### CASE NO 026/06/2023

TERMS OF REFERENCE FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF A SERVICE PROVIDER TO DEVELOP A PRECINCT PLAN WITHIN A PERIOD OF SEVEN (7) MONTHS IN GAUTENG PROVINCE: SOKHULUMI PRECINCT PLAN IN THE CITY OF TSHWANE METROPOLITAN MUNICIPALITY.

### NB: THERE WILL BE A NON-COMPULSORY BRIEFING SESSION VIA TEAMS

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DATE : 20 JUNE 2023

VENUE : TEAMS
TIME : 11:00 AM

CLOSING DATE: 30 JUNE 2023 @ 11:00 AM

DELIVERY ADDRESS:524 CNR STEVE BIKO AND STANZA BOPAPE STREET, SUNCARDIA BUILDING, 6TH FLOOR, ARCADIA

TECHNICAL ENQUIRIES : Mr. Samuel Osei/ Rethabile Witkoei

TEL : 012 337 3712/17

Cell : 082 562 6154 /081 381 1545

EMAIL : Osei@dalrrd.gov.za / rethabile.witkoei@dalrrd.gov.za

BID RELATED ENQUIRIES : Ms Jane Mpepele/ Mr Absalom Marema

TEL : (012) 337 3700/3634

Cell : 071 878 9095

EMAIL : Absalom.marema@dalrrd.gov.za / jane.mpepele@dalrrd.gov.za

### PART A INVITATION TO BID

	BY INVITED TO BII						_	· ,
BID NUMBER:	CASE026/06/2023		LOSING DATE:			E 2023		OSING TIME: 11:00
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	DESCRIPTION							OPM (SBD7)
THE SUCCESSFUL BIDDER WILL BE REQUIRED TO FILL IN AND SIGN A WRITTEN CONTRACT FORM (SBD7).  BID RESPONSE DOCUMENTS MAY BE DEPOSITED IN THE BID BOX  SITUATED AT (STREET ADDRESS)							OKW (3DD7).	
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E-MAIL ADDRES	S							
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	CAPACITY UNDER WHICH THIS BID IS SIGNED (Attach proof of							
authority to sign								
resolution of dire								
	DING PROCEDURE ENQUIRIES MAY BE DIRECTED TO:  ARTMENT/ PUBLIC ENTITY DALRRD TECHNICAL INFORMATION MAY BE DIRECTED TO:  CONTACT PERSON Mr Thabo Maila							
DEPARTMENT/ F		DALRRD						Mr Thabo Maila
CONTACT PERS TELEPHONE NU		Mr A Marema/ Ms J Mpepele 012 337 3634/3700			TELEPHONE NUMBER 012 337 3712/17 FACSIMILE NUMBER N/A			
TELLI HONE NU	INIDEL		ele@dalrrd.gov.za		JIIVIILE	MOMBEN		
E-MAIL ADDRES	S				AIL ADI	DRESS	5	Samuel. Osei@dalrrd.gov.za

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### PART B TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR BIDDING

1.	BID SUBMISSION:		
1.1.	BIDS MUST BE DELIVERED BY THE STIPULATED TIME TO THE CORRECT ADDRESS. LATE BIDS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED FOR CONSIDERATION.		
1.2.	ALL BIDS MUST BE SUBMITTED ON THE OFFICIAL FORMS PROVIDED-(NOT TO BE RE-TYPED) OR ONLINE		
1.3.	BIDDERS MUST REGISTER ON THE CENTRAL SUPPLIER DATABASE (CSD) TO UPLOAD MANDATORY INFORMATION NAMELY: (BUSINESS REGISTRATION/ DIRECTORSHIP/ MEMBERSHIP/IDENTITY NUMBERS; TAX COMPLIANCE STATUS; AND BANKING INFORMATION FOR VERIFICATION PURPOSES). B-BBEE CERTIFICATE OR SWORN AFFIDAVIT FOR B-BBEE MUST BE SUBMITTED TO BIDDING INSTITUTION.		
1.4.	WHERE A BIDDER IS NOT REGISTERED ON THE CSD, MANDATORY INFORMATION NAMELY: (BUSINESS REGISTRATION/DIRECTORSHIP/ MEMBERSHIP/IDENTITY NUMBERS; TAX COMPLIANCE STATUS MAY NOT BE SUBMITTED WITH THE BID DOCUMENTATION. B-BBEE CERTIFICATE OR SWORN AFFIDAVIT FOR B-BBEE MUST BE SUBMITTED TO BIDDING INSTITUTION.		
1.5.	THIS BID IS SUBJECT TO THE PREFERENTIAL PROCUREMENT POLICY FRAMEWORK ACT 2000 AND THE PREFERENTIAL PROCUREMENT REGULATIONS, 2017, THE GENERAL CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT (GCC) AND, IF APPLICABLE, ANY OTHER LEGISLATION OR SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT.		
2.	TAX COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS		
2.1	BIDDERS MUST ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH THEIR TAX OBLIGATIONS.		
2.2	BIDDERS ARE REQUIRED TO SUBMIT THEIR UNIQUE PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (PIN) ISSUED BY SARS TO ENABLE THE ORGAN OF STATE TO VIEW THE TAXPAYER'S PROFILE AND TAX STATUS.		
2.3	APPLICATION FOR TAX COMPLIANCE STATUS (TCS) OR PIN MAY ALSO BE MADE VIA E-FILING. IN ORDER TO USE THIS PROVISION, TAXPAYERS WILL NEED TO REGISTER WITH SARS AS E-FILERS THROUGH THE WEBSITE WWW.SARS.GOV.ZA.		
2.4	BIDDERS MAY ALSO SUBMIT A PRINTED TCS TOGETHER WITH THE BID.		
2.5	IN BIDS WHERE CONSORTIA / JOINT VENTURES / SUB-CONTRACTORS ARE INVOLVED, EACH PARTY MUST SUBMIT A SEPARATE PROOF OF TCS / PIN / CSD NUMBER.		
2.6	WHERE NO TCS IS AVAILABLE BUT THE BIDDER IS REGISTERED ON THE CENTRAL SUPPLIER DATABASE (CSD), A CSD NUMBER MUST BE PROVIDED.		
3.	QUESTIONNAIRE TO BIDDING FOREIGN SUPPLIERS		
3 1	IS THE BIDDER A RESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA (RSA)?		
	DOES THE BIDDER HAVE A BRANCH IN THE RSA?		
	DOES THE BIDDER HAVE A PERMANENT ESTABLISHMENT IN THE RSA?		
3.4.	DOES THE BIDDER HAVE ANY SOURCE OF INCOME IN THE RSA?		
IF TI COM	HE ANSWER IS "NO" TO ALL OF THE ABOVE, THEN, IT IS NOT A REQUIREMENT TO OBTAIN A TAX COMPLIANCE STATUS / TAX IPLIANCE SYSTEM PIN CODE FROM THE SOUTH AFRICAN REVENUE SERVICE (SARS) AND IF NOT REGISTER AS PER 2.3 ABOVE.		
NB:	FAILURE TO PROVIDE ANY OF THE ABOVE PARTICULARS MAY RENDER THE BID INVALID.		
CEN	TRAL SUPPLIER DATABASE (CSD) NUMBER:		

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### **BIDDER'S DISCLOSURE**

### 1. PURPOSE OF THE FORM

Any person (natural or juristic) may make an offer or offers in terms of this invitation to bid. In line with the principles of transparency, accountability, impartiality, and ethics as enshrined in the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa and further expressed in various pieces of legislation, it is required for the bidder to make this declaration in respect of the details required hereunder.

Where a person/s are listed in the Register for Tender Defaulters and / or the List of Restricted Suppliers, that person will automatically be disqualified from the bid process.

### 2. Bidder's declaration

- 2.1 Is the bidder, or any of its directors / trustees / shareholders / members / partners or any person having a controlling interest1 in the enterprise, employed by the state?

  YES/NO
- 2.1.1 If so, furnish particulars of the names, individual identity numbers, and, if applicable, state employee numbers of sole proprietor/ directors / trustees / shareholders / members/ partners or any person having a controlling interest in the enterprise, in table below.

Full Name	Identity Number	Name of institution	State

2.2 Do you, or any person connected with the bidder, have a relationship

<sup>1</sup> the power, by one person or a group of persons holding the majority of the equity of an enterprise, alternatively, the person/s having the deciding vote or power to influence or to direct the course and decisions of the enterprise.

2.2.1	If so, furnish particulars:
2.3	Does the bidder or any of its directors / trustees / shareholders / members / partners or any person having a controlling interest in the enterprise have any interest in any other related enterprise whether or not they are bidding for this contract?  YES/NO
2.3.1	, ,
3	DECLARATION
	I, the undersigned, (name)
3.1 3.2	I have read and I understand the contents of this disclosure; I understand that the accompanying bid will be disqualified if this
3.3	disclosure is found not to be true and complete in every respect; The bidder has arrived at the accompanying bid independently from, and without consultation, communication, agreement or arrangement with any competitor. However, communication between partners in a joint venture or consortium2 will not be construed as collusive bidding.
3.4	In addition, there have been no consultations, communications, agreements or arrangements with any competitor regarding the quality, quantity, specifications, prices, including methods, factors or formulas used to calculate prices, market allocation, the intention or decision to submit or not to submit the bid, bidding with the intention not to win the bid and conditions or delivery particulars of the products or services to which this bid invitation relates.
3.4	The terms of the accompanying bid have not been, and will not be, disclosed by the bidder, directly or indirectly, to any competitor, prior to the date and time of the official bid opening or of the awarding of the contract.
3.5	There have been no consultations, communications, agreements or

arrangements made by the bidder with any official of the procuring

<sup>2</sup> Joint venture or Consortium means an association of persons for the purpose of combining their expertise, property, capital, efforts, skill and knowledge in an activity for the execution of a contract.

institution in relation to this procurement process prior to and during the bidding process except to provide clarification on the bid submitted where so required by the institution; and the bidder was not involved in the drafting of the specifications or terms of reference for this bid.

3.6 I am aware that, in addition and without prejudice to any other remedy provided to combat any restrictive practices related to bids and contracts, bids that are suspicious will be reported to the Competition Commission for investigation and possible imposition of administrative penalties in terms of section 59 of the Competition Act No 89 of 1998 and or may be reported to the National Prosecuting Authority (NPA) for criminal investigation and or may be restricted from conducting business with the public sector for a period not exceeding ten (10) years in terms of the Prevention and Combating of Corrupt Activities Act No 12 of 2004 or any other applicable legislation.

I CERTIFY THAT THE INFORMATION FURNISHED IN PARAGRAPHS 1, 2 and 3 ABOVE IS CORRECT.

I ACCEPT THAT THE STATE MAY REJECT THE BID OR ACT AGAINST ME IN TERMS OF PARAGRAPH 6 OF PFMA SCM INSTRUCTION 03 OF 2021/22 ON PREVENTING AND COMBATING ABUSE IN THE SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT SYSTEM SHOULD THIS DECLARATION PROVE TO BE FALSE.

Signature	Date
Position	Name of bidder

### PREFERENCE POINTS CLAIM FORM IN TERMS OF THE PREFERENTIAL PROCUREMENT REGULATIONS 2022

This preference form must form part of all tenders invited. It contains general information and serves as a claim form for preference points for specific goals.

NB: BEFORE COMPLETING THIS FORM, TENDERERS MUST STUDY THE GENERAL CONDITIONS, DEFINITIONS AND DIRECTIVES APPLICABLE IN RESPECT OF THE TENDER AND PREFERENTIAL PROCUREMENT REGULATIONS, 2022

### 1. GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1.1 The following preference point systems are applicable to invitations to tender:
  - the 80/20 system for requirements with a Rand value of up to R50 000 000 (all applicable taxes included); and
  - the 90/10 system for requirements with a Rand value above R50 000 000 (all applicable taxes included).

### 1.2 To be completed by the organ of state

(delete whichever is not applicable for this tender).

- a) The applicable preference point system for this tender is the 90/10 preference point system.
- b) The applicable preference point system for this tender is the 80/20 preference point system.
- c) Either the 90/10 or 80/20 preference point system will be applicable in this tender. The lowest/ highest acceptable tender will be used to determine the accurate system once tenders are received.
- 1.3 Points for this tender (even in the case of a tender for income-generating contracts) shall be awarded for:
  - (a) Price; and
  - (b) Specific Goals.

### 1.4 To be completed by the organ of state:

The maximum points for this tender are allocated as follows:

	POINTS
PRICE	80
SPECIFIC GOALS	20
Total points for Price and SPECIFIC GOALS	100

- 1.5 Failure on the part of a tenderer to submit proof or documentation required in terms of this tender to claim points for specific goals with the tender, will be interpreted to mean that preference points for specific goals are not claimed.
- 1.6 The organ of state reserves the right to require of a tenderer, either before a tender is adjudicated or at any time subsequently, to substantiate any claim in regard to preferences, in any manner required by the organ of state.
- 1.7 Bidders who wish to claim points in terms of table 4.2 below need to provide proof for each point claimed as guided below:
  - Who had no franchise in national elections before the 1983 and 1993 Constitution

     attach certified copy of identity document (ID) and company registration document / CSD report to show/ substantiate percentage ownership equity.
  - Who is female- attach certified copy of identity document (ID) and company registration document / CSD report to show/ substantiate percentage ownership equity.
  - Who has a disability attach doctor's letter confirming the disability
  - Who is youth (Specific goal)- attach certified copy of identity document (ID) and company registration document / CSD report to show/ substantiate percentage ownership equity.

### 2. **DEFINITIONS**

- (a) "tender" means a written offer in the form determined by an organ of state in response to an invitation to provide goods or services through price quotations, competitive tendering process or any other method envisaged in legislation;
- (b) "price" means an amount of money tendered for goods or services, and includes all applicable taxes less all unconditional discounts;
- (c) "rand value" means the total estimated value of a contract in Rand, calculated at the time of bid invitation, and includes all applicable taxes;
- (d) "tender for income-generating contracts" means a written offer in the form determined by an organ of state in response to an invitation for the origination of income-generating contracts through any method envisaged in legislation that will result in a legal agreement between the organ of state and a third party that produces revenue for the organ of state, and includes, but is not limited to, leasing and disposal of assets and concession contracts, excluding direct sales and disposal of assets through public auctions; and
- (e) "**the Act**" means the Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act, 2000 (Act No. 5 of 2000).

