



TRANS- CALEDON TUNNEL AUTHORITY STANDARD CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

TCTA STANDARD CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

NOTES

The purpose of this document is to:

1. Draw special attention to certain general conditions applicable to government bids, contracts and orders; and
 2. To ensure that suppliers be familiar with regard to the rights and obligations of all parties involved in doing business with government. In this document words in the singular also mean in the plural and vice versa and words in the masculine also mean in the feminine and neuter.
- The General Conditions of Contract will form part of all bid documents and may not be amended.
 - Special Conditions of Contract (SCC) relevant to a specific bid, should be compiled separately for every bid (if applicable) and will supplement the General Conditions of Contract. Whenever there is a conflict, the provisions in the SCC shall prevail.

TCTA STANDARD CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

Table of Contents

1. Definitions	2
2. Application	4
3. Standards	4
4. Use of contract documents and information; inspection.....	4
5. Patent rights.....	4
6. Performance security	5
7. Inspections, tests and analyses	5
8. Packing.....	6
9. Delivery and documents.....	6
10. Insurance	7
11. Transportation	7
12. Incidental services	7
13. Spare parts	7
14. Warranty.....	8
15. Payment	8
16. Prices	9
17. Contract amendments.....	9
18. Assignment.....	9
19. Subcontracts	9
20. Delays in the supplier's performance	9
21. Penalties	10
22. Termination for default	10
23. Anti-dumping and countervailing duties and rights	11
24. Force Majeure	11
25. Termination for insolvency.....	11
26. Settlement of Disputes.....	11
27. Limitation of liability.....	12
28. Governing language.....	12
29. Applicable law	12
30. Notices	12
31. Taxes and duties	13
32. Transfer of contracts.....	13
33. Amendment of contracts	13
34. Prohibition of restricted practices	13

TCTA STANDARD CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

1. Definitions

The following terms shall be interpreted as indicated:

- 1.1 **“Contract”** means the written agreement entered into between the purchaser and the supplier, as recorded in the contract form signed by the parties, including all attachments and appendices thereto and all documents incorporated by reference therein.
- 1.2 **“Contract price”** means the price payable to the supplier under the contract for the full and proper performance of the supplier’s contractual obligations.
- 1.3 **“Corrupt practice”** means the offering, giving, receiving, or soliciting of anything of value to influence the action of a public official in the procurement process or in contract execution.
- 1.4 **“Countervailing duties”** are imposed in cases where an enterprise abroad is subsidized by its government and encouraged to market its products internationally.
- 1.5 **“Country of origin”** means the place where the goods were mined, grown or produced or from which the services are supplied. Goods are produced when, through manufacturing, processing or substantial and major assembly of components, a commercially recognized new product results that is substantially different in basic characteristics or in purpose or utility from its components.
- 1.6 **“Day”** means calendar day.
- 1.7 **“Delivery”** means delivery in compliance of the conditions of the contract or purchase order.
- 1.8 **“Delivery ex stock”** means immediate delivery directly from stock actually on hand.
- 1.9 **“Delivery into consignees store or to his site”** means delivered and unloaded in the specified store or depot or on the specified site in compliance with the conditions of the contract or purchase order, the supplier bearing all risks and charges involved until the supplies or goods are so delivered and a valid receipt is obtained.
- 1.10 **“Dumping”** occurs when a private enterprise abroad market its goods on own initiative in the Republic at lower prices than that of the country of origin and which have the potential to harm the local industries in the Republic.
- 1.11 **“Force majeure”** means an event beyond the control of the supplier and not involving the supplier’s fault or negligence and not foreseeable. Such events may include, but is not restricted to, acts of the purchaser in its sovereign capacity, wars or revolutions, fires, floods, epidemics, quarantine restrictions and freight embargoes.
- 1.12 **“Fraudulent practice”** means a misrepresentation of facts in order to influence a procurement process or the execution of a contract to the detriment of any bidder, and includes collusive practice among bidders (prior to or after bid submission) designed to establish bid prices at artificial non-competitive levels and to deprive the bidder of the benefits of free and open competition.

