provided for, invalidate the bid(s) for such item(s) offered, and / or terminate the contract in whole or part, and / or restrict the bidder(s) or contractor(s) from conducting business with the public sector for a period not exceeding ten (10) years and / or claim damages from the bidder(s) or contractor(s) concerned.

ARE YOU THE ACCREDITED REPRESENTATIVE
IN SOUTH AFRICA FOR THE GOODS / SERVICES / WORKS OFFERED?
NO

YES or

[IF YES ENCLOSE PROOF]

SIGNATURE OF BIDDER

DATE

CAPACITY UNDER WHICH THIS BID IS SIGNED

TOTAL BID PRICE..... TOTAL NUMBER OF ITEMS OFFERED

ANY ENQUIRIES REGARDING THE BIDDING PROCEDURE MAY BE DIRECTED TO:

Department:

Contact Person:

Tel:

Fax:

E-mail address:.....

ANY ENQUIRIES REGARDING TECHNICAL INFORMATION MAY BE DIRECTED TO:

Contact Person: Sanna Leseba

Tel: 051 447 9609

Fax 051 447 6273

E-mail address:....sanna.leseba@nasmus.co.za

TAX CLEARANCE CERTIFICATE REQUIREMENTS

It is a condition of bid that the taxes of the successful bidder must be in order, or that satisfactory arrangements have been made with South African Revenue Service (SARS) to meet the bidder's tax obligations.

- 1 In order to meet this requirement bidders are required to complete in full the attached form TCC 001 "Application for a Tax Clearance Certificate" and submit it to any SARS branch office nationally. The Tax Clearance Certificate Requirements are also applicable to foreign bidders / individuals who wish to submit bids.
- 2 SARS will then furnish the bidder with a Tax Clearance Certificate that will be valid for a period of 1 (one) year from the date of approval.
- 3 The original Tax Clearance Certificate must be submitted together with the bid. Failure to submit the original and valid Tax Clearance Certificate will result in the invalidation of the bid. Certified copies of the Tax Clearance Certificate will not be acceptable.
- 4 In bids where Consortia / Joint Ventures / Sub-contractors are involved, each party must submit a separate Tax Clearance Certificate.
- 5 Copies of the TCC 001 "Application for a Tax Clearance Certificate" form are available from any SARS branch office nationally or on the website www.sars.gov.za.
- 6 Applications for the Tax Clearance Certificates may also be made via eFiling. In order to use this provision, taxpayers will need to register with SARS as eFilers through the website www.sars.gov.za.

**PRICING SCHEDULE – FIRM PRICES
(PURCHASES)**

NOTE: ONLY FIRM PRICES WILL BE ACCEPTED. NON-FIRM PRICES (INCLUDING PRICES SUBJECT TO RATES OF EXCHANGE VARIATIONS) WILL NOT BE CONSIDERED

IN CASES WHERE DIFFERENT DELIVERY POINTS INFLUENCE THE PRICING, A SEPARATE PRICING SCHEDULE MUST BE SUBMITTED FOR EACH DELIVERY POINT

Name of bidder.....	Bid number.....
Closing Time	Closing date.....

OFFER TO BE VALID FOR.....DAYS FROM THE CLOSING DATE OF BID.

ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	BID PRICE IN RSA CURRENCY ** (ALL APPLICABLE TAXES INCLUDED)
----------	----------	-------------	---

-
- Required by:
 - At:
 - Brand and model
 - Country of origin
 - Does the offer comply with the specification(s)? *YES/NO
 - If not to specification, indicate deviation(s)
 - Period required for delivery
 - *Delivery: Firm/not firm
 - Delivery basis

Note: All delivery costs must be included in the bid price, for delivery at the prescribed destination.

** "all applicable taxes" includes value- added tax, pay as you earn, income tax, unemployment insurance fund contributions and skills development levies.

*Delete if not applicable

DECLARATION OF INTEREST

1. Any legal person, including persons employed by the state¹, or persons having a kinship with persons employed by the state, including a blood relationship, may make an offer or offers in terms of this invitation to bid (includes a price quotation, advertised competitive bid, limited bid or proposal). In view of possible allegations of favouritism, should the resulting bid, or part thereof, be awarded to persons employed by the state, or to persons connected with or related to them, it is required that the bidder or his/her authorised representative declare his/her position in relation to the evaluating/adjudicating authority where-

- the bidder is employed by the state; and/or
- the legal person on whose behalf the bidding document is signed, has a relationship with persons/a person who are/is involved in the evaluation and or adjudication of the bid(s), or where it is known that such a relationship exists between the person or persons for or on whose behalf the declarant acts and persons who are involved with the evaluation and or adjudication of the bid.