### 3. FORMULAE FOR PROCUREMENT OF GOODS AND SERVICES

### 3.1. **POINTS AWARDED FOR PRICE**

### 3.1.1 THE 80/20 OR 90/10 PREFERENCE POINT SYSTEMS

A maximum of 80 or 90 points is allocated for price on the following basis:

80/20 or 90/10

$$Ps = 80\left(1 - \frac{Pt - Pmin}{Pmin}\right)$$
 or  $Ps = 90\left(1 - \frac{Pt - Pmin}{Pmin}\right)$ 

Where

Ps = Points scored for price of tender under consideration

Pt = Price of tender under consideration

Pmin = Price of lowest acceptable tender

### 3.2. FORMULAE FOR DISPOSAL OR LEASING OF STATE ASSETS AND INCOME GENERATING PROCUREMENT

### 3.2.1. POINTS AWARDED FOR PRICE

A maximum of 80 or 90 points is allocated for price on the following basis:

$$Ps = 80\left(1+rac{Pt-P\,max}{P\,max}
ight)$$
 or  $Ps = 90\left(1+rac{Pt-P\,max}{P\,max}
ight)$ 

Where

Ps = Points scored for price of tender under consideration

Pt = Price of tender under consideration

Pmax = Price of highest acceptable tender

### 4. POINTS AWARDED FOR SPECIFIC GOALS

- 4.1. In terms of Regulation 4(2); 5(2); 6(2) and 7(2) of the Preferential Procurement Regulations, preference points must be awarded for specific goals stated in the tender. For the purposes of this tender the tenderer will be allocated points based on the goals stated in table 1 below as may be supported by proof/ documentation stated in the conditions of this tender:
- 4.2. In cases where organs of state intend to use Regulation 3(2) of the Regulations, which states that, if it is unclear whether the 80/20 or 90/10 preference point system applies, an organ of state must, in the tender documents, stipulate in the case of—
  - (a) an invitation for tender for income-generating contracts, that either the 80/20 or 90/10 preference point system will apply and that the highest acceptable tender will be used to determine the applicable preference point system; or
  - (b) any other invitation for tender, that either the 80/20 or 90/10 preference point system will apply and that the lowest acceptable tender will be used to determine the applicable preference point system,

then the organ of state must indicate the points allocated for specific goals for both the 90/10 and 80/20 preference point system.

Table 1: Specific goals for the tender and points claimed are indicated per the table below.

(Note to organs of state: Where either the 90/10 or 80/20 preference point system is applicable, corresponding points must also be indicated as such.

Note to tenderers: The tenderer must indicate how they claim points for each preference point system.)

The specific goals allocated points in terms of this tender	Number of points allocated (80/20 system) (To be completed by the organ of state)	Percentage ownership equity (To be completed by the tenderer	Number of points claimed (80/20 system)  (To be completed by the tenderer)
Who had no franchise in national elections before the 1983 and 1993 Constitution	10		
Who is female	5		
Who is disabled	2		
Who is youth (Specific goal)	3		

### NB: No score will be awarded to bidder who has not completed the above table DECLARATION WITH REGARD TO COMPANY/FIRM

4.3.	Name of company/firm
4.4.	Company registration number:
4.5.	TYPE OF COMPANY/ FIRM
	<ul> <li>□ Partnership/Joint Venture / Consortium</li> <li>□ One-person business/sole propriety</li> <li>□ Close corporation</li> <li>□ Public Company</li> <li>□ Personal Liability Company</li> <li>□ (Pty) Limited</li> <li>□ Non-Profit Company</li> <li>□ State Owned Company</li> <li>[TICK APPLICABLE BOX]</li> </ul>

- 4.6. I, the undersigned, who is duly authorised to do so on behalf of the company/firm, certify that the points claimed, based on the specific goals as advised in the tender, qualifies the company/ firm for the preference(s) shown and I acknowledge that:
  - i) The information furnished is true and correct;
  - ii) The preference points claimed are in accordance with the General Conditions as indicated in paragraph 1 of this form;
  - iii) In the event of a contract being awarded as a result of points claimed as shown in paragraphs 1.4 and 4.2, the contractor may be required to furnish documentary proof to the satisfaction of the organ of state that the claims are correct;
  - iv) If the specific goals have been claimed or obtained on a fraudulent basis or any of the conditions of contract have not been fulfilled, the organ of state may, in addition to any other remedy it may have
    - (a) disqualify the person from the tendering process;
    - (b) recover costs, losses or damages it has incurred or suffered as a result of that person's conduct;
    - (c) cancel the contract and claim any damages which it has suffered as a result of having to make less favourable arrangements due to such cancellation;
    - (d) recommend that the tenderer or contractor, its shareholders and directors, or only the shareholders and directors who acted on a fraudulent basis, be restricted from obtaining business from any organ of state for a period not exceeding 10 years, after the audi alteram partem (hear the other side) rule has been applied; and
    - (e) forward the matter for criminal prosecution, if deemed necessary.

	SIGNATURE(S) OF TENDERER(S)
SURNAME AND NAME:	
DATE:	
ADDRESS:	



CHIEF DIRECTORATE: PROVINCIAL SHARED SERVICES CENTRE - GAUTENG

Provincial Shared Service Centre 524 Suncardia Building, cnr Stanza Bopape & Steve Biko StreetPrivate Bag x9 Hatfield, 0028, Tel: 012 337 3600/01

TERMS OF REFERENCE FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF A SERVICE PROVIDER TO DEVELOP A PRECINCT PLAN WITHIN A PERIOD OF SEVEN (7) MONTHS IN GAUTENG PROVINCE: SOKHULUMI PRECINCT PLAN IN THE CITY OF TSHWANE METROPOLITAN MUNICIPALITY

### 1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1. The Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development (DALRRD) under the Branch Spatial Planning and Land Use Management (SPLUM) needs to appoint a service provider(s) or a consortium of suitably qualified service providers to develop the Sokhulumi Precinct Plan which is located within the City of Tshwane Metropolitan Municipality (CoT) in Gauteng Province.
- 1.2. The DALRRD seeks to appoint a suitably qualified and experienced service provider(s), primarily Town/Urban/City and Regional Planners complimented by a team of other experts (outlined in section 9) for a period of seven (7) months to render professional services in preparing the Sokhulumi Precinct Plan for the City of Tshwane Metropolitan Municipality.

### 2. BACKGROUND

2.1 Precincts are not necessarily formal administrative areas in terms of current planning legislation or policies. Precinct commonly refers in planning to a geographically smaller area with specific characteristics that requires detailed planning and interventions within the broader administrative boundaries of a municipality and the exact size of a precinct will thus vary.

- 2.2 A precinct can be developed to provide a new desired development pattern to an area, alter existing land use disparities, protect and promote existing predominant or preferred future dominant land uses and associated ancillary or compatible land uses. Example of core attributes a precinct plan should protect and promote includes:
  - A sense of place;
  - Functional built environment to promote:
    - Accessibility-paths and linkages;
    - Equity-even distribution of resources;
    - Integration- place making;
    - Functionality-compatibility of land use activities;
    - Sustainability-social, economic, institutional enhancement andenvironmental protection.
  - Economic activities and opportunities;
  - Agriculture;
  - Intensive animal production;
  - Sport and recreation;
  - Forestry;
  - Water supply catchments and other water supply sources;
  - Rural or eco-tourism;
  - Mining and extractive resources;
- 2.3 A precinct plan is a planning tool that sets out a vision for the future development trajectory of an area. It establishes a planning and management framework to guide development and land-use change and aims to achieve environmental, social and economic objectives.

- 2.4 A precinct plan as required by this project should take into account all of the issues affecting an area, including its buildings and spaces, land uses, activities and transport. An essential aspect of the precinct planning process is feedback from the community on how the area should evolve. An important phase of the precinct planning process requires consultation with the community, residents, businesses and the development industry to determine the best outcome for the precinct area.
- 2.5 Each precinct plan requires detailed and ongoing consultation with its local community. From the background research, analysis and consultation, the precinct plan should determine what is working well in an area and how this can be enhanced, and how the area can grow and change in the future. It provides clear strategies and detailed actions for how this can be achieved through the implementation of the precinct plan over time.
- 2.6 The precinct plan will inform interventions by both the public and private sectors in order to facilitate economic growth and development through social, spatial and economic development or regeneration. The aim is to initiate, stabilize, consolidate and promote economic development in the precinct and to enhance business efficiencies and opportunities as a response to various government initiatives by proposing appropriate land-use interventions or densities within this nodal area.
- 2.7 The proposals in the precinct plan should inform the overall development of the precinct in terms of medium to long-term strategic interventions required to promote the development of spatially and economically integrated precincts that are attractive, efficient, convenient, safe and effectively managed. The interventions will also promote restructuring, sustainable communities, economic development, poverty alleviation and environmental sustainability.

- 2.8 The primary aim of a precinct plan is the arrangement of land use and infrastructure associated with the needs of specific communities within administrative regions. It integrates transportation, environment, education, economic development, social, residential development and other developmental requirements. Development needs, opportunities and priorities are identified. It is a process that is community-based and driven.
- 2.9 The required precinct plan must: -
  - 2.9.1 Give effect to the development principles contained in the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013
    - i. Spatial Justice;
    - ii. Spatial Sustainability;
    - iii. Efficiency;
    - iv. Spatial Resilience; and
    - v. Good Administration
  - 2.9.2 Be consistent with the City of Tshwane Metropolitan Spatial Development Framework, 2021 as well as the Region 7 Regional Spatial Development Framework, 2018.
  - 2.9.3 Set out objectives that reflect the desired spatial form of the rural community of Sokhulumi within the City of Tshwane Metropolitan Municipality;
  - 2.9.4 Contain strategies, policies and plans which must-
    - Indicate desired patterns of land use within the precinct; Address the spatial reconstruction of the location and nature ofdevelopment within the identified precinct; and
    - ii. Provide strategic guidance in respect of the nature of developmentwithin the precinct.

- 2.9.5 Set out basic guidelines for a land use management system in the precinct;
- 2.9.6 Identify programmes, projects and restructuring elements for the development of land within the precinct;
- 2.9.7 Provide a visual representation of the desired spatial form of the precinct which:
  - i. must indicate where public and private land development and infrastructure investment should take place;
  - ii. must indicate desired or undesired utilization of space in the particular area;
  - iii. may delineate the land use parcels and precincts;
  - iv. must identify areas where strategic intervention is required; and
  - v. must provide urban design interventions and guidelines to enhance the aesthetic appeal.
- 2.10 Rural communities are still characterized by poverty, inequality, limited access to basic social infrastructure, underdevelopment, lack of economic opportunities, fragmented spatial patterns and environmental degradation. Previously rural communities relied more on agriculture and subsistence farming for food and income/exchange benefits. The rural parts of the country are still associated with high levels of poverty, poor spatial planning, lack of economic opportunities and poor access to basic services.
- 2.11 The Development of Rural Development Sector Plans that will assist in identifying opportunities of these rural spaces of South Africa to ensure that they achieve their development potential. The precinct plan developed within rural spaces will seek alignment to the Rural Development Plan of the Province and that of the City of Tshwane.

### 3 PROBLEM STATEMENT

The introduction of the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act (SPLUMA), 2013 has realized the process of wall-to-wall planning. In terms of Chapters 4 and 5 of SPLUMA, the preparation of planning tools, frameworks and legislation needs to:

- "Include previously disadvantaged areas, areas under traditional leadership,
  rural areas, informal settlements, slums and land holdings of state-owned
  enterprises and government agencies and address their inclusion and
  integration into the spatial, economic, social and environmental objectives of
  the relevant sphere".
- "Include provisions that permit the incremental introduction of land use management and regulation in areas under traditional leadership, rural areas, informal settlement, slums and areas not previously subject to a land use scheme".

In light of this the Department, through the Directorate SPLUM, is prioritizing SPLUMA implementation in areas under traditional leadership through the Local Area Planning (precinct plans) initiatives.

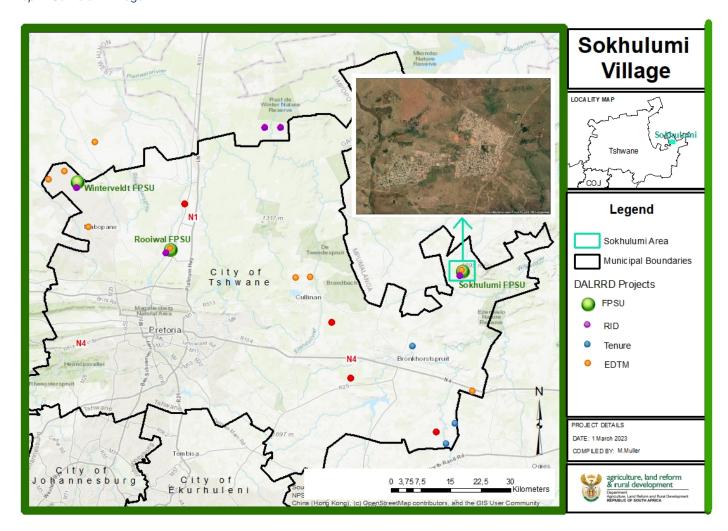
- 3.1 In response to the Gauteng Rural Development Plan, 2014 the concept of an Agrivillage needs to be explored for the rural community of Sokhulumi. This concept
  seeks to integrate residential development with agriculture in order to improve the
  livelihood of rural communities, the expansion of this area should place more
  emphasis on agriculture. The village of Sokhulumi presents a unique opportunity
  for the establishment of an Agri-village in the region.
- 3.2 There is however a significant challenge with regards to the severe water constraints in the entire region. The region's water is supplied by Rand Water who abstract their bulk water supplies from the Vaal Dam. The abstraction already

exceeds the licensed water use quota of 1600mil m3/annum and at the moment there are no indications that this water quota might be considered to be increased until 2029 when the Lesotho Highlands Phase 2 is expected to be commissioned.