TCTA STANDARD CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

- 1.13 “**GCC**” means the General Conditions of Contract.
- 1.14 “**Goods**” means all of the equipment, machinery, and/or other materials other than services that the supplier is required to supply to the purchaser under the contract or purchase order.
- 1.15 “**Imported content**” means that portion of the bidding price represented by the cost of components, parts or materials which have been or are still to be imported (whether by the supplier or his subcontractors) and which costs are inclusive of the costs abroad, plus freight and other direct importation costs such as landing costs, dock dues, import duty, sales duty or other similar tax or duty at the South African place of entry as well as transportation and handling charges to the factory in the Republic where the supplies covered by the bid will be manufactured.
- 1.16 “**Local content**” means that portion of the bidding price which is not included in the imported content provided that local manufacture does take place.
- 1.17 “**Manufacture**” means the production of products in a factory using labour, materials, components and machinery and includes other related value-adding activities.
- 1.18 “**Purchase Order**” means an official written order issued for the supply of goods or works or the rendering of a service.
- 1.19 “**Project site**,” where applicable, means the place indicated in bidding documents, contract or purchase, where the goods or services will be delivered or rendered.
- 1.20 “**Purchaser**” means the organization purchasing the goods or services, and in this instance means Trans-Caledon Tunnel Authority (“TCTA”).
- 1.21 “**Republic**” means the Republic of South Africa.
- 1.22 “**SCC**” means the Special Conditions of Contract.
- 1.23 “**Services**” means those functional services ancillary to the supply of the goods, such as transportation and any other incidental services, such as installation, commissioning, provision of technical assistance, training, catering, gardening, security, maintenance and other such obligations of the supplier covered under the contract.
- 1.24 “**Supplier**” means the successful bidder who is awarded the contract to maintain and administer the required and specified services and supply the required and specified goods.
- 1.25 “**Tort**” means in breach of contract.
- 1.26 “**Turnkey**” means a procurement process where one supplier assumes total responsibility for all aspects of the project and delivers the full end product / service required under the contract.
- 1.27 “**Written**” or “**in writing**” means handwritten in ink or any form of electronic or mechanical writing.

TCTA STANDARD CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

2. Application

- 2.1. These general conditions are applicable to all bids, contracts and purchase orders including bids for functional and professional services, sales, hiring, letting and the granting or acquiring of rights, but excluding immovable property, unless otherwise indicated in the bidding documents.
- 2.2. Where applicable, special conditions of contract are also laid down to cover specific supplies, services or works.
- 2.3. Where such special conditions of contract are in conflict with these general conditions, the special conditions shall apply.

3. Standards

- 3.1. The goods supplied shall conform to the standards mentioned in the bidding documents and specifications.

4. Use of contract documents and information; inspection.

- 4.1. The supplier shall not, without the purchaser's prior written consent, disclose the contract, or any provision thereof, or any specification, plan, drawing, pattern, sample, or information furnished by or on behalf of the purchaser in connection therewith, to any person other than a person employed by the supplier in the performance of the contract. Disclosure to any such employed person shall be made in confidence and shall extend only so far as may be necessary for purposes of such performance.
- 4.2. The supplier shall not, without the purchaser's prior written consent, make use of any document or information mentioned in GCC clause 5.1 except for purposes of performing the contract.
- 4.3. Any document, other than the contract itself mentioned in GCC clause 5.1 shall remain the property of the purchaser and shall be returned (all copies) to the purchaser on completion of the supplier's performance under the contract if so required by the purchaser.
- 4.4. The supplier shall permit the purchaser to inspect the supplier's records relating to the performance of the supplier and to have them audited by auditors appointed by the purchaser, if so required by the purchaser.

5. Patent rights

- 5.1. The supplier shall indemnify the purchaser against all third-party claims of infringement of patent, trademark, or industrial design rights arising from use of the goods or any part thereof by the purchaser.

TCTA STANDARD CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

6. Performance security

- 6.1. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of the notification of contract award the successful bidder shall, where applicable, furnish to the purchaser the performance security of the amount specified in SCC.
- 6.2. The proceeds of the performance security shall be payable to the purchaser as compensation for any loss resulting from the supplier's failure to complete his obligations as set out in the contract.
- 6.3. The performance security shall be denominated in the currency of the contract, or in a freely convertible currency acceptable to the purchaser and shall be in one of the following forms:
 - (a) a bank guarantee or an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a reputable bank located in the purchaser's country or abroad, acceptable to the purchaser, in the form provided in the bidding documents or another form acceptable to the purchaser; or
 - (b) a cashier's or certified cheque.
- 6.4. The performance security will be discharged by the purchaser and returned to the supplier not later than thirty (30) days following the date of completion of the supplier's performance obligations as set out in the contract, including any warranty obligations, unless otherwise specified in SCC.