2. **In order to give effect to the above, the following questionnaire must be completed and submitted with the bid.**

2.1 Full Name of bidder or his or her representative:

2.2 Identity Number:

2.3 Position occupied in the Company (director, trustee, shareholder²):

2.4 Company Registration Number:

2.5 Tax Reference Number:

2.6 VAT Registration Number:

2.6.1 The names of all directors / trustees / shareholders / members, their individual identity numbers, tax reference numbers and, if applicable, employee / persal numbers must be indicated in paragraph 3 below.

¹"State" means –

- (a) any national or provincial department, national or provincial public entity or constitutional institution within the meaning of the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999);
- (b) any municipality or municipal entity;
- (c) provincial legislature;
- (d) national Assembly or the national Council of provinces; or
- (e) Parliament.

²"Shareholder" means a person who owns shares in the company and is actively involved in the management of the enterprise or business and exercises control over the enterprise.

2.7 Are you or any person connected with the bidder presently employed by the state? **YES / NO**

2.7.1 If so, furnish the following particulars:

Name of person / director / trustee / shareholder/ member:

Name of state institution at which you or the person connected to the bidder is employed :

Position occupied in the state institution:

Any other particulars:
.....
.....
.....

2.7.2 If you are presently employed by the state, did you obtain the appropriate authority to undertake remunerative work outside employment in the public sector? **YES / NO**

2.7.2.1 If yes, did you attached proof of such authority to the bid document? **YES / NO**

(Note: Failure to submit proof of such authority, where applicable, may result in the disqualification of the bid.

2.7.2.2 If no, furnish reasons for non-submission of such proof:
.....
.....
.....

2.8 Did you or your spouse, or any of the company's directors / trustees / shareholders / members or their spouses conduct business with the state in the previous twelve months? **YES / NO**

2.8.1 If so, furnish particulars:
.....
.....
.....

2.9 Do you, or any person connected with the bidder, have any relationship (family, friend, other) with a person employed by the state and who may be involved with the evaluation and or adjudication of this bid? **YES / NO**

2.9.1 If so, furnish particulars.

.....

2.10 Are you, or any person connected with the bidder, aware of any relationship (family, friend, other) between any other bidder and any person employed by the state who may be involved with the evaluation and or adjudication of this bid? **YES/NO**

2.10.1 If so, furnish particulars.

.....

2.11 Do you or any of the directors / trustees / shareholders / members of the company have any interest in any other related companies whether or not they are bidding for this contract? **YES/NO**

2.11.1 If so, furnish particulars:

.....

3 Full details of directors / trustees / members / shareholders.

Full Name	Identity Number	Personal Reference Number	Tax	State Employee Number / Persal Number

4 DECLARATION

I, THE UNDERSIGNED (NAME).....

CERTIFY THAT THE INFORMATION FURNISHED IN PARAGRAPHS 2 and 3 ABOVE IS CORRECT.
 I ACCEPT THAT THE STATE MAY REJECT THE BID OR ACT AGAINST ME IN TERMS OF PARAGRAPH
 23 OF THE GENERAL CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT SHOULD THIS DECLARATION PROVE TO BE
 FALSE.

.....
 Signature

.....
 Date

.....
 Position

.....
 Name of bidder

PREFERENCE POINTS CLAIM FORM IN TERMS OF THE PREFERENTIAL PROCUREMENT REGULATIONS 2011

This preference form must form part of all bids invited. It contains general information and serves as a claim form for preference points for Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment (B-BBEE) Status Level of Contribution

NB: BEFORE COMPLETING THIS FORM, BIDDERS MUST STUDY THE GENERAL CONDITIONS, DEFINITIONS AND DIRECTIVES APPLICABLE IN RESPECT OF B-BBEE, AS PRESCRIBED IN THE PREFERENTIAL PROCUREMENT REGULATIONS, 2011.

1. GENERAL CONDITIONS

1.1 The following preference point systems are applicable to all bids:

- the 80/20 system for requirements with a Rand value of up to R1 000 000 (all applicable taxes included); and
- the 90/10 system for requirements with a Rand value above R1 000 000 (all applicable taxes included).

1.2 The value of this bid is estimated to exceed/not exceed R1 000 000 (all applicable taxes included) and therefore the.....system shall be applicable.