- 3.3 This poses a threat to the growth and development of the area, in addition, there are increasing water demands that the infrastructure is inadequate to meet. There are planned infrastructure augmentation projects in the form of reservoirs and system booster pump stations which will assist in restoring the water crisis in the region and as such in Sokhulumi.
- 3.4 The Sokhulumi area does not currently have a plan guiding spatial planning and land use management in the area and only depends on the Agri-village concept to guide any development and land use activities.

### 4 LOCATIONAL CONTEXT

Map 1: Sokhulumi Village



4.1 Sokhulumi is located in the far north eastern part of the City of Tshwane as outlined in the Region 7 RSDF, 2018. Region 7 is the eastern most area of the City of Tshwane bound by Mpumalanga to the north and east and City of Ekurhuleni to the south. This is a rural region which is under traditional leadership and poses a great agricultural and tourism potential.

- 4.2 The area is under served in terms of engineering and social infrastructure as such a precinct plan can ensure the identification and prioritization of such infrastructure for the growth and development of the area.
- 4.3 The region is characterized by vast high potential agricultural land and has good regional connectivity which places it in a good strategic position to become a

major supplier of agricultural produce both for beneficiation within the Sokhulumi area and for the region. Both small-scale and large-scale agriculture in the form of crop and livestock farming can be undertaken in the area in line with the provincial strategies and plans that identify the area for intensive agricultural development and beneficiation.

The map below indicates the proposed precinct boundary for the Sokhulumi area.

Map 2: Sokhulumi Proposed Precinct Boundary

### 5 THE LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK

### 5.1 The Traditional and Khoi-San Leadership Act, 2019

The traditional leadership of the Sokhulumi Traditional authority is recognized in terms of the Act and all processes and procedures should be followed in alignment with the Act. All functions and duties pertaining to the traditional leadership will be subject to Section 15 of the Act.

### 5.2 The Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act

- 5.2.1 The Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act no. 16 of 2013 (SPLUMA) is a legislation that gives a framework for all spatial planning and land use management in South Africa. It seeks to promote consistency and uniformity in procedures and decision-making pertaining to issues spatial planning and land use management. Other objectives include; addressing historical spatial imbalances and the integration of the principles of sustainable development into land use and planning regulatory tools and legislative instruments.
- 5.2.2 In terms of Chapter 3, Section 9 the National Government must provide support and assistance to municipalities in the performance of its land use management functions and also monitor the quality and effectiveness of municipal spatial development frameworks and other spatial planning and land use management tools and instruments of municipalities.

### 5.3 The City of Tshwane Metropolitan Spatial Development Framework, 2021

The purpose of the above-mentioned framework is to provide a spatial representation of the City vision and to be a tool to integrate all aspects of spatial planning. The MSDF aims to address the following towards the achievement of the City vision:-

- Restructuring of a spatially inefficient City
- Promotion of sustainable use of land resources
- Strategic direction around infrastructure provision
- creating opportunities for both rural and urban areas

The character of suburban neighborhoods throughout the metropolitan area may vary in terms of levels of homogeneity (i.e. permitted levels of infiltration of non-

residential uses), level of control, densities, built form, environmental quality, et. In order to respond to different locations, topographical, cultural, socio-economic and other circumstances. Nevertheless, they remain primarily residential areas and should always be developed as convenient, pleasant, comfortable and safe living environments.

### 5.4 Regional Spatial Development Framework, 2018

The RSDF of Region 7 identifies nodes in the metropolitan area that are characterized by largely mono-functional land uses taking up large, concentrated and defined space. The character of the areas ranges from industrial to high technology smart industries, medical facilities, educational, conservation and areas earmarked for agricultural purposes.

It is important to acknowledge these specialized activity areas not just in terms of their scale, but because of their sphereof influence in terms of generating movement, opportunities and linkages with otherareas. These linkages do not only refer to physical linkages, but also to "connectivity" in a broader sense, such as between institutions of learning and research.

The site is situated in an area earmarked for agricultural purposes in terms of the applicable RSDF. The RSDF is currently being reviewed and the review process should be aligned to the development of the precinct plan.

### 5.5 The City of Tshwane Rural Development Strategy, 2021

The Rural Development Strategy outlines the Sokhulumi area as a rural intervention area. The communal farmers within the area need to be capacitated to ensure connectivity to the Agripark.

### 6. OBJECTIVES

- 6.1 The key objective of the project is to appoint a service provider to develop the Sokhulumi Precinct Plan for the City of Tshwane Metropolitan Municipality within a period of seven (7) months that should: -
  - 6.1.1 Include proposals to guide future development and investment in the area by recommending projects partnerships in order to ensure implementation of projects that are in alignment with the CoT Spatial Planning and Land Use Management tools and instruments:
    - clearly define a development vision and objectives for the defined precinct;
    - describe and analyse the status quo and baseline data and trends;
    - describe future role and function of the development area;
    - provide spatial direction and customized land use management;
    - land use controls to protect and promote regional landscape values and industries and economic activities within a precinct;
    - levels of development assessment for land use changes within a precinct;
    - modified controls to promote opportunities to diversify, innovate and valueadd to activities within a precinct;
    - options to prevent incompatible land uses within a precinct;
    - identifying key areas where a precinct can sustain rural economic activities;
    - preventing inappropriate fragmentation of land;
    - development proposals to protect or promote compatible development within a precinct;
    - investigate the potential of adopting the Agri-village concept;
    - investigate tourism potential;
    - respond to:
      - social aspects, unemployment, skills development, water shortages, climate change, environmental impacts and mitigation, rural management

and programme implementation.

- 6.1.2 The precinct plan should detail the type, location, size and configuration of the proposed precinct. Depending on these factors, some of the matters discussed in paragraph 2 of this Terms of Reference may have more or less relevance to the proposed rural precinct. The precinct plan should indicate the relevance of each matter and detail how relevant matters have been addressed.
- 6.1.3 Enhancing infrastructure and investment opportunities for activities. The precinct plan should identify opportunities to coordinate and integrate rural and urban planning, especially planning for local and regional infrastructure. This information can be used to assist in prioritizing infrastructure options such as transport networks and water supply systems. The precinct plan should improve the exchange of benefits of regional and local infrastructure between urban areas and rural precincts.
- 6.1.4 Enabling rural industries to diversify, adjust, innovate and value-add. The precinct plan should include strategies and actions that support the diversification of compatible activities, encourage innovative land-use planning and management, assist in implementing adjustment strategies, or add value to activities within a precinct.
- 6.1.5 Identifying alternative economic uses of land. The precinct plan should aid in identifying alternative economic uses of rural land by establishing a vision and identifying economic, social and environmental opportunities and constraints to improve the profitability and sustainability of natural resource use in the precinct.
- 6.1.6 Protecting and promoting productive activities within a precinct and associated regional landscape values within a precinct. The precinct plan should

aid in identifying strategies and actions that protect and promote productive activities, including the range of landscape values supported by the particular rural precinct. In addition, a precinct plan should help identify opportunities and constraints to promote the ecologically sustainable development of the natural resources within the precinct.

- 6.1.7 Sustaining benefits to the community derived from the natural environment. The precinct plan should protect the environmental and natural resource values of the rural area by protecting or promoting activities that employ best practice management, maintain or enhance ecosystem services, and/or implement regional natural resource management plans.
- 6.1.8 Scheme alignment. This section should identify how the proposed planning scheme alignments achieve the planning intent for the rural precinct(s) by describing how the proposed assessment tables, planning and subdivision controls, and any land-use restrictions satisfy the matters listed above.
- 6.1.9 Management and Implementation strategies. This section should identify how other planning and management initiatives contribute to achieving the planning intent of the rural precinct(s) and the matters listed above.
- 6.1.10 Customary practices. All customary processes that are applicable to the traditional authority should be included as part of the land use and spatial planning processes where applicable.
- 6.1.11 Utilisation of technology. Technology such as drones (aerial photography) and web applications should be utilised in conjunction with other information gathering processes to inform the development of the precinct plan.

6.1.12 Formal recording of rights. The development of the precinct plan should include the processes to guide the traditional authority on the formal recordal of land use rights that can be included in the municipal land use management processes. There should be an audit of the current land uses in the settlement and a process of aligning the uses to the land use scheme.

6.1.13 Land degradation and land invasion. There should be processes outlined to ensure that the allocation of land and the permissible land use activities in the settlement do not contravene the municipal land use management and spatial planning systems.

### 7. SCOPE OF WORK

- 7.1 The successful service provider would be expected to undertake the following towards the development of the Precinct Plan:
  - a) Draft a Spatial Vision for the Precinct Area, in line with the Metropolitan Spatial Development Framework, 2021 and the RSDF, 2018. The Spatial Vision will be subject to consultation with the municipality and various stakeholders.
  - b) Comprehensive status quo analysis.
  - c) Identify spatial challenges, develop spatial options and proposals for the municipality taking into cognizance the local circumstance, local policies, local economic challenges and development, provincial and national policies and strategies. The Spatial Options must also consider government priority programs from all relevant spheres of government. The envisaged outcome of this exercise is the development of Spatial Options that will inform the Precinct

Plan and also highlight and identify visible changes, trends, and their opportunities, conflicts and tensions and how they can be addressed.

- d) The Precinct Plan must also include an Implementation Plan with detailed budgets and projects/programmes that identifies the responsibilities for its implementation both within and outside the municipality.
- e) Precinct planning report that documents the results of technical studies, analyses and community consultation undertaken during the development of the precinct plan; and demonstrates the consistency of the proposed precinct with the Spatial Development Framework and the Integrated Development Plan of the City of Tshwane Metro Municipality. The **precinct planning report** presents the results of the technical analyses of data that address the matters set out in Paragraph 2 of this Terms of Reference; and
  - uses the best-available information held by all organs of state, research organisations and other relevant stakeholders;
  - provides adequate analysis and rationale to support the objectives of the rural precinct; and
  - includes a summary of consultation activities, submissions and responses.
- f) List of implementation actions which include a prioritized list of development interventions and their spatial locations that indicate how the Municipality intends to manage the rural precinct. This can include both statutory and nonstatutory implementation measures.
- g) Provide information that may be relevant for developing the precinct plan and to establish and manage a rural precinct that includes the identification and/or analysis of:
  - Existing precinct character;

- Land attributes and constraints (SWOT Analysis);
- Geology and geotechnical characteristics (linked to developmental potential of precinct);
- Good quality agricultural land;
- Pastoral production land or grazing areas;
- Rural enterprises / economic development opportunities;
- Urban-rural migration analysis;
- Mining and extractive resources;
- Topography;
- Hydrology;
- Proximity to waterways, dams and other water resource infrastructure and supplies;
- Existing and future noise sources;
- Environmental hazard/risk;
- Nature conservation areas;
- Public utility network;
- Tourism/scenic amenity;
- Transport network including public transport networks;
- Other critical infrastructure;
- Relationship/proximity to towns & villages;
- Population and demographics;
- Publicly accessible open space and recreation areas, networks/linkages;
- Areas of cultural significance;
- Land use (types of rural uses undertaken in precinct); and
- Consultation issues:
  - o A list of implementation actions proposed to establish and manage a precinct should include:
- Proposed planning scheme alignments;

- Other implementation actions, such as collaborations with other organisations, including the linkages with, or dependence on, other actions or stakeholders;
- List of key projects;
- Prioritized list of developmental interventions and spatial location;
- Cost and budget estimates;
- Timelines and phasing of development;
- · Possible sources of finance/funding;
- Implementation agent/s and their roles and responsibilities;
- Recommendations for the revision of existing policies or strategies, where necessary;
- Proposals on how the precinct plan can be used for the implementation of projects by sector departments;
- Institutional capacity recommendations;
- Proposals for handing over the project;
- Develop monitoring and evaluation tools to ensure that the precinct plan is implemented accordingly; and
- Proposals on how the precinct plan should be marketed to attract investment and implementation of projects by sector departments.
- h) Infrastructure plan which outlines any infrastructure improvements or changes required to support proposed development and future growth with regard to existing engineering services capacity and infrastructure master plans and strategies. The plan should be climate responsive and incorporate green buildings guidelines and responsive to the CoT vulnerability assessment to climate change, 2015 and the CoT greenhouse gas emissions inventory, 2015.

- i) Develop a stakeholder engagement plan for the various consultation processes with various stakeholders, including government, private sector and any other stakeholders throughout the lifespan of the project. The service provider should cater for additional unplanned meetings that may be required for the duration of the project.
- j) The service provider will also be required to assist the municipality in finalizing any documents for the presentation of the Precinct Plan in various committees towards/and for the adoption by Council.

### 8. **DELIVERABLES**

- 8.1 The appointed service provider will be required to deliver the following to the Department and the Municipality (all deliverables should align to the corporate identity of the municipality):
  - i. A comprehensive inception report inclusive of project plan, credentials and capabilities with indication of ability to meet GIS requirements.
  - Precinct Plan with a Spatial vision, Spatial challenges, options and proposals report with related mapping submitted in digital format and a full colour hard copy;
  - iii. Precinct Plan textual document including all maps, tables and figures in both hardcopy (printed) and softcopy (electronic as MS word document) image filesas (e.g. JPEG, windows Bitmap, GIF, PNG, etc.);
  - iv. A0 Precinct Plan Maps x 2;
  - v. Executive Summary Document and a public participation report;
  - vi. GIS Information (spatial information collected and derived should be submittedin GIS capable file format i.e. shapefiles, geo-database, layer file, data package, MXD files and must include metadata records captured in line with the South Africa National Standard (SANS -1878).

Spatial information capturedmust be in line with Regulation 5(2) of the Spatial Data Infrastructure Act, 2003;

vii. Implementation Framework (Graphically Illustrated) for approval by council.