7. Inspections, tests and analyses

- 7.1. All pre-bidding testing will be for the account of the bidder.
- 7.2. If it is a bid condition that supplies to be produced or services to be rendered should at any stage during production or execution or on completion be subject to inspection, the premises of the bidder or contractor shall be open, at all reasonable hours, for inspection by a representative of the purchaser.
- 7.3. If there are no inspection requirements indicated in the bidding documents and no mention is made in the contract, but during the contract period it is decided that inspections shall be carried out, the purchaser shall itself make the necessary arrangements, including payment arrangements with the testing authority concerned.
- 7.4. If the inspections, tests and analyses referred to in clauses 8.2 and 8.3 show the supplies to be in accordance with the contract requirements, the cost of the inspections, tests and analyses shall be defrayed by the purchaser.
- 7.5. Where the supplies or services referred to in clauses 8.2 and 8.3 do not comply with the contract requirements, irrespective of whether such supplies or services are accepted or not, the cost in connection with these inspections, tests or analyses shall be defrayed by the supplier.

TCTA STANDARD CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

- 7.6. Supplies and services which are referred to in clauses 8.2 and 8.3 and which do not comply with the contract requirements may be rejected.
- 7.7. Any contract supplies may on or after delivery be inspected, tested or analyzed and may be rejected if found not to comply with the requirements of the contract. Such rejected supplies shall be held at the cost and risk of the supplier who shall, when called upon, remove them immediately at his own cost and forthwith substitute them with supplies which do comply with the requirements of the contract. Failing such removal the rejected supplies shall be returned at the suppliers cost and risk. Should the supplier fail to provide the substitute supplies forthwith, the purchaser may, without giving the supplier further opportunity to substitute the rejected supplies, purchase such supplies as may be necessary at the expense of the supplier.
- 7.8. The provisions of clauses 8.4 to 8.7 shall not prejudice the right of the purchaser to cancel the contract on account of a breach of the conditions thereof, or to act in terms of clause 23 of GCC.

8. Packing

- 8.1. The supplier shall provide such packing of the goods as is required to prevent their damage or deterioration during transit to their final destination, as indicated in the contract. The packing shall be sufficient to withstand, without limitation, rough handling during transit and exposure to extreme temperatures, salt and precipitation during transit, and open storage. Packing, case size and weights shall take into consideration, where appropriate, the remoteness of the goods' final destination and the absence of heavy handling facilities at all points in transit.
- 8.2. The packing, marking, and documentation within and outside the packages shall comply strictly with such special requirements as shall be expressly provided for in the contract, including additional requirements, if any, specified in SCC, and in any subsequent instructions ordered by the purchaser.

9. Delivery and documents

- 9.1. Delivery of the goods shall be made by the supplier in accordance with the terms specified in the contract. The details of shipping and/or other documents to be furnished by the supplier are specified in SCC.
- 9.2. Documents to be submitted by the supplier are specified in SCC.

TCTA STANDARD CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

10. Insurance

10.1. The goods supplied under the contract shall, where applicable, be fully insured in a freely convertible currency against loss or damage incidental to manufacture or acquisition, transportation, storage and delivery in the manner specified in the SCC.

11. Transportation

11.1. Should a price other than an all-inclusive delivered price be required, this shall be specified in the SCC.

12. Incidental services

12.1. The supplier may, where applicable, be required to provide any or all of the following services, including additional services, if any, specified in SCC:

- a) performance or supervision of on-site assembly and/or commissioning of the supplied goods;
- b) furnishing of tools required for assembly and/or maintenance of the supplied goods;
- c) furnishing of a detailed operations and maintenance manual for each appropriate unit of the supplied goods;
- d) performance or supervision or maintenance and/or repair of the supplied goods, for a period of time agreed by the parties, provided that this service shall not relieve the supplier of any warranty obligations under this contract; and
- e) training of the purchaser's personnel, at the supplier's plant and/or on-site, in assembly, start-up, operation, maintenance, and/or repair of the supplied goods.