1.3 Preference points for this bid shall be awarded for:

- (a) Price; and
- (b) B-BBEE Status Level of Contribution.

1.3.1 The maximum points for this bid are allocated as follows:

	POINTS
1.3.1.1 PRICE
1.3.1.2 B-BBEE STATUS LEVEL OF CONTRIBUTION
Total points for Price and B-BBEE must not exceed	100

1.4 Failure on the part of a bidder to fill in and/or to sign this form and submit a B-BBEE Verification Certificate from a Verification Agency accredited by the South African Accreditation System (SANAS) or a Registered Auditor approved by the Independent Regulatory Board of Auditors (IRBA) or an Accounting Officer as contemplated in the Close Corporation Act (CCA) together with the bid, will be interpreted to mean that preference points for B-BBEE status level of contribution are not claimed.

1.5. The purchaser reserves the right to require of a bidder, either before a bid is adjudicated or at any time subsequently, to substantiate any claim in regard to preferences, in any manner required by the purchaser.

2. DEFINITIONS

2..1 “**all applicable taxes**” includes value-added tax, pay as you earn, income tax, unemployment insurance fund contributions and skills development levies;

- 2.2 “**B-BBEE**” means broad-based black economic empowerment as defined in section 1 of the Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act;
- 2.3 “**B-BBEE status level of contributor**” means the B-BBEE status received by a measured entity based on its overall performance using the relevant scorecard contained in the Codes of Good Practice on Black Economic Empowerment, issued in terms of section 9(1) of the Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act;
- 2.4 “**bid**” means a written offer in a prescribed or stipulated form in response to an invitation by an organ of state for the provision of services, works or goods, through price quotations, advertised competitive bidding processes or proposals;
- 2.5 “**Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act**” means the Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act, 2003 (Act No. 53 of 2003);
- 2.6 “**comparative price**” means the price after the factors of a non-firm price and all unconditional discounts that can be utilized have been taken into consideration;
- 2.7 “**consortium or joint venture**” means an association of persons for the purpose of combining their expertise, property, capital, efforts, skill and knowledge in an activity for the execution of a contract;
- 2.8 “**contract**” Error! Bookmark not defined. means the agreement that results from the acceptance of a bid by an organ of state;
- 2.9 “**EME**” means any enterprise with an annual total revenue of R5 million or less .
- 2.10 “**Firm price**” means the price that is only subject to adjustments in accordance with the actual increase or decrease resulting from the change, imposition, or abolition of customs or excise duty and any other duty, levy, or tax, which, in terms of the law or regulation, is binding on the contractor and demonstrably has an influence on the price of any supplies, or the rendering costs of any service, for the execution of the contract;
- 2.11 “**functionality**” means the measurement according to predetermined norms, as set out in the bid documents, of a service or commodity that is designed to be practical and useful, working or operating, taking into account, among other factors, the quality, reliability, viability and durability of a service and the technical capacity and ability of a bidder;
- 2.12 “**non-firm prices**” means all prices other than “firm” prices;
- 2.13 “**person**” includes a juristic person;
- 2.14 “**rand value**” means the total estimated value of a contract in South African currency, calculated at the time of bid invitations, and includes all applicable taxes and excise duties;
- 2.15 “**sub-contract**” means the primary contractor’s assigning, leasing, making out work to, or employing, another person to support such primary contractor in the execution of part of a project in terms of the contract;
- 2.16 “**total revenue**” bears the same meaning assigned to this expression in the Codes of Good Practice on Black Economic Empowerment, issued in terms of section 9(1) of the Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act and promulgated in the *Government Gazette* on 9 February 2007;
- 2.17 “**trust**” means the arrangement through which the property of one person is made over or bequeathed to a trustee to administer such property for the benefit of another person; and
- 2.18 “**trustee**” means any person, including the founder of a trust, to whom property is bequeathed in order for such property to be administered for the benefit of another person.

3. ADJUDICATION USING A POINT SYSTEM

- 3.1 The bidder obtaining the highest number of total points will be awarded the contract.
- 3.2 Preference points shall be calculated after prices have been brought to a comparative basis taking into account all factors of non-firm prices and all unconditional discounts;.
- 3.3 Points scored must be rounded off to the nearest 2 decimal places.
- 3.4 In the event that two or more bids have scored equal total points, the successful bid must be the one scoring the highest number of preference points for B-BBEE.
- 3.5 However, when functionality is part of the evaluation process and two or more bids have scored equal points including equal preference points for B-BBEE, the successful bid must be the one scoring the highest score for functionality.
- 3.6 Should two or more bids be equal in all respects, the award shall be decided by the drawing of lots.