- 8.2 Submissions of reports should be in the form of both hard and electronic versions. Ownership of documentation collected from this assignment vest in DALRRD and the Municipality. The DALRRD and the Municipality will become the custodian of documentation submitted. The service provider will be responsible for the layout design and editing of the publication. The project manager from DALRRD and the Municipality must sign off the final document before printing.
- 8.3 The proposed specifications for the Final Precinct Plan can be seen below (all the deliverables should align to the corporate identity of the municipality):

Table 1: Specifications

Booklet Size	A4
Cover Page	250gsm Hi-Q Titan double coated
	gloss
Text Printed	113gsm Hi-Q Titan double coated
	gloss
Colour	Full Colour
Binding	Hardcover PUR binding
Volume	10 copies

An ope	An open file and a print ready artwork of the			f the	X30 USB	
final	Draft	Precinct	Plan	)	and	
implem	entation	framework	is	to	be	
submitted on a printed (with both DALRRD			RRD			
and CoT logos) USB along with the all map				map		
mxd and Geo-database (shapefiles).						

### 8.4 The GIS data must further meet the following requirements: -

- ✓ All maps should be in A4 size in the document;
- ✓ Maps must be numbered and listed in the page of contents.
- ✓ All the text in the maps and the legends must be legible.
- ✓ The same map template/ layout must be used throughout the document.
- ✓ All maps should have the basic map elements, namely: a title, north arrow, legend, scale bar.
- ✓ All the features on the map must be explained in the legend.
- ✓ All mapping must be developed at an appropriate and readable scale; and
- ✓ All maps must also be available in Power Point Presentation format as well as the corresponding Map Document (MXD) with all spatial information in shapefiles or a geodatabase ready to be accessed in ArcGIS.
- ✓ The final Precinct Plan Map should be printed on an A0 size.
- ✓ All maps must be included in the Draft Precinct Plan document.
- ✓ Maps and imagery sourced through drone technology.

The DALRD will compile and provide aerial maps and photography through the use of technological tools (drones) to provide up to date imagery on the settlement and its surrounds taking into consideration the precinct plan boundary to supplement all imagery and map work by the service provider.

### 9. SKILLS REQUIREMENTS

9.1 Companies with individuals with qualifications and extensive experience will be required as detailed in Table 2 and in section 9.3 and section 18 respectively.

Table 2: Specific Skills Set Required by the DALRRD and the CoT

No.	Minimum Qualification	Key Skill Set	Registration
			Requirements
1.	B Degree in Town/Urban/Cityand Regional Planning Relevant B Degree related	<ul> <li>Spatial Planning</li> <li>Land use management</li> <li>Urban Design</li> <li>Report writing</li> <li>Rural Development</li> <li>Mapping</li> </ul>	Registration with SACPLAN as Professional Planner  Registration with SAGC
	to Geographic Information Systems	<ul><li>Spatial analysis</li><li>Data modelling</li></ul>	(South AfricanGeomatics Council) as a GIS Practitioner / Professional
4.	BSc or bachelor's degree orBTech Environmental Sciences or related qualification	Environmental     management	
<ul><li>5.</li><li>6.</li></ul>	Relevant B Degree in Agricultural Sciences or BSc Agriculture  Geohydrological Expert with Relevant B Degree	<ul> <li>Development         Economics     </li> <li>Rural Economics</li> <li>Agricultural Economics</li> <li>Economic Geography</li> <li>Experience in hydrology / geohydrology</li> </ul>	

- 9.2 Please note that above is a minimum set of skills required, the company/consortium is welcome to add more skills as deemed necessary to undertake the work.
- 9.3 In order to deliver successfully on the scope of work that is expected to be done the table below attempts to provide clarity on the extent of work but not limited to this table only which is expected by different skilled sectors: -

### Table 3: EXTENT OF WORK

### **Town and Regional Planning**

- Consultation plan for stakeholder engagements (including workshops) with relevant marketing materials (e.g. posters,)
- Skills Transfer Plan
- National Legislation, Policies and Development Plans (NDP, SPLUMA etc.).
- Provincial Legislation, Policies and Development Plans.
- District municipalities: IDP and SDF.
- Local Municipalities: IDP and SDF.
- Develop Rural Spatial Concept (Spatial Conceptual Vision)
- Rural Priority Intervention Areas
- Cross Border functional linkages, urban-rural linkages, functional nodes and corridors.
- Synthesis: Spatial Structuring Elements.
- Compilation of Rural Development Framework.
- Coordinate/Compile Implementation Framework

- Capital and catalytic projects and costs
- Institutional and governance arrangements. Formulate proposal for managemententity.

### **Environmental Management**

- Existing environmental policies in affected Municipalities and Provinces.
- Topography, Hydrology and Catchment areas
- State of the Environment and Pollution Risks
- Other Environmental Policies Applicable
- Synthesis: Environmental Issues
- Proposed Environmental Management Guidelines for catalytic projects
- Identification of priority environmental projects for the Implementation Plan.
- Climate Change considerations and mitigation proposals.
- Summarize functions required for purposes of project

### **Geohydrological Expert**

- Assessment of Bulk Infrastructure Network capacity:
  - Water (including water sources i.e. ground water and water quality)
  - o Sanitation
  - o Electricity
  - Solid waste
  - Communication infrastructure
- Identification of municipal issues and implications for Rural Spatial Concepts.
- Inputs to the precinct plan regarding:
  - Engineering Services Strategy
  - o Priority Projects

### **Agriculture Specialist**

- Experience in development economics, rural economics and agricultural economics
- Support the design and planning of the agricultural aspects.
- Knowledge with maintenance of farm facilities, machinery, and equipment.
- Knowledge of modern agricultural methods and experimental farming practices.
- Knowledge of animal science research methods, techniques, and procedures.
- Knowledge of farm equipment, materials, and maintenance techniques.
- Existing economic policies applicable to the municipality including SALGA Baseline,
   Municipal LED Plans, Provincial PGDPs and existing District Rural Development Plans.
- Socio-Economic Profile (not addressed in the Baseline Study):
  - Population size and composition
  - Projected population growth

### **METROPOLITAN MUNICIPALITY**

- Workforce (Characteristics)
- Education
- Income
- Unemployment
- Economic Overview:
  - o Provincial, District and Municipal economic overview
  - Economic overview focusing on sectoral characteristics, trends, forecasts and potential markets for:
  - o Agriculture and Agri-hubs (key commodities and agricultural potential)
  - Mining
  - o Industrial/Manufacturing
  - o Business
  - o Tourism
  - o Informal Sector
- Synthesis: Key local economic drivers, economic development potential, value chains and functional regions per sector
- Economic Development Strategy and Key Projects
- 9.4 Qualified and Skilled Town and Regional Planner with Strategic Planning, Project Management and Urban Design background will also be required to manage the different specialists and coordinate the work being undertaken.
- 9.5 Proven experience and thorough understanding in the following is also required:

- a) Spatial, social economic and infrastructure development policies and legislation.
- b) Urban and rural development and land reform.
- c) Previous experience in the development of a precinct plan.
- d) Previous experience with policy and / or planning work.
- e) Strategic capability and understanding of strategic planning process.
- f) Understanding of the interrelationship amongst the following: social, economic, land use, transport and environmental issues.
- g) Stakeholder and Project Management.
- h) Facilitation and negotiation skills.
- i) Research, analytical writing and communication skills.

#### 10. PROJECT DURATION AND PAYMENT MILESTONES

- 10.1 The project will commence after the letter of appointment has been issued and Service Level Agreement has been signed which will expire in seven (7) months thereafter and is subject to addition, extension or early termination, depending on the need and performance assessment of the service provider.
- 10.2 The DALRRD reserve full rights to implement the above-mentioned clause.
- 10.3 The target dates for each milestone (as well as the associated deliverable) and the amount of financial compensation for the work done is detailed in Table 2 below.

Table 4: PROJECT PHASES

PHASES	%	TIME	DELIVERABLE
	PAYABLE	FRAMES	
Phase 1: Inception report	5%	2 weeks	Final inception report
			Stakeholder Engagement / Public Participation Plan
Phase 2: Situational Analysis and Stakeholder Consultations	20%	1 month 2 weeks	Situational Analysis Report
			Consultation: All public engagements should be supplemented by roll-up banners X3 and posters x10 to be used for all public consultation processes.
Phase 3: Spatial proposals and land use proposals	25%	2 months	Draft precinct plan report
Phase 4: Implementation Framework	20%	2 months	Implementation framework with detailed budgets and projects/programmes
Phase 5: Final Precinct Plan	25%	1 month	Final Comprehensive Draft Precinct Plan Report and workshop/s
			Consultation: All public engagements should be supplemented by roll-up banners X3 and posters x10 to be used for all public consultation processes.
Close-out and Retention	5%	After Council Approval	Proof of Council adoption
Total	100%	7 Months	

- 10.4 A 5% retention will be paid once final project documentation has been approved and adopted by Council.
- 10.5 Monthly reports (per phase) will be forwarded by the service provider to the designated project managers. The service provider will be required to report via a written and electronic report.

- 10.6 The service provider shall forfeit the total payment per milestone in the case of the project being delayed for longer than 30 days after milestone due date.
- 10.7 The service provider may apply to the Department for an extension on the delivery date on any milestone provided that the service provider gives valid reason(s) to the sole satisfaction of the Department.

#### 11 UNDUE DELAY REMEDIES

11.1 Should it be found that the delay of the project in terms of the agreed time period is unreasonable then for every 5 (five) days or other stipulated time frame there shall be a penalty in terms of percentages which will be deducted from the payment as indicated below:

Table 5: Undue Delays

Milestone	% Payable	5 Days Overdue	10 Days Overdue	15 Days Overdue	30 Days Overdue	More than 30 days overdue
Phase 1:	5%	15%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Phase 2:	20%	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%
Phase 3:	25%	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%
Phase 4:	20%	15%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Phase 5:	25%	30%	60%	75%	85%	100%
Retention	5%					
Total	100%					

#### 12 EXTRA WORK

Any costs for extra work by the service provider, incurred over and above this bid which, in the sole opinion of the Director: SPLUM are due to reasons attributable to the service provider during any phase of the project shall be borne by the service provider.

### 13 CONTENTS OF THE PROJECT PROPOSAL

A clear and concise project proposal covering the aspect listed below is required;

- i. An executive summary.
- ii. A project plan.
- iii. The proposed methodology should indicate a detailed list of data to be gathered and how it will be processed. The methodology should also indicate the project milestones that will be used to measure the project progress.
- iv. The approach should be cost saving yet achieve the highest value for money.
- v. The names and CV's containing detailed information on relevant experiences of all the persons who will be *directly* contributing to the project, and their roles thereof.
- vi. Evidential and documentary proof of professional qualification, registration and affiliation. For instance, if a team member claims to be a Town Planner, a copy of the registration with the South African Council for Planners (SACPLAN) is required.
- vii. Any shortcomings in the study specifications, how this ought to be addressed and the cost implications thereof.
- viii. All-inclusive costing model.
- ix. The following technical information must be submitted with the Bid proposal:
  - Years of experience of each resource;
  - Relevant professional experience during the last seven years;
  - Organizational, managerial and technical ability;
  - Key Personnel and Resources;
  - Technical backup;
  - o Full CV's of all members of the Team;
  - Relevant Equipment and Software competence and capability;

- o Client References; and
- Associations and Professional Affiliations.

#### 14 INFORMATION GATHERING

- 14.1 The successful service provider is expected to make contact with all the relevant and required officials and units within and outside government to obtain relevant information that is required for the project. Existing information on SDFs/ Local Plans which are available within DALRRD and the Municipality generally will be made available to the successful service provider. However, the responsibility for collecting information necessary for the successful execution of the project, remains entirely with the service provider.
  - 14.2 In order to deliver on the following deliverables, the precinct plan should be in the form of text, maps, graphics and photographs. A tabular format shall be used for the purpose of summarizing the information collected.
- 14.3 It is recommended that more visual representation (maps, graphics and photographs) form the bulk part of the spatial analysis/current reality and the conceptual framework section of the precinct plan. A text box or other mechanisms may be used to provide an explanation, relevant information or analysis.
  - 14.4 Submissions should be in the form of both hard and electronic versions of the precinct plan. All spatial information collected should be submitted in GIS capable file format and map packages (preferably shapefiles and MXD) for use in a GIS. The shapefiles must have clear attribute information that differentiates each precinct plan construct and its purpose, for example a service node shapefile should have an attribute called "description" with the value "service node".

14.5 The Municipality and DALRRD will comment and send it to the service provider for amendment purposes.

#### 15 TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE BID

- 15.1 Awarding of the bid will be subject to the Service Provider's express acceptance of the DALRRD Supply Chain Management's general contract conditions. The DALRRD and Service Provider will sign a Services Level Agreement upon appointment.
- 15.2 The service provider should commence with the project within five (5) days after receiving the letter of appointment and the service level agreement being signed.
- 15.3 During the execution of the project, the service provider is required to give reports on the progress of the project. It is the responsibility of the service provider to organize the progress report meetings and have one of their representatives assigned to taking minutes and circulating them to the steering committee members.
- 15.4 Any deviation from the project plan should be put in writing and signed by the project managers.
- 15.5 Any suggestions during the progress meetings, once accepted by both parties, shall form part of the contract.
- 15.6 Payments will be on work-completed basis i.e. on set milestones as per the project plan.

- 15.7 Financial penalties shall be imposed for agreed upon milestones, targets, and deadline not met without providing:
  - Timely notification of such delays.
  - Valid reasons for the delays.
  - Supporting evidence that the delays were outside of the influence of the service provider.
- 15.8 Payments will be made only for work performed to the satisfaction of the DALRRD and the Municipality. Financial penalties will be imposed if the output produced does not meet the agreed upon deliverables criteria as stipulated in the General Conditions of Contract.
- 15.9 Original invoices to substantiate all costs must be provided. The invoices should include the Department's order number that will be provided to the selected service provider upon acceptance of the bid. Invoices must clearly indicate the number of hours spent on the project and for what purpose those hours were spent, and to what extent the objectives were achieved. No copies of invoices will be processed.
- 15.10 When DALRRD accepts the final product, the appointed service provider will be liable to correct errors and fill gaps that may be discovered in the data/project, at no charge to DALRRD. This condition will apply for a period of one month from the day the project was completed and submitted to DALRRD. The Department reserves the right not to appoint anyone.
- 15.11 No material or information derived from the provision of the services under the contract may be used for any other purposed except for those of the DALRRD, except where duly authorized to do so in writing by the DALRRD.