12.2. Prices charged by the supplier for incidental services, if not included in the contract price for the goods, shall be agreed upon in advance by the parties and shall not exceed the prevailing rates charged to other parties by the supplier for similar services.

13. Spare parts

13.1. As specified in SCC, the supplier may be required to provide any or all of the following materials, notifications, and information pertaining to spare parts manufactured or distributed by the supplier:

- a) such spare parts as the purchaser may elect to purchase from the supplier, provided that this election shall not relieve the supplier of any warranty obligations under the contract; and
- (c) in the event of termination of production of the spare parts:

TCTA STANDARD CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

- i. Advance notification to the purchaser of the pending termination, in sufficient time to permit the purchaser to procure needed requirements; and
- ii. following such termination, furnishing at no cost to the purchaser, the blueprints, drawings, and specifications of the spare parts, if requested.

14. Warranty

- 14.1. The supplier warrants that the goods supplied under the contract are new, unused, of the most recent or current models, and that they incorporate all recent improvements in design and materials unless provided otherwise in the contract. The supplier further warrants that all goods supplied under this contract shall have no defect, arising from design, materials, or workmanship (except when the design and/or material is required by the purchaser's specifications) or from any act or omission of the supplier, that may develop under normal use of the supplied goods in the conditions prevailing in the country of final destination.
- 14.2. This warranty shall remain valid for twelve (12) months after the goods, or any portion thereof as the case may be, have been delivered to and accepted at the final destination indicated in the contract, or for eighteen (18) months after the date of shipment from the port or place of loading in the source country, whichever period concludes earlier, unless specified otherwise in SCC.
- 14.3. The purchaser shall promptly notify the supplier in writing of any claims arising under this warranty.
- 14.4. Upon receipt of such notice, the supplier shall, within the period specified in SCC and with all reasonable speed, repair or replace the defective goods or parts thereof, without costs to the purchaser.
- 14.5. If the supplier, having been notified, fails to remedy the defect(s) within the period specified in SCC, the purchaser may proceed to take such remedial action as may be necessary, at the supplier's risk and expense and without prejudice to any other rights which the purchaser may have against the supplier under the contract.

15. Payment

- 15.1. The method and conditions of payment to be made to the supplier under this contract shall be specified in SCC.
- 15.2. The supplier shall furnish the purchaser with an invoice accompanied by a copy of the delivery note and upon fulfillment of other obligations stipulated in the contract.
- 15.3. Payments shall be made promptly by the purchaser, but in no case later than thirty (30) days after submission of an invoice or claim by the supplier.
- 15.4. Payment will be made in Rand unless otherwise stipulated in SCC.

TCTA STANDARD CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

16. Prices

- 16.1. Prices charged by the supplier for goods delivered and services performed under the contract shall not vary from the prices quoted by the supplier in his bid, with the exception of any price adjustments authorized in SCC or in the purchaser's request for bid validity extension, as the case may be.

17. Contract amendments

- 17.1. No variation in or modification of the terms of the contract shall be made except by written amendment signed by the parties concerned.

18. Assignment

- 18.1. The supplier shall not assign to any person, in whole or in part, its obligations to perform under the contract, except with the purchaser's prior written consent.

19. Subcontracts

- 19.1. The supplier shall notify the purchaser in writing of all subcontracts awarded under this contracts if not already specified in the bid. Such notification, in the original bid or later, shall be in accordance with regulation 12 Preferential Procurement Regulations, 2017, and not relieve the supplier from any liability or obligation under the contract.

20. Delays in the supplier's performance

- 20.1. Delivery of the goods and performance of services shall be made by the supplier in accordance with the time schedule prescribed by the purchaser in the contract.
- 20.2. If at any time during performance of the contract, the supplier or its subcontractor(s) should encounter conditions impeding timely delivery of the goods and performance of services, the supplier shall promptly notify the purchaser in writing of the fact of the delay, its likely duration and its cause(s). As soon as practicable after receipt of the supplier's notice, the purchaser shall evaluate the situation and may at his discretion extend the supplier's time for performance, with or without the imposition of penalties, in which case the extension shall be ratified by the parties by amendment of contract.
- 20.3. The right is reserved to procure outside of the contract small quantities or to have minor essential services executed if an emergency arises, the supplier's point of supply is not situated at or near the place where the supplies are required, or the supplier's services are not readily available.
- 20.4. Except as provided under GCC Clause 25, a delay by the supplier in the performance of its delivery obligations shall render the supplier liable to the imposition of penalties, pursuant to

TCTA STANDARD CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

GCC Clause 22, unless an extension of time is agreed upon pursuant to GCC Clause 22.2 without the application of penalties.

