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PLACE OF KIPTS

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Introduction

This Instruction outlines the pollution tests required in place of the Koeberg Insulation Pollution Test Station (KIPTS) type test. This is applicable to products that have not been previously tested at KIPTS. The interim measures detailed herein are to be used until the KIPTS test facility is reinstated and normal testing resumes. Therefore, until communicated otherwise, the KIPTS type test is not mandatory and is temporarily replaced by the interim requirements in this Instruction.

This Instruction sets out the requirements for the ageing and pollution performance approval of all medium voltage (MV) and high voltage (HV) insulator products for use on the Eskom Distribution network for applications up to and including nominal system voltages of 132 kV. This requirement also applies to equipment insulation generally, e.g. bushings, or insulation housings, as well as insulator coating systems.

This Instruction addresses the temporary status of the KIPTS type test requirement whilst the test station is being re-established. It provides alternative interim acceptance criteria for the purpose of ageing and pollution performance approval of MV and HV equipment insulation.

When the KIPTS test site is recommissioned, the testing of all MV and HV insulator products will resume and the KIPTS type test will be reinstated as the mandatory and primary requirement for pollution performance and aging of all insulation products to be used in the Eskom Distribution network.

Instruction

This Instruction is issued to approve MV and HV insulation in respect of ageing and pollution performance, throughout the Eskom Distribution Division.

Revision history

This Instruction is based on the technical approach proposed in a previous instruction that was compiled in December 2018 as 'Revision 1' of 240-142598739 [9]. The instruction was subsequently revised to generalise the requirements for both Transmission and Distribution applications and published as 'Revision 3' [10]. With the separation of Distribution and Transmission divisions, the original requirements are reinstated by this instruction.

However, the nature of Eskom's Distribution Division necessitates the need for a more focused application of specific criteria that are explicitly defined. It was deemed critical to provide Distribution Division engineers with clear guidance on ageing and pollution performance requirements, rather than provide a basket of options. Hence, it was considered important to augment 'Revision 3' [10] with an instruction that is customised to the specific needs of and applicable to the Distribution Division exclusively. Following further work done, the current Instruction was drafted to address the criteria to procure insulation products for Distribution only. Henceforth, the current Instruction (240-170000774) shall be applied as the principal requirement in specifying the technical criteria for insulation products in Distribution. In so doing, 240-170000774 is a mandatory augmentation of 240-142598739 [10] for use in Distribution only.

Date	Rev.	Name& Surname	Compiled by
Oct 2022	1	A Beutel	G Strelec & F Jooste on behalf of the Distribution Line Insulator Performance Care Group (Dx LIP CG)

1. Normative and Informative references

Parties using this document shall apply the most recent edition of the documents listed in the normative references.

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1.1 Normative

- [1] SANS 61109, Insulators for overhead lines Composite suspension and tension insulators for a.c. systems with a nominal voltage greater than 1 000 V Definitions, test methods and acceptance criteria, Edition 2 (2008-05).
- [2] SANS 62217, Polymeric HV insulators for indoor and outdoor use General definitions, test methods and acceptance criteria, Edition 2 (2012-09).
- [3] SANS TS 60507, Artificial pollution tests on high-voltage ceramic and glass insulators to be used on a.c. systems, Edition 3 (2013-12).
- [4] SANS TS 60815-1, Selection and dimensioning of high-voltage insulators intended for use in polluted conditions Part 1: Definitions, information and general principles, Edition 1 (2008-10).
- [5] CIGRE TB 555, Artificial pollution test for polymer insulators, 2013.
- [6] CIGRE TB 691, Pollution test of naturally and artificially contaminated insulators, 2017.
- [7] 240-100495413, KIPTS natural aging and pollution performance test procedure for outdoor insulator products: section 0.
- [8] SANS 17025, General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories.

1.2 Informative

- [9] 240-142598739 Rev 1, Insulation pollution standards required in lieu of KIPTS, 2018 (withdrawn).
- [10] 240-142598739 Rev 3, Rescinding of KIPTS testing as mandatory requirement and guidance on technical standards applicable for pollution related qualification of high voltage equipment, 2019.
- [11] 240-75883896 Rev 1, Outdoor post and long rod insulators for new and refurbished powerlines for 66kV and 132kV standard, 2021.

2. Requirements for test facilities

All tests specified by this Instruction are to be conducted at ISO 17025 [8] accredited, independent and registered laboratories.

3. KIPTS change of status as a mandatory criterion

The KIPTS type test requirement is temporarily waived as a gatekeeper and/or mandatory requirement in the approval of MV and HV equipment and products until KIPTS is reinstated. References to KIPTS as a gatekeeper and/or mandatory requirement in Eskom standards, technical evaluation criteria and/or procurement documents shall be replaced by the alternative criteria stipulated in this Instruction.