- 15.12 Copyright in respect of all documents and data prepared or developed for the purpose of the project by the Service Provider shall be vested in DALRRD.
- 15.13 The successful Service Provider agrees to keep confidential all records and information of or related to the project and not disclose such records or information to any third party without the prior written consent of DALRRD.
- 15.14 All works relating to spatial information remains the property of the state and shall be disseminated in line with the policy on pricing of spatial information products and services.
- 15.15 The successful Service Provider agrees to maintain the level of technical capacity as indicated in the bidding document submitted, throughout the duration of the project and any change to their team, any change should only be done with the approval of the project managers and shall not compromise the technical capacity of the Service Provider or impact negatively on the pace and quality of the project outcome.
- 15.16All team members that will be directly involved in the project may, at the sole discretion of the Director: SPLUM, be expected to attend all progress report meetings as scheduled. Due to the urgency of the project, time is of essence to this process and all work shall be submitted **when due**. Financial penalties will be imposed for any delay or non-compliance with time and quality requirements.

#### 16. REPORTING AND ACCOUNTABILITY

16.1 During the execution of the project, the service provider must submit regular progress reports and attend meetings at intervals as determined by the project team managing the service provider.

- 16.2 All electronic and hard copy information captured/utilised to provide the output of the project remains the property of DALRRD and the Municipality. This data should be surrendered to the department at the end of the project, and it cannot be used or shared, whether for profit or otherwise with any other party, without written permission from DALRRD and the Municipality. The DALRRD and the Municipality will retain copyright and all associated intellectual rights relating to the project.
- 16.3 The project will be signed off by the Director: SPLUM when:
  - All the end products as listed in Section 8 have been delivered, and
  - The Director: SPLUM is satisfied that all requirements have been met.
- 16.4 The information must be captured and provided in a digital format as agreed (in writing) between the service provider and DALRRD. This agreement must be reached and signed off together with the project plan before the project commences.

### 17. EVALUATION OF TENDERS/ PROPOSALS

Tenders will be evaluated in terms of the evaluation criteria stipulated below:

- Evaluation for mandatory criteria
- Evaluation in terms of Functionality
- Evaluation in terms of Presentation
- Evaluation in terms of 80/20 preference point system as prescribed in the
   Preferential Procurement Regulations 2022.

### 17.1 Evaluation for mandatory criteria:

- **a.** Tax Requirements:
  - Bidders must ensure compliance with their tax obligations.
  - Bidders are required to submit their unique personal identification number (pin) issued by SARS to enable the organ of state to view the taxpayer's profile and tax status.
  - Application for tax compliance status (TCS) or pin may also be made via e-filing. In order to use this provision, taxpayers will need to register with SARS as e-filers through the website www.sars.gov.za.
  - Bidders may also submit a printed TCS together with the bid.
  - In bids where consortia / joint ventures / sub-contractors are involved;
     each party must submit a separate proof of TCS / pin / CSD number.
  - Where no TCS is available, but the bidder is registered on the central supplier database (CSD), a CSD number must be provided.
- **b.** Bidders must submit a resolution made by board members authorizing a particular person to sign the bid documents:
  - In the case of a ONE-PERSON CONCERN submitting a tender, this shall be clearly stated on the company letter head.
  - In case of a COMPANY submitting a tender, include a copy of a resolution by its board of directors authorizing a director or any other official of the company to sign the documents on behalf of the company.
  - In the case of a CLOSED CORPORATION submitting a tender, include a copy of a resolution by its members authorizing a member or any

other official of the corporation to sign the documents on each member's behalf.

- In the case of a PARTNERSHIP submitting a tender, all the partners shall sign the documents, unless one partner or a group of partners has been authorized to sign on behalf of each partner, in which case proof of such an authorization shall be included in the Tender.
- In the case of a JOINT VENTURE submitting a tender, include a
  resolution of each company of the Joint Venture together with a
  resolution by its members authorizing a member of the Joint Venture to
  sign the documents on behalf of the Joint Venture." i.e., the Joint
  Venture must submit three Letters of Authority as per the aforesaid Joint
  Venture requirement.
- **c.** The Bidder has completed the Pricing Schedule and is signed by the duly authorized person.
- d. Bidder shall, submit the names of all management and supervisory staff that will be employed to supervise this Contract / Tender (Key-Person: Team Leader, Three (03) Town/Urban/City and Regional Planners, Professional Geographic Information Specialist , Environmental Specialist , Agricultural Specialist and Geohydrological Expert ) . Details must be furnished on the form for Key-person on the returnable documents.

NB: Accept that failure to fully complete Form for Key-person of the returnable documents will result in a submission being regarded as non-responsive

e. Team leader must hold A TERTIARY QUALIFICATION IN PLANNING which is recognized for registration in the category of Professional Planner by the South African Council for Planners (SACPLAN) in terms of the Planning Profession Act, 2002, and Proof of Registration as a Professional Planner.

NB: Failure to comply /submit / attach proof of the following requirements with the proposal will disqualify the bidder's proposal.

### 17.2 Non-Mandatory Requirements

- Strategic Planning including scenarios and future planning; and
- Advanced understanding of three-dimensional form and space in cities and settlements, and the relationship of this form to land, context, society and history; and
- Thorough understanding of political environment and Intergovernmental Relations Framework;

### 17.3 Evaluation in terms of Functionality:

Each of the evaluation criteria will be assessed in terms of the indicators/ values being:

1 = Poor, 2 = Average, 3 = Good, 4 = Very good and 5 = Excellent.

Quality (functionality) will be scored on those tenders regarded as being responsive from the evaluation in terms of Mandatory criteria / requirements.

The **CRITERIA** to be applied in evaluating the proposal is set out in the table below:

Table 6: Evaluation Criteria

CRITERIA	GUIDELINES FOR CRITERIA APPLICATION	WEIG	НТ
1. Team Leader:	Team leader must be a Town Planner registered as a	10	20
Team Leaders'	Professional Planner with SACPLAN. Must have project		
experience, track	management experience and a minimum of five (5) years		
record and	post registration experience and expertise in managing		
competency	and coordinating multi -disciplinary projects in the spatial		
	planning environment:		
	Attach CV's clearly indicating a detailed profile of the		
	previous work experience, registration with		
	SACPLAN, contactable references of similar work		
	undertaken (list names, addresses, telephone		
	numbers and e-mail).		
	1. More than 10 years working experience post		
	registration in a spatial planning environment.		
	- Excellent (score 5)		
	2. 8 - 10 years working experience post registration in a		
	spatial planning environment.		
	- Very Good (score 4)		
	3. 5 - 7 years working experience post registration in a		
	spatial planning environment.		
	- Good (score 3)		
	4. 3 - 4 years working experience post registration in a		
	spatial planning environment.		
	- Average (score 2)		
	<b>5.</b> Less than 3 years working experience post registration		

CRITERIA	GUIDELINES FOR CRITERIA APPLICATION	WEIGHT
	in a spatial planning environment.	
	- Poor (score 1)	
	Team leader must have successfully managed a	10
	minimum of three (3) projects in the spatial	
	planningenvironment in the past seven (7) years.	
	Attach short profile clearly demonstrating successful	
	completion of previous projects, contactable	
	references of similar work done (list names,	
	addresses, telephone numbers, fax numbers and e-	
	mail).	
	1. Managed 4 or more projects in the spatial planning	
	environment in the past 7 years.	
	- Excellent (score 5)	
	2. Managed 3 projects in the spatial planning environment	
	in the past 7 years.	
	- Very Good (score 4)	
	3. Managed 3 projects in the spatial planning environment	
	in the past 7 years.	
	- Good (score 3)	
	4. Managed 1 project in the spatial planning environment	
	in the past 7 years.	
	- Average (score 2)	
	5. Managed 0 projects in the spatial planning environment	
	in the past 7 years.	
	- Poor (score 1)	

CRITERIA	GUIDELINES FOR CRITERIA APPLICATION	WEIG	HT
2. Resources:	Composition of technical team excl team leader to be		30
Project Teams'	utilized in the execution of the project consist of the		
experience, track	below professions:		
record and competency	Attach copies of qualifications and CV's clearly indicating a detailed profile of their previous work experience, contactable references of similar work done (list names, addresses, telephone numbers, numbers and E-mail numbers and e-mail).		

CRITERIA	GUIDELINES FOR CRITERIA APPLICATION	WEIGHT
	Three (3) Town/Urban/City and Regional Planners: A	10
	minimum of three (3) Town Planners each with five (5)	
	years post registration experience in Spatial Planning.	
	5 Planners registered with SACPLAN each with 5 years	
	post qualification experience in Spatial Planning.	
	- Excellent (score 5)	
	2. 4 Planners registered with SACPLAN each with 5 years	
	post qualification experience in Spatial Planning.	
	- Very Good (score 4)	
	3. 3 Planners registered with SACPLAN and each with 5	
	years post qualification experience in Spatial Planning.	
	- Good (score 3)	
	4. 2 Planners registered with SACPLAN and each with 5	
	years post qualification experience in Spatial Planning.	
	- Average (score 2)	
	5. 1 Planner registered with SACPLAN and with 5 years	
	post qualification experience in Spatial Planning.	
	- Poor (score 1)	

CRITERIA	GUIDELINES FOR CRITERIA APPLICATION	WEIGHT
	Professional Geographic Information Specialist: Relevant B Degree & registration with SAGC plus 5 years post qualification experience in mapping and	5
	analysis.	
	Relevant qualification plus registration with SAGC with more than 10 years post qualification relevant experience mapping and analysis     Excellent (score 5)	
	<ol> <li>Relevant qualification plus registration with SAGC with</li> <li>10 years post qualification experience in mapping and analysis</li> </ol>	
	<ul> <li>- Very Good (score 4)</li> <li>3. Relevant qualification plus registration with SAGC with</li> <li>5 - 7 years post qualification experience in mapping and analysis</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Good (score 3)</li> <li>4. Relevant qualification plus registration with SAGC with 3 – 4 years post qualification experience in mapping and analysis</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Average (score 2)</li> <li>5. Relevant qualification plus registration with SAGC with less than 3 years post qualification experience in mapping and analysis</li> <li>Poor (score 1)</li> </ul>	

CRITERIA	GUIDELINES FOR CRITERIA APPLICATION	WEIGHT
	Environmental Specialist: Relevant B Degree or	5
	BTech in Environmental Sciences/ Environmental	
	management plus 5 years post qualification	
	experience in Environmental Sciences/ Environmental	
	Management/Environmental Planning.	
	Relevant qualification with more than 10 years post qualification experience in relevant field.	
	- Excellent (score 5)	
	2. Relevant qualification with 8 - 10 years post qualification experience in relevant field.	
	- Very Good (score 4)	
	<ul> <li>3. Relevant qualification with 5 - 7 years post qualification experience in relevant field.</li> <li>- Good (score 3)</li> </ul>	
	4. Relevant qualification with 3 - 4 years post qualification	
	experience in relevant field.	
	- Average (score 2)	
	<ol><li>Relevant qualification with less than 3 years post qualification experience in relevant field.</li></ol>	
	- Poor (score 1)	

CRITERIA	GUIDELINES FOR CRITERIA APPLICATION	WEIG	НТ
	Agricultural Specialist: Relevant B Degree in	5	
	Agricultural Sciences or BSc Agriculture and 5 years post		
	qualification experience in fields related to. Development		
	Economics/ Rural Economics / Agricultural Economics		
	Relevant qualification with more than 10 years post		
	qualification experience in relevant field.		
	- Excellent (score 5)		
	2. Relevant qualification with 8 - 10 years post		
	qualification relevant experience in relevant field.		
	- Very Good (score 4)		
	3. Relevant qualification with 5 - 7 years post qualification		
	experience in relevant field.		
	- Good (score 3)		
	4. Relevant qualification with 3 - 4 years post qualification		
	experience in relevant field.		
	<ul><li>Average (score 2)</li></ul>		
	5. Relevant qualification with less than 3 years post		
	qualification experience in relevant field.		
	- Poor (score 1)		

CRITERIA	GUIDELINES FOR CRITERIA APPLICATION	WEIG	ТН
	Geohydrological Expert: Relevant B Degree with 5years	5	
	post qualification experience in the geohydrology field,		
	registered with relevant statutory bodies.		
	1.Relevant qualification with more than 10 years post		
	qualification experience in relevant field.		
	- Excellent (score 5)		
	2.Relevant qualification with 8 - 10 years post qualification		
	relevant experience in relevant field.		
	- Very Good (score 4)		
	3. Relevant qualification with 5 - 7 years post qualification		
	experience in relevant field.		
	- Good (score 3)		
	4. Relevant qualification with 3 - 4 years post qualification		
	experience in relevant field.		
	- Average (score 2)		
	5.Relevant qualification with less than 3 years post		
	qualification experience in relevant field.		
	- Poor (score 1)		
3. Capability:	Company/Joint Venture/Consortium with experience	10	10
Firms'	in developinga minimum of 3 similar projects (precinct		
experience, track	plans, SDF's) within the last eight (8) years.		