- 20.5. Upon any delay beyond the delivery period in the case of a supplies contract, the purchaser shall, without canceling the contract, be entitled to purchase supplies of a similar quality and up to the same quantity in substitution of the goods not supplied in conformity with the contract and to return any goods delivered later at the supplier's expense and risk, or to cancel the contract and buy such goods as may be required to complete the contract and without prejudice to his other rights, be entitled to claim damages from the supplier.

21. Penalties

- 21.1. Subject to GCC Clause 25, if the supplier fails to deliver any or all of the goods or to perform the services within the period(s) specified in the contract, the purchaser shall, without prejudice to its other remedies under the contract, deduct from the contract price, as a penalty, a sum calculated on the delivered price of the delayed goods or unperformed services using the current prime interest rate calculated for each day of the delay until actual delivery or performance. The purchaser may also consider termination of the contract pursuant to GCC Clause 23.

22. Termination for default

- 22.1. The purchaser, without prejudice to any other remedy for breach of contract, by written notice of default sent to the supplier, may terminate this contract in whole or in part:
- a. if the supplier fails to deliver any or all of the goods within the period(s) specified in the contract, or within any extension thereof granted by the purchaser pursuant to GCC Clause 21.2;
 - b. if the Supplier fails to perform any other obligation(s) under the contract; or
 - c. if the supplier, in the judgment of the purchaser, has engaged in corrupt or fraudulent practices in competing for or in executing the contract.
- 22.2. In the event the purchaser terminates the contract in whole or in part, the purchaser may procure, upon such terms and in such manner as it deems appropriate, goods, works or services similar to those undelivered, and the supplier shall be liable to the purchaser for any excess costs for such similar goods, works or services. However, the supplier shall continue performance of the contract to the extent not terminated.

TCTA STANDARD CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

23. Anti-dumping and countervailing duties and rights

23.1. When, after the date of bid, provisional payments are required, or antidumping or countervailing duties are imposed, or the amount of a provisional payment or anti-dumping or countervailing right is increased in respect of any dumped or subsidized import, the purchaser is not liable for any amount so required or imposed, or for the amount of any such increase. When, after the said date, such a provisional payment is no longer required or any such anti-dumping or countervailing right is abolished, or where the amount of such provisional payment or any such right is reduced, any such favourable difference shall on demand be paid forthwith by the supplier to the purchaser or the latter may deduct such amounts from moneys (if any) which may otherwise be due to the supplier in regard to supplies or services which he delivered or rendered, or is to deliver or render in terms of the contract or any other contract or any other amount which may be due to him.

24. Force Majeure

- 24.1. Notwithstanding the provisions of GCC Clauses 22 and 23, the supplier shall not be liable for forfeiture of its performance security, damages, or termination for default if and to the extent that his delay in performance or other failure to perform his obligations under the contract is the result of an event of force majeure.
- 24.2. If a force majeure situation arises, the supplier shall promptly notify the purchaser in writing of such condition and the cause thereof. Unless otherwise directed by the purchaser in writing, the supplier shall continue to perform its obligations under the contract as far as is reasonably practical, and shall seek all reasonable alternative means for performance not prevented by the force majeure event.

25. Termination for insolvency

25.1. The purchaser may at any time terminate the contract by giving written notice to the supplier if the supplier becomes bankrupt or otherwise insolvent. In this event, termination will be without compensation to the supplier, provided that such termination will not prejudice or affect any right of action or remedy which has accrued or will accrue thereafter to the purchaser.

26. Settlement of Disputes

26.1. If any dispute or difference of any kind whatsoever arises between the purchaser and the supplier in connection with or arising out of the contract, the parties shall make every effort to resolve amicably such dispute or difference by mutual consultation.