4. POINTS AWARDED FOR PRICE

4.1 THE 80/20 OR 90/10 PREFERENCE POINT SYSTEMS

A maximum of 80 or 90 points is allocated for price on the following basis:

$$P_s = 80 \left(1 - \frac{P_t - P_{\min}}{P_{\min}} \right) \quad \text{or} \quad P_s = 90 \left(1 - \frac{P_t - P_{\min}}{P_{\min}} \right)$$

Where

P_s = Points scored for comparative price of bid under consideration

P_t = Comparative price of bid under consideration

P_{\min} = Comparative price of lowest acceptable bid

5. Points awarded for B-BBEE Status Level of Contribution

- 5.1 In terms of Regulation 5 (2) and 6 (2) of the Preferential Procurement Regulations, preference points must be awarded to a bidder for attaining the B-BBEE status level of contribution in accordance with the table below:

B-BBEE Status Level of Contributor	Number of points (90/10 system)	Number of points (80/20 system)
1	10	20
2	9	18
3	8	16
4	5	12

5	4	8
6	3	6
7	2	4
8	1	2
Non-compliant contributor	0	0

- 5.2 Bidders who qualify as EMEs in terms of the B-BBEE Act must submit a certificate issued by an Accounting Officer as contemplated in the CCA or a Verification Agency accredited by SANAS or a Registered Auditor. Registered auditors do not need to meet the prerequisite for IRBA's approval for the purpose of conducting verification and issuing EMEs with B-BBEE Status Level Certificates.
- 5.3 Bidders other than EMEs must submit their original and valid B-BBEE status level verification certificate or a certified copy thereof, substantiating their B-BBEE rating issued by a Registered Auditor approved by IRBA or a Verification Agency accredited by SANAS.
- 5.4 A trust, consortium or joint venture, will qualify for points for their B-BBEE status level as a legal entity, provided that the entity submits their B-BBEE status level certificate.
- 5.5 A trust, consortium or joint venture will qualify for points for their B-BBEE status level as an unincorporated entity, provided that the entity submits their consolidated B-BBEE scorecard as if they were a group structure and that such a consolidated B-BBEE scorecard is prepared for every separate bid.
- 5.6 Tertiary institutions and public entities will be required to submit their B-BBEE status level certificates in terms of the specialized scorecard contained in the B-BBEE Codes of Good Practice.
- 5.7 A person will not be awarded points for B-BBEE status level if it is indicated in the bid documents that such a bidder intends sub-contracting more than 25% of the value of the contract to any other enterprise that does not qualify for at least the points that such a bidder qualifies for, unless the intended sub-contractor is an EME that has the capability and ability to execute the sub-contract.
- 5.8 A person awarded a contract may not sub-contract more than 25% of the value of the contract to any other enterprise that does not have an equal or higher B-BBEE status level than the person concerned, unless the contract is sub-contracted to an EME that has the capability and ability to execute the sub-contract.

6. BID DECLARATION

- 6.1 Bidders who claim points in respect of B-BBEE Status Level of Contribution must complete the following:

7. B-BBEE STATUS LEVEL OF CONTRIBUTION CLAIMED IN TERMS OF PARAGRAPHS 1.3.1.2 AND 5.1

- 7.1 B-BBEE Status Level of Contribution: =(maximum of 10 or 20 points)

(Points claimed in respect of paragraph 7.1 must be in accordance with the table reflected in paragraph 5.1 and must be substantiated by means of a B-BBEE certificate issued by a Verification Agency accredited by SANAS or a Registered Auditor approved by IRBA or an Accounting Officer as contemplated in the CCA).

8 SUB-CONTRACTING

8.1 Will any portion of the contract be sub-contracted? YES / NO (delete which is not applicable)

8.1.1 If yes, indicate:

- (i) what percentage of the contract will be subcontracted?%
- (ii) the name of the sub-contractor?
- (iii) the B-BBEE status level of the sub-contractor?
- (iv) whether the sub-contractor is an EME? YES / NO (delete which is not applicable)

9 DECLARATION WITH REGARD TO COMPANY/FIRM

9.1 Name of company/firm :

9.2 VAT registration number :

9.3 Company registration number
:

9.4 TYPE OF COMPANY/ FIRM

- Partnership/Joint Venture / Consortium
- One person business/sole propriety
- Close corporation
- Company
- (Pty) Limited

[TICK APPLICABLE BOX]

9.5 DESCRIBE PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

.....
.....
.....