CRITERIA	GUIDELINES FOR CRITERIA APPLICATION	WEIG	НТ
record and	(Provide client reference for all projects)).		
competency	Five (5) or more similar projects + 1 Precinct Plan     completed in the last 8 years.		
	- Excellent (score 5)		
	2. Four (4) similar projects + 1 Precinct Plan completed in		
	the last 8 years.		
	- Very Good (score 4)		
	3. Three (3) similar projects + 1 Precinct Plan completed		
	in the last 8 years.		
	– Good (score 3)		
	4. Two (2) similar projects + 1 Precinct Plan completed in		
	the last 8 years.		
	<ul><li>Average (score 2)</li></ul>		
	5. One/below similar projects completed in the last 8		
	years.		
	- Poor (score 1)		
4. Methodology	Clear approach and methodology of how the project	30	40
	deliverables will be executed:		
	The service provider approach and methodology are		
	exceptional, with highly innovative solutions and		
	demonstrates an exceptional understanding on how to		
	execute the project.		
	- Excellent (score 5)		
	2. The service provider approach and methodology are		
	very-well defined and demonstrate a thorough		

CRITERIA	GUIDELINES FOR CRITERIA APPLICATION	WEIGHT
	understanding on how to execute the project and	
	includes some innovative ideas.	
	- Very Good (score 4)	
	3. The service provider approach and methodology are	
	clearly defined and demonstrate good understanding	
	on how to execute the project.	
	- Good (score 3)	
	4. The service provider approach and methodology are	
	fair and demonstrate little understanding on how to	
	execute the project.	
	- Average (score 2)	
	5. The service provider approach and methodology are	
	not clearly defined.	
	- Poor (score 1)	
	A project plan demonstrating a coordinated approach	
	of how various project deliverables will be managed	
	against timeframes.	
	1. The proposed project plan has innovative solutions to	
	deliver the project ahead of schedule.	
	- Excellent (score 5)	10
	2. The proposed project plan meets all requirements and	10
	demonstrates a high standard of project execution.	
	- Very Good (score 4)	
	3. The proposed project plan is in line with all the	
	requirements.	
	- Good (score 3)	
		1 1

CRITERIA	GUIDELINES FOR CRITERIA APPLICATION WEIGH	T
	4. The proposed project plan meets some of the requirements. Delays are unlikely to have a significant impact on the outcome.  - Average (score 2)  5. The proposed project plan does not meet the requirements.  - Poor (score 1)	

The proposal will be evaluated individually on score sheets, by a representative evaluation panel according to the evaluation criteria indicated above. All service providers who scored less than **70 out of 100 points** for functionality will not be considered further and considered to be non-responsive. This means that such bids will not be evaluated on the third stage (presentation).

### 17.3 Evaluation in terms of Presentation

Each of the evaluation criteria will be assessed in terms of the indicators/ values being:

1 = Poor, 2 = Average, 3 = Good, 4 = Very good and 5 = Excellent

The **CRITERIA** to be applied in evaluating the proposal is set out in the table below:

Table 7: Evaluation in terms of Presentation

EVALUATION CRITERIA	WEIGHT	INDICATE VALUE 1 - 5	COMMENTS/REMARKS
Approach of Methodology Understanding of the project Scope	20		
Methodology to the development of the Spatial Options and Proposals for the spatial development	40		
<ul> <li>Approach to the development of the stakeholder's engagements.</li> <li>Innovation – communication plan/strategy.</li> </ul>	40		
Total Points	100		

The proposal will be evaluated individually on score sheets, by a representative evaluation panel according to the evaluation criteria indicated above. All service providers who scored less than **70 out of 100 points** for Presentation will not be considered further and considered to be non-responsive. This means that such bids will not be evaluated on the fourth stage (80/20) Preference Point System as prescribed in the Preferential Procurement Regulations 2022).

### 17.4 Evaluation in terms of 80/20 preference point system as prescribed in the Preferential Procurement Regulations 2022

Apply the 80/20 Preference Point system where a maximum of Eighty (80) tender adjudication points be awarded for price. Twenty (20) points will be awarded for preference in terms of the Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act (Act 5 of 2000) and Preferential Procurement Regulation, 2022

### **POINTS AWARDED FOR PRICE**

A maximum of 80 points is allocated for price on the following basis:

80/20

$$Ps = 80\left(1 + \frac{Pt - Pmax}{Pmax}\right)$$

Where

Ps = Points scored for price of tender under consideration

Pt = Price of tender under consideration

Pmax = Price of highest acceptable tender

In terms of Regulation 4(2); 5(2); 6(2) and 7(2) of the Preferential Procurement Regulations, preference points must be awarded for specific goals stated in the tender. For the purposes of this tender the tenderer will be allocated points based on the goals stated in table 1 below In cases where organs of state intend to use Regulation 3(2) of the Regulations, which states that, if it is unclear whether the 80/20 or 90/10 preference point system applies, an organ of state must, in the tender documents, stipulate in the case of—

- (a) an invitation for tender for income-generating contracts, that either the 80/20 or 90/10 preference point system will apply and that the highest acceptable tender will be used to determine the applicable preference point system; or
- (b) any other invitation for tender, that either the 80/20 or 90/10 preference point system will apply and that the lowest acceptable tender will be used to determine the applicable preference point system, then the organ of state must indicate the points allocated for specific goals for both the 90/10 and 80/20 preference point system.

Specific goals for the tender and points claimed are indicated per the table below.

(Note to organs of state: Where either the 90/10 or 80/20 preference point system is applicable, corresponding points must also be indicated as such.

Note to tenderers: The tenderer must indicate how they claim points for each preference

### point system.)

Table 8: Specific goals for the tender points

The specific goals allocated points in terms of this tender	Number of points allocated (80/20 system) (To be completed by the organ of state)	Number of points claimed (80/20 system) (To be completed by the tenderer)
Who had no franchise in national elections before the 1983 and 1993 Constitution	10	
Who is female	5	
Who has a disability	2	
Specific goal: Youth	3	

Only proposals with the highest number of points scored in respect of the goals contemplated above and points scored for price may be selected.

The Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development reserves the right not to award the bid to any service provider, or to various Service Providers.

### 18. PROJECT MANAGEMENT WITHIN DALRRD

This project will be facilitated by a team consisting of officials from the DALRRD, the Municipality within which the Precinct is located, and any other person/s appointed by DALRRD.

### 19. OUTCLAUSE

- 19.1 The DALRRD reserves the right not to appoint if suitable candidates are not found, at the complete discretion of DALRRD.
- 19.2 The department reserves the right to terminate the contract in the event that there is clear evidence of non-performance.

#### 20. PUBLICATION

- 20.1 21 days advertisement.
- 20.2 Government Tender Bulleting (if operational).
- 20.3 E-portal
- 20.4 Briefing

A non-compulsory briefing meeting will be conducted online at 11h00 am on Tuesday, 20 June 2023.

#### 21. CONTACT PERSON FOR TECHNICAL ENQUIRIES

All enquiries related to this bid call must be forwarded to:

SPATIAL PLANNING AND LAND USE MANAGEMENT SERVICES (GAUTENG)

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE LAND REFORM AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT

**PRIVATE BAG X833** 

**PRETORIA** 

0001

### **Technical Related Enquiries**

Attention: Mr. Samuel Osei/ Rethabile Witkoei

Telephone: 012 337 3712/17

Email: Samuel. Osei@dalrrd.gov.za

Email: rethabile.witkoei@dalrrd.gov.za

### **Bid Related Enquiries**

Mr. Absalom Marema / Ms. Jane Mpepele

Telephone: (012) 337 3634/3700

Email: Absalom.marema@dalrrd.gov.za

Email: jane.mpepele@dalrrd.gov.za

### 22. APPROVAL

The Sokhulumi Precinct Plan terms of reference are approved as follows:

APPROVED/ NOT APPROVED

CHAIPERSON OF BSC
DATE:

ENDORSED/ NOT ENDORSED

MS. KHABONINA THAOGE
DEPUTY DIRECTOR: SUPPLY CHAIN AND FACILITIES MANAGEMENT DATE:





Provincial Shared Services Centre: Gauteng; Suncardia Building, cnr Stanza Bopape & Steve Biko Street, Arcadia Private Bag X9 Hatfield, 0028, Tel: 012 337 3600

### SCHEDULE OF PROPOSED SUBCONTRACTORS

We notify you that it is our intention to employ the following Subcontractors for work in this contract.

If we are awarded a contract, we agree that this notification does not change the requirement for us to submit the names of proposed Subcontractors in accordance with requirements in the contract for such appointments. If there are no such requirements in the contract, then your written acceptance of this list shall be binding between us. The contractor is to obtain approval if he/she intends to change the submitted list of Subcontractors.

In Bids where subcontractors are involved each party must submit a separate proof of TCS / PIN / CSD

H	'IN /	CSD		
1		Will any portion of the contract be sub-	Yes □ / No □	
2	2.	If yes, indicate:		
			p-contractor, the nature and exten perience with the sub-contractor in	
		Name and address of proposed Sub-contractor	Nature and extent of work	Previous experience with Sub-contractor
	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
S	SUB	CONTRACTING		
		Vill any portion of the contract be sub-cool $\Box$	ontracted?	Yes
2	2. It	yes, indicate:		

Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development-Departement van Landbou, Grondhervorming en Landelike Ontwikkeling Muhasho wa zwa Vhulimi, Mbuedzedzo ya Mavu na Mveledziso ya Mahayani, 'uMnyango Wezolimo, Izinguquko Kwezomhlaba Nokuthuthukiswa Kwezindawo Zasemakhaya 'Ndzawulo ya Vurimi, Antswiso wa Misava na Nhluvukiso wa Matikoxikaya Litiko Letekulima, Tingucuko Kutemhlaba Nekutfutfukiswa Kwetindzawo Tasemaphandleni 'UmNyango wezokuLima, ukuBuyiselwa kweNarha nokuThuthukiswa kweeNdawo zemaKhaya 'Kgoro ya Temo, Peakanyoleswa ya Naga le Tihabollo ya Dinaga- magae 'Lefapha la Temothuo, Kabobotjiha ya Naha le Tihabollo ya Dibaka tsa Mahae 'Lefapha la Temothuo, Pusetsodinaga le Tihabollo ya Metsemagae 'ISebe lezoLimo, uBuvekezo (wemiHlaba noPhuhlisolamaPhandle

(1)	1) What percentage of the contract will be Sub-contracted?	%
(ii)	(ii) The name/s of the sub-contractor(s)? (1)	
	(2)	
	(3)	
	(4)	
(iii)	(iii) The HDI status of the sub-contractor(s)?	
Signatu	ature of person authorised to sign the tender:	
Date:	·:	





Provincial Shared Services Centre: Gauteng; Suncardia Building, cnr Stanza Bopape & Steve Biko Street, Arcadia Private Bag X9 Hatfield, 0028, Tel: 012 337 3600

#### FORM: KEY-PERSONNEL/ SUPERVISORY AND MANAGEMENT STAFF

The Tenderer shall, submit the names of all management and supervisory staff that will be employed to supervise Contract. Please attach CV's, proof of registration with relevant bodies and copies of qualification of the proposed key personnel. The Tenderer shall also include an organogram of the project team and the company structure.

### NB: Completion of FORM: Key-Personnel / Supervisory and Management Staff is mandatory, failure to which will lead to your bid being regarded as non-responsive

NO	NAME AND SURNAME	SPECIFIC DUTIES (E.G TEAM LEADER)
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10		
11.		
12.		
Signa	ture of person authorised to sign the tender:	



Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development Departement van Landbou, Grondhervorming en Landelike Ontwikkeling: Muhasho wa zwa Vhulimi, Mbuedzedzo ya Mavu na Mveledziso ya Mahayani, 'uMnyango Wezolimo, Izinguquko Kwezomhlaba Nokuthuthukiswa Kwezindawo Zasemakhaya Ndzawulo ya Vurimi, Antswiso wa Misava na Nhluvukiso wa Matikoxikaya Litiko Letekulima, Tingucuko Kutemhlaba Nekutfutfukiswa Kwetindzawo Tasemaphandleni UmNyango wezokuLima, ukuBuyiselwa kweNarha nokuThuthukiswa kweeNdawo zemaKhaya Kgoro ya Temo, Peakanyoleswa ya Naga le Tihabollo ya Dinaga- magae Lefapha la Temothuo, Kabobotjiha ya Naha le Tihabollo ya Dibaka tsa Mahae Lefapha la Temothuo, Pusetsodinaga le Tihabollo ya Metsemagae Isebe lezoLimo, uBuvekezo (wemiHlaba noPhuhlisolamaPhandle

Date:





Provincial Shared Services Centre: Gauteng; Suncardia Building, cnr Stanza Bopape & Steve Biko Street, Arcadia Private Bag X9 Hatfield, 0028, Tel: 012 337 3600

#### FORM: KEY-PERSONNEL/ SUPERVISORY AND MANAGEMENT STAFF

The Tenderer shall, submit the names of all management and supervisory staff that will be employed to supervise Contract. Please attach CV's, proof of registration with relevant bodies and copies of qualification of the proposed key personnel. The Tenderer shall also include an organogram of the project team and the company structure.