TCTA STANDARD CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

- 26.2. If, after thirty (30) days, the parties have failed to resolve their dispute or difference by such mutual consultation, then either the purchaser or the supplier may give notice to the other party of his intention to commence with mediation. No mediation in respect of this matter may be commenced unless such notice is given to the other party.
- 26.3. Should it not be possible to settle a dispute by means of mediation, it may be settled in a South African court of law.
- 26.4. Mediation proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the rules of procedure specified in the SCC.
- 26.5. Notwithstanding any reference to mediation and/or court proceedings herein,
- a. the parties shall continue to perform their respective obligations under the contract unless they otherwise agree; and
 - b. the purchaser shall pay the supplier any monies due the supplier for goods delivered and /or services rendered according to the prescripts of the contract.

27. Limitation of liability

- 27.1. Except in cases of criminal negligence or willful misconduct, and in the case of infringement pursuant to Clause 6;
- a. the supplier shall not be liable to the purchaser, whether in contract, tort, or otherwise, for any indirect or consequential loss or damage, loss of use, loss of production, or loss of profits or interest costs, provided that this exclusion shall not apply to any obligation of the supplier to pay penalties and/or damages to the purchaser; and
 - b. the aggregate liability of the supplier to the purchaser, whether under the contract, in tort or otherwise, shall not exceed the total contract price, provided that this limitation shall not apply to the cost of repairing or replacing defective equipment.

28. Governing language

- 28.1. The contract shall be written in English. All correspondence and other documents pertaining to the contract that is exchanged by the parties shall also be written in English.

29. Applicable law

- 29.1. The contract shall be interpreted in accordance with South African laws, unless otherwise specified in SCC.

30. Notices

- 30.1. Every written acceptance of a bid shall be posted or communicated to the supplier concerned by registered or certified mail or electronic mail and any other notice to him shall be posted

TCTA STANDARD CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

by ordinary mail or electronic mail to the address furnished in his bid or to the address notified later by him in writing and such posting shall be deemed to be proper service of such notice.

30.2. The time mentioned in the contract documents for performing any act after such aforesaid notice has been given, shall be reckoned from the date of posting of such notice.

31. Taxes and duties

31.1. A foreign supplier shall be entirely responsible for all taxes, stamp duties, license fees, and other such levies imposed outside the purchaser's country.

31.2. A local supplier shall be entirely responsible for all taxes, duties, license fees, etc., incurred until delivery of the contracted goods to the purchaser.

31.3. No contract shall be concluded with any bidder whose tax matters are not in order. Prior to the award of a bid the purchaser must verify that the tax matters of the successful bidder are in order. The successful bidder must submit the tax compliance status pin or the Central Supplier Database Master Registration Number which the purchaser will use to confirm the tax status of the successful bidder.

32. Transfer of contracts

33.1 The supplier shall not abandon, transfer, cede, assign or sublet a contract or part thereof without the written permission of the purchaser.

33. Amendment of contracts

34.1 No agreement to amend or vary a contract or purchaser order or the conditions, stipulations or provisions thereof shall be valid and of any force unless such agreement to amend or vary is entered into in writing and signed by the contracting parties. Any waiver of the requirement that the agreement to amend or vary shall be in writing, shall also be in writing.

34. Prohibition of restricted practices

35.1 In terms of section 4 (1) (b) (iii) of the Competition Act No. 89 of 1998, as amended, an agreement between, or concerted practice by, firms, or a decision by an association of firms, is prohibited if it is between parties in a horizontal relationship and if a bidder(s) is / are or a supplier(s) was /were in collusive bidding.

35.2 If a bidder(s) or contractor(s), based on reasonable grounds or evidence obtained by the purchaser, has /have engaged in the restrictive practice referred to above, the purchaser may refer the matter to the Competitive Commission for investigation and possible imposition of administrative penalties as contemplated in section 59 of the Competition Act No. 89 of 1998.

TCTA STANDARD CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

35.3 If a bidder(s) or supplier(s) has / have been found guilty by the Competition Commission of the restrictive practice referred to above, the purchaser may, in addition and without prejudice to any other remedy provided for, invalidate the bid(s) for such items(s) offered, and / or terminate the contract in whole or part, and /or restrict the bidder(s) or supplier(s) from conducting business with the public sector for a period not exceeding ten (10) years and / or claim damages from the bidder(s) or supplier(s) concerned.