9.6 COMPANY CLASSIFICATION

- Manufacturer
- Supplier
- Professional service provider
- Other service providers, e.g. transporter, etc.

[TICK APPLICABLE BOX]

9.7 Total number of years the company/firm has been in business?

9.8 I/we, the undersigned, who is / are duly authorised to do so on behalf of the company/firm, certify that the points claimed, based on the B-BBE status level of contribution indicated in paragraph 7 of the foregoing certificate, qualifies the company/ firm for the preference(s) shown and I / we acknowledge that:

- (i) The information furnished is true and correct;
- (ii) The preference points claimed are in accordance with the General Conditions as indicated in paragraph 1 of this form.
- (iii) In the event of a contract being awarded as a result of points claimed as shown in paragraph 7, the contractor may be required to furnish documentary proof to the satisfaction of the purchaser that the claims are correct;
- (iv) If the B-BBEE status level of contribution has been claimed or obtained on a fraudulent

basis or any of the conditions of contract have not been fulfilled, the purchaser may, in addition to any other remedy it may have –

- (a) disqualify the person from the bidding process;
- (b) recover costs, losses or damages it has incurred or suffered as a result of that person's conduct;
- (c) cancel the contract and claim any damages which it has suffered as a result of having to make less favourable arrangements due to such cancellation;
- (d) restrict the bidder or contractor, its shareholders and directors, or only the shareholders and directors who acted on a fraudulent basis, from obtaining business from any organ of state for a period not exceeding 10 years, after the audi alteram partem (hear the other side) rule has been applied; and
- (e) forward the matter for criminal prosecution

WITNESSES:

1.

.....
SIGNATURE(S) OF BIDDER(S)

2.

DATE:.....
 ADDRESS:.....

DECLARATION OF BIDDER'S PAST SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

- 1 This Standard Bidding Document must form part of all bids invited.
- 2 It serves as a declaration to be used by institutions in ensuring that when goods and services are being procured, all reasonable steps are taken to combat the abuse of the supply chain management system.
- 3 The bid of any bidder may be disregarded if that bidder, or any of its directors have-
 - a. abused the institution's supply chain management system;
 - b. committed fraud or any other improper conduct in relation to such system; or
 - c. failed to perform on any previous contract.
- 4 **In order to give effect to the above, the following questionnaire must be completed and submitted with the bid.**

Item	Question	Yes	No
4.1	<p>Is the bidder or any of its directors listed on the National Treasury's Database of Restricted Suppliers as companies or persons prohibited from doing business with the public sector? (Companies or persons who are listed on this Database were informed in writing of this restriction by the Accounting Officer/Authority of the institution that imposed the restriction after the <i>audi alteram partem</i> rule was applied).</p> <p>The Database of Restricted Suppliers now resides on the National Treasury's website(www.treasury.gov.za) and can be accessed by clicking on its link at the bottom of the home page.</p>	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
4.1.1	If so, furnish particulars:		
4.2	<p>Is the bidder or any of its directors listed on the Register for Tender Defaulters in terms of section 29 of the Prevention and Combating of Corrupt Activities Act (No 12 of 2004)? The Register for Tender Defaulters can be accessed on the National Treasury's website (www.treasury.gov.za) by clicking on its link at the bottom of the home page.</p>	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
4.2.1	If so, furnish particulars:		
4.3	<p>Was the bidder or any of its directors convicted by a court of law (including a court outside of the Republic of South Africa) for fraud or corruption during the past five years?</p>	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
4.3.1	If so, furnish particulars:		
4.4	<p>Was any contract between the bidder and any organ of state terminated during the past five years on account of failure to perform on or comply with the contract?</p>	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>

4.4.1	If so, furnish particulars:
-------	-----------------------------

SBD 8

CERTIFICATION

**I, THE UNDERSIGNED (FULL NAME).....
 CERTIFY THAT THE INFORMATION FURNISHED ON THIS DECLARATION
 FORM IS TRUE AND CORRECT.**

**I ACCEPT THAT, IN ADDITION TO CANCELLATION OF A CONTRACT,
 ACTION MAY BE TAKEN AGAINST ME SHOULD THIS DECLARATION
 PROVE TO BE FALSE.**