### NB: Completion of FORM: Key-Personnel / Supervisory and Management Staff is mandatory, failure to which will lead to your bid being regarded as non-responsive

NO	NAME AND SURNAME	SPECIFIC DUTIES (E.G TEAM LEADER)
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10		
11.		
12.		
Signa	ture of person authorised to sign the tender:	
Date:		



Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development Departement van Landbou, Grondhervorming en Landelike Ontwikkeling: Muhasho wa zwa Vhulimi, Mbuedzedzo ya Mavu na Mveledziso ya Mahayani, 'uMnyango Wezolimo, Izinguquko Kwezomhlaba Nokuthuthukiswa Kwezindawo Zasemakhaya Ndzawulo ya Vurimi, Antswiso wa Misava na Nhluvukiso wa Matikoxikaya Litiko Letekulima, Tingucuko Kutemhlaba Nekutfutfukiswa Kwetindzawo Tasemaphandleni UmNyango wezokuLima, ukuBuyiselwa kweNarha nokuThuthukiswa kweeNdawo zemaKhaya Kgoro ya Temo, Peakanyoleswa ya Naga le Tihabollo ya Dinaga- magae Lefapha la Temothuo, Kabobotjiha ya Naha le Tihabollo ya Dibaka tsa Mahae Lefapha la Temothuo, Pusetsodinaga le Tihabollo ya Metsemagae Isebe lezoLimo, uBuvekezo (wemiHlaba noPhuhlisolamaPhandle

CASE NO: 026/06/2023

PRICING SCHEDULE FOR TERMS OF REFERENCE FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF A SERVICE PROVIDER TO DEVELOP A PRECINCT PLAN WITHIN A PERIOD OF SEVEN (7) MONTHS IN GAUTENG PROVINCE: SOKHULUMI PRECINCT PLAN IN THE CITY OF TSHWANE METROPOLITAN MUNICIPALITY

### PRICING SCHEDULE

(Professional Services)

NAME	OF BIDDER:CA		26/06/2023		BID N	O.:
CLOSING	DATE: 30 JUNE 2023 AT 11:00	AM				
OFFER TO	BE VALID FOR 90 DAYS AFT	TER THE CLOS	SING DATE FOR	THE SUBMISSI	ON OF PROP	OSALS
ITEM NO TAX	DESCRIPTION	ON			RSA CURREN OF <u>VALUE</u>	
1.	The accompanying information m	nust be used for	the formulation of	proposals.		
	<ol><li>Bidders are required to indicate rates based on the total cost to the department for completion of each stage and including Expenses for the project.</li></ol>					
	3. TOTAL BID PRICE (INCLUSI	VE OF VAT)	R			
PHASES: (	refer to the Terms of	PERCENTA GE	TIMEFRAMES	TOTAL COST		
Reference	Table 4: PROJECT PHASES					

PHASES: (refer to the Terms of Reference; Table 4: PROJECT PHASES AND DURATION)	PERCENTA GE	TIMEFRAMES	TOTAL COST
Phase 1: Inception report	5%	2 weeks	R
Phase 2: Situational Analysis and Stakeholder Consultations	20%	1 month 2 weeks	R
Phase 3: Spatial proposals and land use proposals	25%	2 months	R
Phase 4: Implementation Framework	20%	2 Months	R
Phase 5: Final PrecinctPlan	25%	1 month	

DSE	1	
Bid Initials		
Bid's Signature		
Date:		

		2	Bid No.:
27. 47.11			
Name of Bidder:	DOINTMENT OF A C	SERVICE PROVIDED TO	DEVELOP A PRECINCT PLAN WITHIN A
	GAUTENG PROVING	CE: SOKHULUMI PREC	INCT PLAN IN THE CITY OF TSHWANE
METROPOLITAN MUNICIPALITY			
[SBD 3.3]			
			R
			T
Close-out and Retention		After Council	
	5%	Approval	R
		11	<b>N</b>
SUB -TOTAL (Excluding	9		
VAT)			R
VAT			
			R
TOTAL (In alredia a V/AT)			
TOTAL (Including VAT)			R
NB! The Department will not be	e responsible for	any travelling cost	
A Deried required for a	ammanaamant with	nroject ofter	
<ol> <li>Period required for of acceptance of bid</li> </ol>	commencement with	i project aiter	
<ol><li>Estimated man-days</li></ol>		=	
6. Are the rates quoted	firm for the full peri	iod of contract?	
·······	·······		
7 If not fine for the full	mariad measide dat	aila af tha haaia an whi	-h
7. If not firm for the full		alls of the basis on whi aple consumer price in	
•		•	30A.
			D' 1120.1
			Bid Initials
			Date:

#### Annexure A

### **GOVERNMENT PROCUREMENT**

### GENERAL CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT July 2010

#### **NOTES**

The purpose of this document is to:

- (i) Draw special attention to certain general conditions applicable to government bids, contracts and orders; and
- (ii) To ensure that clients be familiar with regard to the rights and obligations of all parties involved in doing business with government.

In this document words in the singular also mean in the plural and vice versa and words in the masculine also mean in the feminine and neuter.

- The General Conditions of Contract will form part of all bid documents and may not be amended.
- Special Conditions of Contract (SCC) relevant to a specific bid, should be compiled separately for every bid (if (applicable) and will supplement the General Conditions of Contract. Whenever there is a conflict, the provisions in the SCC shall prevail.

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#### **General Conditions of Contract**

#### 1. Definitions

- 1. The following terms shall be interpreted as indicated:
- 1.1 "Closing time" means the date and hour specified in the bidding documents for the receipt of bids.
- 1.2 "Contract" means the written agreement entered into between the purchaser and the supplier, as recorded in the contract form signed by the parties, including all attachments and appendices thereto and all documents incorporated by reference therein.
- 1.3 "Contract price" means the price payable to the supplier under the contract for the full and proper performance of his contractual obligations.
- 1.4 "Corrupt practice" means the offering, giving, receiving, or soliciting of any thing of value to influence the action of a public official in the procurement process or in contract execution.
- 1.5 "Countervailing duties" are imposed in cases where an enterprise abroad is subsidized by its government and encouraged to market its products internationally.
- 1.6 "Country of origin" means the place where the goods were mined, grown or produced or from which the services are supplied. Goods are produced when, through manufacturing, processing or substantial and major assembly of components, a commercially recognized new product results that is substantially different in basic characteristics or in purpose or utility from its components.
- 1.7 "Day" means calendar day.
- 1.8 "Delivery" means delivery in compliance of the conditions of the contract or order.
- 1.9 "Delivery ex stock" means immediate delivery directly from stock actually on hand.
- 1.10 "Delivery into consignees store or to his site" means delivered and unloaded in the specified store or depot or on the specified site in compliance with the conditions of the contract or order, the supplier bearing all risks and charges involved until the supplies are so delivered and a valid receipt is obtained.
- 1.11 "Dumping" occurs when a private enterprise abroad market its goods on own initiative in the RSA at lower prices than that of the country of origin and which have the potential to harm the local industries in the RSA.

- 1.12 "Force majeure" means an event beyond the control of the supplier and not involving the supplier's fault or negligence and not foreseeable. Such events may include, but is not restricted to, acts of the purchaser in its sovereign capacity, wars or revolutions, fires, floods, epidemics, quarantine restrictions and freight embargoes.
- 1.13 "Fraudulent practice" means a misrepresentation of facts in order to influence a procurement process or the execution of a contract to the detriment of any bidder, and includes collusive practice among bidders (prior to or after bid submission) designed to establish bid prices at artificial non-competitive levels and to deprive the bidder of the benefits of free and open competition.
- 1.14 "GCC" means the General Conditions of Contract.
- 1.15 "Goods" means all of the equipment, machinery, and/or other materials that the supplier is required to supply to the purchaser under the contract.
- 1.16 "Imported content" means that portion of the bidding price represented by the cost of components, parts or materials which have been or are still to be imported (whether by the supplier or his subcontractors) and which costs are inclusive of the costs abroad, plus freight and other direct importation costs such as landing costs, dock dues, import duty, sales duty or other similar tax or duty at the South African place of entry as well as transportation and handling charges to the factory in the Republic where the supplies covered by the bid will be manufactured.
- 1.17 "Local content" means that portion of the bidding price which is not included in the imported content provided that local manufacture does take place.
- 1.18 "Manufacture" means the production of products in a factory using labour, materials, components and machinery and includes other related value-adding activities.
- 1.19 "Order" means an official written order issued for the supply of goods or works or the rendering of a service.
- 1.20 "Project site," where applicable, means the place indicated in bidding documents.
- 1.21 "Purchaser" means the organization purchasing the goods.
- 1.22 "Republic" means the Republic of South Africa.
- 1.23 "SCC" means the Special Conditions of Contract.
- 1.24 "Services" means those functional services ancillary to the supply of the goods, such as transportation and any other incidental services, such as installation, commissioning, provision of technical assistance, training, catering, gardening, security, maintenance and other such obligations of the supplier covered under the contract.

1.25 "Written" or "in writing" means handwritten in ink or any form of electronic or mechanical writing.

#### 2. Application

- 2.1 These general conditions are applicable to all bids, contracts and orders including bids for functional and professional services, sales, hiring, letting and the granting or acquiring of rights, but excluding immovable property, unless otherwise indicated in the bidding documents.
- 2.2 Where applicable, special conditions of contract are also laid down to cover specific supplies, services or works.
- 2.3 Where such special conditions of contract are in conflict with these general conditions, the special conditions shall apply.

#### 3. General

- 3.1 Unless otherwise indicated in the bidding documents, the purchaser shall not be liable for any expense incurred in the preparation and submission of a bid. Where applicable a non-refundable fee for documents may be charged.
- 3.2 With certain exceptions, invitations to bid are only published in the Government Tender Bulletin. The Government Tender Bulletin may be obtained directly from the Government Printer, Private Bag X85, Pretoria 0001, or accessed electronically from www.treasury.gov.za

#### 4. Standards

4.1 The goods supplied shall conform to the standards mentioned in the bidding documents and specifications.

# 5. Use of contract documents and information; inspection.

- 5.1 The supplier shall not, without the purchaser's prior written consent, disclose the contract, or any provision thereof, or any specification, plan, drawing, pattern, sample, or information furnished by or on behalf of the purchaser in connection therewith, to any person other than a person employed by the supplier in the performance of the contract. Disclosure to any such employed person shall be made in confidence and shall extend only so far as may be necessary for purposes of such performance.
- 5.2 The supplier shall not, without the purchaser's prior written consent, make use of any document or information mentioned in GCC clause 5.1 except for purposes of performing the contract.
- 5.3 Any document, other than the contract itself mentioned in GCC clause 5.1 shall remain the property of the purchaser and shall be returned (all copies) to the purchaser on completion of the supplier's performance under the contract if so required by the purchaser.
- 5.4 The supplier shall permit the purchaser to inspect the supplier's records relating to the performance of the supplier and to have them audited by auditors appointed by the purchaser, if so required by the purchaser.

#### 6. Patent rights

6.1 The supplier shall indemnify the purchaser against all third-party claims of infringement of patent, trademark, or industrial design rights arising from use of the goods or any part thereof by the purchaser.

#### 7. Performance

7.1 Within thirty (30) days of receipt of the notification of contract award,

#### security

- the successful bidder shall furnish to the purchaser the performance security of the amount specified in SCC.
- 7.2 The proceeds of the performance security shall be payable to the purchaser as compensation for any loss resulting from the supplier's failure to complete his obligations under the contract.
- 7.3 The performance security shall be denominated in the currency of the contract, or in a freely convertible currency acceptable to the purchaser and shall be in one of the following forms:
  - (a) a bank guarantee or an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a reputable bank located in the purchaser's country or abroad, acceptable to the purchaser, in the form provided in the bidding documents or another form acceptable to the purchaser; or
  - (b) a cashier's or certified cheque
- 7.4 The performance security will be discharged by the purchaser and returned to the supplier not later than thirty (30) days following the date of completion of the supplier's performance obligations under the contract, including any warranty obligations, unless otherwise specified in SCC.

## 8. Inspections, tests and analyses

- 8.1 All pre-bidding testing will be for the account of the bidder.
- 8.2 If it is a bid condition that supplies to be produced or services to be rendered should at any stage during production or execution or on completion be subject to inspection, the premises of the bidder or contractor shall be open, at all reasonable hours, for inspection by a representative of the Department or an organization acting on behalf of the Department.
- 8.3 If there are no inspection requirements indicated in the bidding documents and no mention is made in the contract, but during the contract period it is decided that inspections shall be carried out, the purchaser shall itself make the necessary arrangements, including payment arrangements with the testing authority concerned.
- 8.4 If the inspections, tests and analyses referred to in clauses 8.2 and 8.3 show the supplies to be in accordance with the contract requirements, the cost of the inspections, tests and analyses shall be defrayed by the purchaser.
- 8.5 Where the supplies or services referred to in clauses 8.2 and 8.3 do not comply with the contract requirements, irrespective of whether such supplies or services are accepted or not, the cost in connection with these inspections, tests or analyses shall be defrayed by the supplier.
- 8.6 Supplies and services which are referred to in clauses 8.2 and 8.3 and which do not comply with the contract requirements may be rejected.
- 8.7 Any contract supplies may on or after delivery be inspected, tested or analyzed and may be rejected if found not to comply with the requirements of the contract. Such rejected supplies shall be held at the

cost and risk of the supplier who shall, when called upon, remove them immediately at his own cost and forthwith substitute them with supplies which do comply with the requirements of the contract. Failing such removal the rejected supplies shall be returned at the suppliers cost and risk. Should the supplier fail to provide the substitute supplies forthwith, the purchaser may, without giving the supplier further opportunity to substitute the rejected supplies, purchase such supplies as may be necessary at the expense of the supplier.

8.8 The provisions of clauses 8.4 to 8.7 shall not prejudice the right of the purchaser to cancel the contract on account of a breach of the conditions thereof, or to act in terms of Clause 23 of GCC.

#### 9. Packing

- 9.1 The supplier shall provide such packing of the goods as is required to prevent their damage or deterioration during transit to their final destination, as indicated in the contract. The packing shall be sufficient to withstand, without limitation, rough handling during transit and exposure to extreme temperatures, salt and precipitation during transit, and open storage. Packing, case size and weights shall take into consideration, where appropriate, the remoteness of the goods' final destination and the absence of heavy handling facilities at all points in transit.
- 9.2 The packing, marking, and documentation within and outside the packages shall comply strictly with such special requirements as shall be expressly provided for in the contract, including additional requirements, if any, specified in SCC, and in any subsequent instructions ordered by the purchaser.

## 10. Delivery and documents

- 10.1 Delivery of the goods shall be made by the supplier in accordance with the terms specified in the contract. The details of shipping and/or other documents to be furnished by the supplier are specified in SCC.
- 10.2 Documents to be submitted by the supplier are specified in SCC.

#### 11. Insurance

11.1 The goods supplied under the contract shall be fully insured in a freely convertible currency against loss or damage incidental to manufacture or acquisition, transportation, storage and delivery in the manner specified in the SCC.

#### 12. Transportation

12.1 Should a price other than an all-inclusive delivered price be required, this shall be specified in the SCC.

## 13. Incidental services

- 13.1 The supplier may be required to provide any or all of the following services, including additional services, if any, specified in SCC:
  - (a) performance or supervision of on-site assembly and/or commissioning of the supplied goods;
  - (b) furnishing of tools required for assembly and/or maintenance of the supplied goods;
  - (c) furnishing of a detailed operations and maintenance manual for each appropriate unit of the supplied goods;
  - (d) performance or supervision or maintenance and/or repair of the supplied goods, for a period of time agreed by the parties,

- provided that this service shall not relieve the supplier of any warranty obligations under this contract; and
- (e) training of the purchaser's personnel, at the supplier's plant and/or on-site, in assembly, start-up, operation, maintenance, and/or repair of the supplied goods.
- 13.2 Prices charged by the supplier for incidental services, if not included in the contract price for the goods, shall be agreed upon in advance by the parties and shall not exceed the prevailing rates charged to other parties by the supplier for similar services.