Note: Products for which there is a valid KIPTS test certificate will not have to undertake the alternative tests outlined in this instruction.

4. Application conditions

This Instruction must be applied to all Distribution standards as follows:

- 1) If an existing standard contains the requirements specified in this Instruction, it need not be revised.
- 2) If an existing standard does not contain the requirements specified in this Instruction, it must be revised to refer to this Instruction.
- 3) If there is no time to revise an existing standard in case 2, a covering letter referring to this Instruction can be attached to the enquiry.

It is the intention that when the new calibrated and operational KIPTS site is established, testing for natural pollution performance and aging will resume as a mandatory type test (i.e. KIPTS type test).

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The requirements for product test certificates specified in this instruction, including pollution performance curves according to Section 6, will remain a requirement for submission with a tender for insulation products, even after KIPTS testing is re-established. These pollution performance curves will be used in techniques for condition monitoring and life prediction of insulator products.

5. Ageing performance requirement

Test certificates stating compliance with SANS 61109 [1] shall be provided. These certificates shall include a successful 1000-hour salt-fog tracking and erosion test as per SANS 62217 [2].

Note: IEC has standardized on the 1000-hour test in SANS (IEC) 62217 [2].

6. Pollution performance requirement

Test certificates for pollution voltage withstand curves ($U_{50\%}$) developed from flashover tests at three pollution levels shall be provided for a test insulator. The test insulator shall have identical material and profile parameters to that of the insulator to be supplied.

The three required pollution levels are characteristic of pollution conditions for the networks installed across South Africa. These three pollution levels are represented by the following 'Salt Deposit Density' (SDD) levels: 0.06, 0.12 and 0.48 mg/cm²; and with a 'Non-Soluble Deposit Density' (NSDD) of ≥ 0.1 mg/cm². The SDD levels for the three pollution levels are depicted by 'A', 'B' and 'C' in Figure 1. Further details are as follows:

- For ceramic insulators, the 'Solid Layer' test method according to SANS TS 60507 [3] shall be
 performed, using Procedure B. A spray gun is to be used for applying the Kaolin composition in
 accordance with Annex B.3.2. The recommendations given in Annex D and E of SANS TS 60507 [3]
 shall be followed to determine the degree of pollution on the test insulator by using the 'SDD' method.
- For polymeric insulators with 'Hydrophobicity Transfer Material' (HTM) properties, the test shall be performed according to the 'modified Solid Layer' test method, with the pre-conditioning procedure (i.e. with and without hydrophobicity recovery) according to CIGRE TB 555 [5] and CIGRE TB 691 [6].

The 50% probability withstand voltage, $U_{50\%}$, results for the three test insulator pollution flashover tests shall be converted to a 'flashover stress', in kV/m, along the standard test insulation length, H_T , as follows:

'Flashover stress' =
$$\frac{U_{50\%}}{H_T}$$

 H_T is the linear insulation length between metal end fittings (Figure 2), that is used to determine the U_{50%}, and is determined by the available voltage source used by the test facility. This stress shall be presented as a three-point approximated power law curve against pollution level (SDD in mg/cm²) as per Figure 1.

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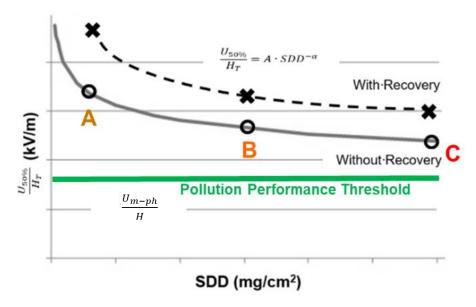


Figure 1: Pollution performance curve with SDD levels

The green line in Figure 1 represents the 'Pollution Performance Threshold', i.e. the acceptable flashover stress across the insulator under test and represents the minimum acceptance criterion for pollution performance. This threshold is calculated as follows:

'Pollution performance threshold' =
$$\frac{U_{m-ph}}{H}$$
 (in kV/m)

'H' (Figure 2) is the insulation length and 'U_{m-ph}' is the highest system r.m.s. phase-to-earth voltage that the insulator is subjected to. Section 7 shows an example of how this is applied.

In place of the natural pollution performance test performed at KIPTS, an insulator shall be accepted if:

 $\frac{U_{50\%}}{H_T} > \frac{U_{m-ph}}{H}$ in the following SDD ranges. For HTM insulators 'without recovery' must be considered as it is deemed the worst case:

- 0.06 to 0.12 mg/cm² for use in 'Light' to 'Medium' pollution environments (Figure 1, from 'A' to 'B' on the pollution performance curve).
- 0.12 to 0.48 mg/cm² for use in 'Heavy' to 'Very Heavy' environments (Figure 1, parts 'B' to 'C' on curve).

The $U_{50\%}$ determined at the following three pollution levels: 0.06, 0.12 and 0.48 mg/cm², constitutes the three points that define the 'pollution performance curve' for a particular insulator.