.....
Signature

.....
Date

.....
Position

.....
Name of Bidder

Js365bW

CERTIFICATE OF INDEPENDENT BID DETERMINATION

- 1 This Standard Bidding Document (SBD) must form part of all bids¹ invited.
- 2 Section 4 (1) (b) (iii) of the Competition Act No. 89 of 1998, as amended, prohibits an agreement between, or concerted practice by, firms, or a decision by an association of firms, if it is between parties in a horizontal relationship and if it involves collusive bidding (or bid rigging).² Collusive bidding is a *pe se* prohibition meaning that it cannot be justified under any grounds.
- 3 Treasury Regulation 16A9 prescribes that accounting officers and accounting authorities must take all reasonable steps to prevent abuse of the supply chain management system and authorizes accounting officers and accounting authorities to:
 - a. disregard the bid of any bidder if that bidder, or any of its directors have abused the institution's supply chain management system and or committed fraud or any other improper conduct in relation to such system.
 - b. cancel a contract awarded to a supplier of goods and services if the supplier committed any corrupt or fraudulent act during the bidding process or the execution of that contract.
- 4 This SBD serves as a certificate of declaration that would be used by institutions to ensure that, when bids are considered, reasonable steps are taken to prevent any form of bid-rigging.
- 5 In order to give effect to the above, the attached Certificate of Bid Determination (SBD 9) must be completed and submitted with the bid:

¹ Includes price quotations, advertised competitive bids, limited bids and proposals.

² Bid rigging (or collusive bidding) occurs when businesses, that would otherwise be expected to compete, secretly conspire to raise prices or lower the quality of goods and / or services for purchasers who wish to acquire goods and / or services through a bidding process. Bid rigging is, therefore, an agreement between competitors not to compete.

CERTIFICATE OF INDEPENDENT BID DETERMINATION

I, the undersigned, in submitting the accompanying bid:

(Bid Number and Description)

in response to the invitation for the bid made by:

(Name of Institution)

do hereby make the following statements that I certify to be true and complete in every respect:

I certify, on behalf of: _____ that:

(Name of Bidder)

1. I have read and I understand the contents of this Certificate;
2. I understand that the accompanying bid will be disqualified if this Certificate is found not to be true and complete in every respect;
3. I am authorized by the bidder to sign this Certificate, and to submit the accompanying bid, on behalf of the bidder;
4. Each person whose signature appears on the accompanying bid has been authorized by the bidder to determine the terms of, and to sign the bid, on behalf of the bidder;
5. For the purposes of this Certificate and the accompanying bid, I understand that the word "competitor" shall include any individual or organization, other than the bidder, whether or not affiliated with the bidder, who:
 - (a) has been requested to submit a bid in response to this bid invitation;
 - (b) could potentially submit a bid in response to this bid invitation, based on their qualifications, abilities or experience; and
 - (c) provides the same goods and services as the bidder and/or is in the same line of business as the bidder

6. The bidder has arrived at the accompanying bid independently from, and without consultation, communication, agreement or arrangement with any competitor. However communication between partners in a joint venture or consortium³ will not be construed as collusive bidding.
7. In particular, without limiting the generality of paragraphs 6 above, there has been no consultation, communication, agreement or arrangement with any competitor regarding:
 - (a) prices;
 - (b) geographical area where product or service will be rendered (market allocation)
 - (c) methods, factors or formulas used to calculate prices;
 - (d) the intention or decision to submit or not to submit, a bid;
 - (e) the submission of a bid which does not meet the specifications and conditions of the bid; or
 - (f) bidding with the intention not to win the bid.
8. In addition, there have been no consultations, communications, agreements or arrangements with any competitor regarding the quality, quantity, specifications and conditions or delivery particulars of the products or services to which this bid invitation relates.
9. The terms of the accompanying bid have not been, and will not be, disclosed by the bidder, directly or indirectly, to any competitor, prior to the date and time of the official bid opening or of the awarding of the contract.

³ Joint venture or Consortium means an association of persons for the purpose of combining their expertise, property, capital, efforts, skill and knowledge in an activity for the execution of a contract.

10. I am aware that, in addition and without prejudice to any other remedy provided to combat any restrictive practices related to bids and contracts, bids that are suspicious will be reported to the Competition Commission for investigation and possible imposition of administrative penalties in terms of section 59 of the Competition Act No 89 of 1998 and or may be reported to the National Prosecuting Authority (NPA) for criminal investigation and or may be restricted from conducting business with the public sector for a period not exceeding ten (10) years in terms of the Prevention and Combating of Corrupt Activities Act No 12 of 2004 or any other applicable legislation.

.....
Signature

.....
Date

.....
Position

.....
Name of Bidder

Js914w 2