#### 14. Spare parts

- 14.1 As specified in SCC, the supplier may be required to provide any or all of the following materials, notifications, and information pertaining to spare parts manufactured or distributed by the supplier:
  - (a) such spare parts as the purchaser may elect to purchase from the supplier, provided that this election shall not relieve the supplier of any warranty obligations under the contract; and
  - (b) in the event of termination of production of the spare parts:
    - (i) Advance notification to the purchaser of the pending termination, in sufficient time to permit the purchaser to procure needed requirements; and
    - (ii) following such termination, furnishing at no cost to the purchaser, the blueprints, drawings, and specifications of the spare parts, if requested.

#### 15. Warranty

- 15.1 The supplier warrants that the goods supplied under the contract are new, unused, of the most recent or current models, and that they incorporate all recent improvements in design and materials unless provided otherwise in the contract. The supplier further warrants that all goods supplied under this contract shall have no defect, arising from design, materials, or workmanship (except when the design and/or material is required by the purchaser's specifications) or from any act or omission of the supplier, that may develop under normal use of the supplied goods in the conditions prevailing in the country of final destination.
- 15.2 This warranty shall remain valid for twelve (12) months after the goods, or any portion thereof as the case may be, have been delivered to and accepted at the final destination indicated in the contract, or for eighteen (18) months after the date of shipment from the port or place of loading in the source country, whichever period concludes earlier, unless specified otherwise in SCC.
- 15.3 The purchaser shall promptly notify the supplier in writing of any claims arising under this warranty.
- 15.4 Upon receipt of such notice, the supplier shall, within the period specified in SCC and with all reasonable speed, repair or replace the defective goods or parts thereof, without costs to the purchaser.
- 15.5 If the supplier, having been notified, fails to remedy the defect(s) within the period specified in SCC, the purchaser may proceed to take such remedial action as may be necessary, at the supplier's risk and expense and without prejudice to any other rights which the purchaser

may have against the supplier under the contract.

#### 16. Payment

- 16.1 The method and conditions of payment to be made to the supplier under this contract shall be specified in SCC.
- 16.2 The supplier shall furnish the purchaser with an invoice accompanied by a copy of the delivery note and upon fulfillment of other obligations stipulated in the contract.
- 16.3 Payments shall be made promptly by the purchaser, but in no case later than thirty (30) days after submission of an invoice or claim by the supplier.
- 16.4 Payment will be made in Rand unless otherwise stipulated in SCC.

#### 17. Prices

17.1 Prices charged by the supplier for goods delivered and services performed under the contract shall not vary from the prices quoted by the supplier in his bid, with the exception of any price adjustments authorized in SCC or in the purchaser's request for bid validity extension, as the case may be.

## 18. Contract amendments

18.1 No variation in or modification of the terms of the contract shall be made except by written amendment signed by the parties concerned.

#### 19. Assignment

19.1 The supplier shall not assign, in whole or in part, its obligations to perform under the contract, except with the purchaser's prior written consent.

#### 20. Subcontracts

20.1 The supplier shall notify the purchaser in writing of all subcontracts awarded under this contracts if not already specified in the bid. Such notification, in the original bid or later, shall not relieve the supplier from any liability or obligation under the contract.

## 21. Delays in the supplier's performance

- 21.1 Delivery of the goods and performance of services shall be made by the supplier in accordance with the time schedule prescribed by the purchaser in the contract.
- 21.2 If at any time during performance of the contract, the supplier or its subcontractor(s) should encounter conditions impeding timely delivery of the goods and performance of services, the supplier shall promptly notify the purchaser in writing of the fact of the delay, its likely duration and its cause(s). As soon as practicable after receipt of the supplier's notice, the purchaser shall evaluate the situation and may at his discretion extend the supplier's time for performance, with or without the imposition of penalties, in which case the extension shall be ratified by the parties by amendment of contract.
- 21.3 No provision in a contract shall be deemed to prohibit the obtaining of supplies or services from a national department, provincial department, or a local authority.
- 21.4 The right is reserved to procure outside of the contract small quantities or to have minor essential services executed if an emergency arises, the supplier's point of supply is not situated at or near the place where the supplies are required, or the supplier's services are not readily

available.

- 21.5 Except as provided under GCC Clause 25, a delay by the supplier in the performance of its delivery obligations shall render the supplier liable to the imposition of penalties, pursuant to GCC Clause 22, unless an extension of time is agreed upon pursuant to GCC Clause 21.2 without the application of penalties.
- 21.6 Upon any delay beyond the delivery period in the case of a supplies contract, the purchaser shall, without canceling the contract, be entitled to purchase supplies of a similar quality and up to the same quantity in substitution of the goods not supplied in conformity with the contract and to return any goods delivered later at the supplier's expense and risk, or to cancel the contract and buy such goods as may be required to complete the contract and without prejudice to his other rights, be entitled to claim damages from the supplier.

#### 22. Penalties

22.1 Subject to GCC Clause 25, if the supplier fails to deliver any or all of the goods or to perform the services within the period(s) specified in the contract, the purchaser shall, without prejudice to its other remedies under the contract, deduct from the contract price, as a penalty, a sum calculated on the delivered price of the delayed goods or unperformed services using the current prime interest rate calculated for each day of the delay until actual delivery or performance. The purchaser may also consider termination of the contract pursuant to GCC Clause 23.

## 23. Termination for default

- 23.1 The purchaser, without prejudice to any other remedy for breach of contract, by written notice of default sent to the supplier, may terminate this contract in whole or in part:
  - (a) if the supplier fails to deliver any or all of the goods within the period(s) specified in the contract, or within any extension thereof granted by the purchaser pursuant to GCC Clause 21.2;
  - (b) if the Supplier fails to perform any other obligation(s) under the contract; or
  - (c) if the supplier, in the judgment of the purchaser, has engaged in corrupt or fraudulent practices in competing for or in executing the contract.
- 23.2 In the event the purchaser terminates the contract in whole or in part, the purchaser may procure, upon such terms and in such manner as it deems appropriate, goods, works or services similar to those undelivered, and the supplier shall be liable to the purchaser for any excess costs for such similar goods, works or services. However, the supplier shall continue performance of the contract to the extent not terminated.
- 23.3 Where the purchaser terminates the contract in whole or in part, the purchaser may decide to impose a restriction penalty on the supplier by prohibiting such supplier from doing business with the public sector for a period not exceeding 10 years.
- 23.4 If a purchaser intends imposing a restriction on a supplier or any person associated with the supplier, the supplier will be allowed a time period of not more than fourteen (14) days to provide reasons why the

envisaged restriction should not be imposed. Should the supplier fail to respond within the stipulated fourteen (14) days the purchaser may regard the intended penalty as not objected against and may impose it on the supplier.

- 23.5 Any restriction imposed on any person by the Accounting Officer / Authority will, at the discretion of the Accounting Officer / Authority, also be applicable to any other enterprise or any partner, manager, director or other person who wholly or partly exercises or exercised or may exercise control over the enterprise of the first-mentioned person, and with which enterprise or person the first-mentioned person, is or was in the opinion of the Accounting Officer / Authority actively associated.
- 23.6 If a restriction is imposed, the purchaser must, within five (5) working days of such imposition, furnish the National Treasury, with the following information:
  - (i) the name and address of the supplier and / or person restricted by the purchaser;
  - (ii) the date of commencement of the restriction
  - (iii) the period of restriction; and
  - (iv) the reasons for the restriction.

These details will be loaded in the National Treasury's central database of suppliers or persons prohibited from doing business with the public sector.

- 23.7 If a court of law convicts a person of an offence as contemplated in sections 12 or 13 of the Prevention and Combating of Corrupt Activities Act, No. 12 of 2004, the court may also rule that such person's name be endorsed on the Register for Tender Defaulters. When a person's name has been endorsed on the Register, the person will be prohibited from doing business with the public sector for a period not less than five years and not more than 10 years. The National Treasury is empowered to determine the period of restriction and each case will be dealt with on its own merits. According to section 32 of the Act the Register must be open to the public. The Register can be perused on the National Treasury website.
- 24. Anti-dumping and countervailing duties and rights
- 24.1 When, after the date of bid, provisional payments are required, or antidumping or countervailing duties are imposed, or the amount of a
  provisional payment or anti-dumping or countervailing right is
  increased in respect of any dumped or subsidized import, the State is
  not liable for any amount so required or imposed, or for the amount of
  any such increase. When, after the said date, such a provisional
  payment is no longer required or any such anti-dumping or
  countervailing right is abolished, or where the amount of such
  provisional payment or any such right is reduced, any such favourable
  difference shall on demand be paid forthwith by the contractor to the
  State or the State may deduct such amounts from moneys (if any)
  which may otherwise be due to the contractor in regard to supplies or
  services which he delivered or rendered, or is to deliver or render in
  terms of the contract or any other contract or any other amount which
  may be due to him

## 25. Force Majeure

- 25.1 Notwithstanding the provisions of GCC Clauses 22 and 23, the supplier shall not be liable for forfeiture of its performance security, damages, or termination for default if and to the extent that his delay in performance or other failure to perform his obligations under the contract is the result of an event of force majeure.
- 25.2 If a force majeure situation arises, the supplier shall promptly notify the purchaser in writing of such condition and the cause thereof. Unless otherwise directed by the purchaser in writing, the supplier shall continue to perform its obligations under the contract as far as is reasonably practical, and shall seek all reasonable alternative means for performance not prevented by the force majeure event.

## 26. Termination for insolvency

26.1 The purchaser may at any time terminate the contract by giving written notice to the supplier if the supplier becomes bankrupt or otherwise insolvent. In this event, termination will be without compensation to the supplier, provided that such termination will not prejudice or affect any right of action or remedy which has accrued or will accrue thereafter to the purchaser.

## 27. Settlement of Disputes

- 27.1 If any dispute or difference of any kind whatsoever arises between the purchaser and the supplier in connection with or arising out of the contract, the parties shall make every effort to resolve amicably such dispute or difference by mutual consultation.
- 27.2 If, after thirty (30) days, the parties have failed to resolve their dispute or difference by such mutual consultation, then either the purchaser or the supplier may give notice to the other party of his intention to commence with mediation. No mediation in respect of this matter may be commenced unless such notice is given to the other party.
- 27.3 Should it not be possible to settle a dispute by means of mediation, it may be settled in a South African court of law.
- 27.4 Mediation proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the rules of procedure specified in the SCC.
- 27.5 Notwithstanding any reference to mediation and/or court proceedings herein,
  - (a) the parties shall continue to perform their respective obligations under the contract unless they otherwise agree; and
  - (b) the purchaser shall pay the supplier any monies due the supplier.

## 28. Limitation of liability

- 28.1 Except in cases of criminal negligence or willful misconduct, and in the case of infringement pursuant to Clause 6;
  - (a) the supplier shall not be liable to the purchaser, whether in contract, tort, or otherwise, for any indirect or consequential loss or damage, loss of use, loss of production, or loss of profits or interest costs, provided that this exclusion shall not apply to any obligation of the supplier to pay penalties and/or damages to the purchaser; and

(b) the aggregate liability of the supplier to the purchaser, whether under the contract, in tort or otherwise, shall not exceed the total contract price, provided that this limitation shall not apply to the cost of repairing or replacing defective equipment.

## 29. Governing language

29.1 The contract shall be written in English. All correspondence and other documents pertaining to the contract that is exchanged by the parties shall also be written in English.

## 30. Applicable law

30.1 The contract shall be interpreted in accordance with South African laws, unless otherwise specified in SCC.

#### 31. Notices

- 31.1 Every written acceptance of a bid shall be posted to the supplier concerned by registered or certified mail and any other notice to him shall be posted by ordinary mail to the address furnished in his bid or to the address notified later by him in writing and such posting shall be deemed to be proper service of such notice
- 31.2 The time mentioned in the contract documents for performing any act after such aforesaid notice has been given, shall be reckoned from the date of posting of such notice.

## 32. Taxes and duties

- 32.1 A foreign supplier shall be entirely responsible for all taxes, stamp duties, license fees, and other such levies imposed outside the purchaser's country.
- 32.2 A local supplier shall be entirely responsible for all taxes, duties, license fees, etc., incurred until delivery of the contracted goods to the purchaser.
- 32.3 No contract shall be concluded with any bidder whose tax matters are not in order. Prior to the award of a bid the Department must be in possession of a tax clearance certificate, submitted by the bidder. This certificate must be an original issued by the South African Revenue Services.

## 33. National 33.1 Industrial Participation (NIP) Programme

The NIP Programme administered by the Department of Trade and Industry shall be applicable to all contracts that are subject to the NIP obligation.

## **34.** Prohibition of Restrictive practices

- 34.1 In terms of section 4 (1) (b) (iii) of the Competition Act No. 89 of 1998, as amended, an agreement between, or concerted practice by, firms, or a decision by an association of firms, is prohibited if it is between parties in a horizontal relationship and if a bidder (s) is / are or a contractor(s) was / were involved in collusive bidding (or bid rigging).
- 34.2 If a bidder(s) or contractor(s), based on reasonable grounds or evidence obtained by the purchaser, has / have engaged in the restrictive practice referred to above, the purchaser may refer the matter to the Competition Commission for investigation and possible imposition of administrative penalties as contemplated in the Competition Act No. 89 of 1998.

34.3 If a bidder(s) or contractor(s), has / have been found guilty by the Competition Commission of the restrictive practice referred to above, the purchaser may, in addition and without prejudice to any other remedy provided for, invalidate the bid(s) for such item(s) offered, and / or terminate the contract in whole or part, and / or restrict the bidder(s) or contractor(s) from conducting business with the public sector for a period not exceeding ten (10) years and / or claim damages from the bidder(s) or contractor(s) concerned.

Js General Conditions of Contract (revised July 2010)