The two acceptance criteria above correspond with the two tests that are performed at KIPTS for 'Light-Medium' and 'Heavy-Very Heavy' conditions [7].

The curves for both 'with recovery' and 'without recovery' shall be provided in the supplied test certificate.

The insulator pollution flashover performance curve constants A (in kV/m) and α (dimensionless) are to be determined and supplied according to the equation:

$$\frac{U_{50\%}}{H_T} = A \cdot SDD^{-\alpha}$$

This data may be used by Eskom along with 'Site Pollution Severity' (SPS) in the 'statistical approach' for insulator selection as per Annex G in SANS TS 60815-1 [4] to optimise insulator selection for special applications.

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7. Example of pollution performance evaluation

The insulator shown in Figure 2 is to be installed on a 132 kV overhead line. The phase-earth voltage is calculated as follows:

$$U_{m-ph} = \frac{U_m}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{145 \ kV}{\sqrt{3}} = 83.8 \ kV$$

The minimum insulation length (H) is 1.2 m (Figure 2, minimum distance between end-fittings). This gives the following 'insulation stress':

$$\frac{U_{m-ph}}{H} = 70 \ kV/m$$

If the insulator 'strength' at the three points 'A', 'B' and 'C' of the pollution performance curve (Figure 1) is below this threshold (green line in Figure 1), it is not acceptable. If points 'A' and 'B' are above the threshold line, then the insulator may be used in 'Light' to 'Medium' pollution environments. If 'B' and 'C' are above the threshold line, then the insulator may be used in 'Heavy' to 'Very Heavy' pollution environments.

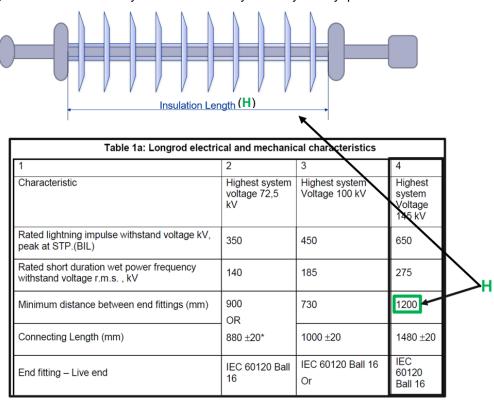


Figure 2: Dimensional parameters of 132 kV long rod insulators [11]

8. Material fingerprinting

Insulator (or coating) 'material fingerprints' are to be supplied in accordance with KIPTS procedure [7].

9. Provision of sample

A single sample of the product and its drawing must be submitted for verification purposes. This sample will be stored as a reference sample.

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10. Summary of requirements for submission for technical evaluation

Table 1 summarises the requirements of this Instruction and the items to be submitted for evaluation.

Table 1: Technical evaluation submission requirements

Item	Requirement	Standards	Clause in this Instruction	Received (Yes/No)	Accepted (Yes/No)
1	Aging performance qualification which includes 1000 hr salt fog test: test certificate	SANS 61109 [1]	5		
		SANS 62217 [2]			
	Pollution performance curve	SANS 60815-1 [4]	6		
2		Cigre TB 555 [5] Cigre TB 691 [6]			
3	Material fingerprint analysis	240-100495413 [7]	8		
4	Sample	240-100495413 [7]	9		
5	Dimension drawing	240-100495413 [7]	9		

The end user shall use Table 1 to evaluate products submitted in response to enquiries. The test certificates and samples must then be submitted for technical evaluation to Research, Test and Development (RT&D) – Distribution Solutions COE. Distribution Solutions COE shall verify the information and shall issue a certificate for each product type indicating approval. This is a similar process to the issuing of KIPTS certificates and is to ensure consistency in the issuing of test certificates.

11. Future select KIPTS testing

When KIPTS is reinstated, Eskom reserves the right to subject selected insulators that have been approved in accordance with the interim KIPTS requirements to natural aging and pollution performance tests at KIPTS. Products that were accepted based on the criteria specified in this Instruction will be tested at KIPTS at Eskom's cost. Should unacceptable aging and pollution performance be detected in the course of the KIPTS testing of the product, Eskom reserves the right to withhold further procurement until the defect is corrected by the manufacturer.

12. KIPTS certificate validity

Eskom shall continue to accept existing valid KIPTS certificates, provided the product is identical – in design and material – to the product for which the certificate was issued.

13. Technical support

Users requiring technical support on the implementation of this Instruction should contact any of the following:

- David Mvayo.
- Gavin Strelec.
- Frans Jooste.
- Richardo Davey.
- Jason Blaauw.

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14. Development team

- Gavin Strelec.
- Frans Jooste.
- Richardo Davey.
- Jason Blaauw.
- Barend du Plessis.
- Andreas Beutel.
- Other members of the Dx LIP CG.